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SHERMAN'S ARMY.

ITS STEADY PROGRESS EASTWARD

Sherman Meeting with Little Resistance from the Rebels.

The Rebels Wonder where He is Going.

They Admit that he will Reach the Atlantic.

Making the Most of Favorable Rumors.

BALTIMORE, Sunday, Dec. 4.

The special correspondent of the *American* at Annapolis telegraphs this morning the arrival of the steamship *Baltic* in Annapolis Roads, from Savannah, with 520 officers. Fifty-seven died on the passage, and more than two-thirds, it is thought, will never recover.

The latest news from SHERMAN was that he was within forty miles of Savannah. All Georgia is in alarm. The Savannah papers, of the 30th ult., while admitting this, say that his progress has been stopped.

LATER.

BALTIMORE, Sunday, Dec. 4.

The *American's* Annapolis correspondent says:

"The Savannah *Republican*, of the 30th ult., states that Gen. SHERMAN'S forces were a few miles beyond Millen, his cavalry having approached that place, but returned without molesting it. SHERMAN was resting his forces preparatory to his advance to the seaboard.

The United States forces which left Hilton Head under Gen. FOSTER, landed at Bird's Neck, about twenty miles up Broad River, on the 29th, and a portion had marched toward the Savannah and Charleston Railroad, in the direction of the Great Swamp, but returned after a skirmish. It was supposed that an attack to burn the bridge would be made on the 30th, and heavy firing on that day was heard, and a heavy smoke was seen in that direction.

FROM REBEL PAPERS.

[Some of the following important matters of intelligence were in our edition of yesterday morning.]

CAPTURE OF MILLEN BY GEN. SHERMAN.

From the Richmond Enquirer, Dec. 1.

We believe it true that SHERMAN'S army has reached Millen, and separated into two columns, one moving toward Savannah River, and another turning back toward Augusta. *The latter column and movement is without doubt intended as a feint* to protect his rear from attack.

It is too late to menace Augusta, and SHERMAN'S main body is too far South.

He will do one of two things—either go straight to Beaufort and to Savannah to attack Charleston by land, or he will join GRANT in an attack against Richmond.

He has met with very little resistance in his march through Georgia.

SHERMAN MOVING EASTWARD.

From the Augusta Constitutionalist, Nov. 26.

We have information that the enemy's cavalry, 600 to 1,000 strong, is moving on Sparta. They encamped at or near Devereu's last Thursday night, the 24th, about seven miles southwest of Sparta.

Another column is moving from Milledgeville with artillery. *It crossed the Oconee and is pursuing the road leading through Washington County, by the way of Sandersville. This is a direct line to Savannah from Milledgeville.*

A column, supposed to be SLOCUM'S numbering from two to three thousand infantry, is reported to be moving in conjunction with the cavalry above mentioned, on Sparta. At Sparta are two roads, one leading to Augusta via Mayfield, another to Sandersville. Should this audacious raiding party come this way, we are prepared to bestow a proper and becoming chastisement. It is probable, however, that, after ravaging the country about Sparta, it will combine with the column moving on the road to Savannah.

Everything tends to the belief that Augusta is to be given the go by. Nervous ladies and citizens with plethoric purses or stocks in trade may congratulate themselves that the track of this living simoon has passed them afar. But should SHERMAN give us the slip utterly and make fast lodgment at Brunswick, the scourge may be only suspended. A grand rally should be made to decimate him—to teach him a lesson that Yankeedom shall remember everlastingly. A successful enterprise of this character will invite many more; a crushing defeat will paralyze such invasions forever.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From the Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel, Nov. 25.

A gentleman connected with a scouting party up the road writes us from Greensboro', under date of November 23, as follows: There is no enemy north of the line of the Georgia Railroad, nor any on this side or east of the Oconee River. The people of Hancock County and lower down will do well to watch the crossing, and report any movement of the enemy, if made.

THE CAVALRY FIGHT IN GEORGIA.

From the Dispatch.

The cavalry fight, in which we were victorious, took place in East Georgia on Tuesday. The Yankee cavalry, under KILPATRICK, were attempting to cross the Savannah River, when they were attacked by WHEELER, and, after an obstinate fight, driven back in the direction of Millen, losing very heavily. KILPATRICK, himself, was at one time so closely pressed as to lose his hat, which was recovered by one of our troopers. This trophy should be laid up in lavender with POPE'S coat, WASHBURNE'S pantaloons and DAHLGREN'S wooden leg. SHERMAN'S main army is moving toward the coast, and a battle is expected.

From the Examiner.

The War Department has allowed the fact to leak out that a cavalry fight has taken place somewhere in Georgia, probably in the vicinity of Millen, resulting in the defeat of the enemy and the capture of Gen. KILPATRICK'S hat. This is all the information vouchsafed in "official circles," but outsiders, who seem to have access to State secrets, intimate to their less fortunate acquaintances, that the fight referred to was something more than a slight skirmish, though scarcely to be rated as a battle. They state further that our loss was about seventy killed, wounded and missing; whilst that of the enemy is reported to have been much greater. We have stated everything that has been developed relative to this affair, and hope that the enemy will neither derive information nor comfort from the narration. We will add, however, that the news of the New-York *Herald*, published yesterday, to the effect that SHERMAN'S advance had reached Millen, is certainly untrue. None of the enemy's cavalry had reached Millen yesterday evening. Perhaps the fight above alluded to, and the loss of Gen. KILPATRICK'S hat, had something to do with the delay.

We have already intimated our belief that GRANT had sent forces to Port Royal, with the intention to march up into the country and relieve SHERMAN from his embarrassments. We are now nearly certain that this advance has been attempted, and that it has resulted in complete failure. Details will first be heard from the enemy's journals. In the meantime, there is still much reason for us to hope that the last word has not been said in Georgia on the question whether SHERMAN shall reach the coast or not. We are satisfied that it will be difficult, if not impossible, for him to reach Beaufort or Savannah, and suppose now that he will aim at some point more to the southward.

THE ENEMY BADLY WHIPPED AT GRAHAMSVILLE, S. C.

From the Whig.

A dispatch was received last night, which stated that our forces had engaged and routed the Yankees at Grahamsville, S. C., driving them five miles. The Yankees left their dead on the field. Grahamsville is on the road from Savannah to Charleston, about thirty miles northeast from Savannah. The party beaten are evidently troops sent up from Port Royal.

SHERMAN'S PROGRESS.

From the Whig, Dec. 2.

We think it probable that SHERMAN will reach the Atlantic in comparative safety. His next move, in our opinion, will be by sea to Richmond. We do not believe that he can succeed in taking either Augusta or Savannah. Indeed, should he succeed in capturing the first-named place, it will do him no good, since he will find there nothing he was seeking. At the last-named he will have to fight, and that he is very well aware of, and does not wish to do before securing a base upon the sea. Charleston, for the present at least, we take to be entirely out of the question. Should he determine to secure himself on the sea, and thence issue during the Winter to ravage the country or to carry on a regular Winter campaign, he must be kept in, as we suppose he can. In the meantime, he abandons an immense tract of country in the interior, over which it is impossible that his army, situated on the ocean, and closely watched, can exercise any influence for good or evil. We do not see that SHERMAN'S last exploits will have any effect upon the issue of the war; but, after having been told, by the highest authority in the Confederacy, that his retreat from Atlanta was to be more disastrous than the retreat of NAPOLEON from Moscow, it is a little vexatious to find him getting off so cheaply, burning and murdering as he goes.

From the Sentinel.

Our exchanges up to Saturday last, the latest date received at the time of writing this, are exceedingly communicative of movements of our own troops and Generals, but know comparatively little of the movements of SHERMAN. The situation of his main force is alleged to be positively a mystery. The movements that they chronicle seem to be but feints or feelers, and with small bodies. The suspicion they express is that these exhibitions upon his flank are intended by SHERMAN to mask his main army, and to conceal the march which they suppose it to be making upon Savannah or Brunswick. The latter town is on a fine harbor, upon the Atlantic coast, about twenty miles south of the mouth of the Altamaha. The forces which have come to the north of the Oconee are alleged to be very few in number, and to be limited in their operations to reconnoitering purposes. Meanwhile, SHERMAN is supposed to be moving down behind the Oconee, which he need not cross at all if Brunswick be his goal. His course in that case would be to cross the Ocmulgee near its mouth, and move down behind or south of the Altamaha.

From the Augusta Chronicle.

A gentleman connected with a scouting party up the Augusta and Atlanta rivers writes from Greensboro, under date of Nov. 28, as follows:

"There is no enemy north of the line of the Georgia Railroad, nor any on this side or east of the Oconee River. A party of Yankees passed through Green County on Sunday. This is the greatest number that has ever been seen on this side of the Oconee. The rumor that the enrolling officer in Green County was killed, is not correct. About a thousand Yankee cavalry have been encamped for the past few days at Reid's Mill, between Eatonton and Waller's ferry. Negro scouts report that they speak of moving to another section. Much property has been destroyed in Jasper and Putnam, such as mills, ginhouses, and some corn cribs and dwelling houses. It was thought in Sparta on Wednesday, that the enemy's cavalry and infantry were moving down the Oconee towards the coast. It is the current opinion up the road that SHERMAN'S army is moving down between the Oconee and Ocmulgee Rivers."

From the Augusta Sentinel.

The enemy's destruction at Milledgeville is said to embrace the state-house, Executive mansion, penitentiary and depot and other buildings. The report that the asylum was destroyed is contradicted. The rumor in town that SHERMAN captured a lot of ammunition at Milledgeville, is incorrect. All ordnance stores were removed. Three car-loads of powder passed through this city on Friday, on the way to Columbia, S. C. It is rumored that our cavalry are busy in destroying barns, cribs, and anything that may be of use to SHERMAN in front of his main army on the Ocmulgee River.

SHERMAN EVERYWHERE.

From the Augusta Constitutionalist, Nov. 26.

Gen. SHERMAN was advancing from Atlanta—he was at Jonesboro—he was at Griffin—he was at Macon—he was on the Georgia Railroad—he was everywhere—he was nowhere in particular. He had 30,000—he had 50,000—he had 100,000—in fact, he had the universal Yankee nation at his heels. He had burned Atlanta, Marietta, Rome, Cassville—he had swallowed up Macon for lunch, and was preparing to make a full meal of Charleston and Savannah. Milledgeville, Madison, Greensboro and Augusta were small mouthfuls, the titbits of war, to be taken up, *en passant*, on the point of a bayonet and gulped down without the process of chewing.

The scene has materially changed, and the question now is more frequently asked: "Where is this fellow SHERMAN, any how?" A few days more and the reply will be repeated in a different and louder and more significant tone. Our city is being filled with those who will not be satisfied to ask the question; but to answer it themselves, and answer it in the immediate neighborhood of the great Yankee colossus.

The whereabouts of this village burner and common pillager will be sought. The safety of this city is now assured. Troops are still coming in, and the Georgia Militia will, with the veteran troops already here, present a tangible body to oppose the further progress of the Yankee leader, who but a few days since, by his colossal height, overshadowed the South. We snap our fingers in the face of the great raider. He will make no powder in Augusta.

From the Augusta Chronicle, Nov. 25.

No definite estimate can be formed of the plans or future movements of the enemy, or of their numbers. Those who passed through here were said to consist of SLOCUM'S corps, under command of Gen. WILLIAMS, and were estimated at 8,000 to 10,000. They were chiefly infantry, with three batteries of artillery. They had quite a large wagon train with pontoon bridges. They boasted that they were now wiping us out effectually; that they would destroy Macon, Augusta and Savannah, and then go into South Carolina, and end the war at Charleston. They evidently went through Milledgeville, and their other column has, doubtless, by this time reached Macon. From all that I can learn, they left Atlanta with four corps, of about 25,000 men, nearly half of whom are new drafted men, who have no stomach for war. They are being captured in the vicinity continually. Several have come in to-day, who have been lying in the woods until their rear guard left, in order to desert.

By the time they reach the barren pine belt below Milledgeville they will find Georgia a hard road to travel, and if we can confront them with a small force, and harrass their flanks vigorously, they will meet few ships to greet them when they reach the coast. It is a desperate game, and in this fertile belt they can play it successfully, but the swamps will be fatal to them. *They have unquestionably caused much suffering, and to-night families who had an abundance last week, have scarcely a day's subsistence. The greatest inconvenience is horses. There is plenty in the country yet, but there are no horses to haul it. Our citizens are in distress for wood for the same reason.*

OPERATIONS AROUND MACON.

From the Savannah News, Nov. 28.

For some days past we have had many rumors from the movements of SHERMAN, &c., most of which have been unfounded. We have obtained the following from sources which are entitled to the utmost reliance:

On Sunday, the 20th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M., the enemy made an attack on East Macon, at the same place where STONEMAN and his raiders made their attack. But it was principally an artillery battle, but small arms were also used. The enemy's shells fell in the yard of the workshops of the Central Railroad, but did no injury, and no one was hurt by it. The cannonading was quite active, and lasted some two hours. *During the time, the enemy captured one of our batteries*, but it was soon recaptured by our troops, and a number of prisoners taken.

About dark our forces succeeded in driving the enemy back, pursuing them about a mile and a half. They left their dead and wounded on the field. Their force we have not ascertained. They were dispersed and driven in the direction of Griswoldville. They appeared to be tired and frightened, and many of them left their ranks and wandered off beyond the range of our guns. *They tore up about three miles of the road beyond Walnut Creek bridge*, but it was soon repaired. While the engagement was going on the employes of the Central Railroad removed all the engines and cars from East Macon and run them into the city.

We regret to state that some of our troops behaved badly in East Macon, by plundering and committing other depredations after the enemy were driven off. We forbear to give details.

On Tuesday the enemy made their appearance at Griswoldville in some force, and before being attacked burnt all the buildings in the place except three. A fight took place, lasting some three hours, when the enemy were repulsed. Our wounded in this engagement arrived in Macon on Tuesday evening. We have not ascertained the extent of the loss in the engagement on either side.

Passengers who arrived this morning from Millen, (leaving there at 1 o'clock A. M.,) state that *a squad of the enemy's cavalry appeared at Sandersville on Friday morning last*, and that a brisk skirmish took place that afternoon between them and a portion of WHEELER'S cavalry, in which the enemy were repulsed, leaving their dead on the field, and fifteen prisoners in our hands. They carried off their wounded. Our loss was two killed and a few wounded. The prisoners have arrived in this city.

It is reported that the Oconee bridge is burned, but whether by our forces or that of the enemy is not stated. On Thursday night a body of the enemy's cavalry attempted to cross the Oconee some twelve or fourteen miles below the bridge, where they were attacked and driven into the river. They threw away their arms and ran into the swamps to escape.

There is much straggling among the Yankee troops. Those picked up by our cavalry report that the army is worn down and almost destitute of provisions.

GEN. HARDEE IN COMMAND AT SAVANNAH.

HEADQUARTERS SAVANNAH, Nov. 27, 1864.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. ——. The Provost-Marshal of Savannah will stop all soldiers and citizens arriving in or going from the city, and report them for duty to Capt. C. W. HOWARD.

By order of Lieut. Gen. HARDEE.
D. H. POOL, A. A. G.

Gen. BRAGG arrived in Augusta on the evening of Nov. 25.

FROM SHERIDAN'S ARMY.

Gen. Sheridan Gives the Citizens of Winchester an Audience—Something Historical.

From Our Own Correspondent.

MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, Tuesday, Nov. 29, 1864.

Gen. SHERIDAN, on one or two occasions, recently, has given "audience" to the citizens of Winchester and vicinity, to hear whatever complaints they might have to make relative to matters in any way pertaining to the military occupation of the place. While the General is a hard fighter, he at the same time has that attendant quality which distinguishes all brave men—generous and human impulses. These audiences have delighted the hearts of hundreds, though, perhaps, a few only of the applicants obtained what they desired. Still, when the heart is burthened it is some relief to be able to pour out one's feelings in presence of the highest in authority, who has the power, if he deems it expedient, to afford relief. A majority of the visitors, I believe, were friends or relatives of those recently arrested for disloyal conduct, and sent to Washington or elsewhere. It is not at all improbable that many mistakes were made; that some citizens were sent away who had a right, strictly speaking, to remain, and that others were overlooked, or permitted to remain, who should, (had they received their deserts,) been sent away. In the hurry of the moment, and particularly in war times, such mistakes are always liable to be made. But, of one thing I feel assured, a majority of these oversights were on the side of mercy.

Aside from the immediate satisfaction afforded the citizens of meeting the Commanding-General face to face, these interviews have gone a great ways toward mollifying the bitter, rampant, unrelentless Secessionists, who saw in the necessary destruction of property in this valley, an opportunity to exasperate the bold and make bold the timid or lukewarm in the cause of secession. A personal interview has removed much of the natural prejudice existing, for they find the General, not only a human being, but one largely gifted with the noble qualities. I know of persons, indeed, that could not bear to hear the name of the Commander of this department mentioned, before an interview, who have suddenly become reticent, and would pass very well for non-combatants now. In a word, Gen. SHERIDAN has been exercising a little "wise statesmanship," but upon no dubious basis.

This once beautiful Valley, "now desolated by the ruthless hand of war," was the scene of many interesting events in our early colonial history. The first settlements west of the Blue Ridge were commenced about 1750, by stray Germans who mostly came from the land of WILLIAM PENN; but a few wandered to the then far western wilderness, from the more ancient settlement called Germanna, in Spottsylvania County. The settlers were a hardy, industrious race, and their Teutonic origin has given a character to the people of the whole Valley to this day, entirely different from that of any other portion of the State. Indeed, as a class, they more nearly resemble the people of some portions of Pennsylvania in habits and customs; and there is an absence of that intensely Southern feeling found among the degenerate sons of the old English cavaliers, so creditable to the Southron's heart at the expense of his head. Hence we find that the secession heresy has not taken such deep root here as elsewhere. In this connection I may state that there are more intense Secessionists to be found among the slave-catchers in the borders of the Free States than here, for the reason that they were, before the war, making a handsome thing out of slave masters, by hunting down runaways—the proceeds of which business, a certain class of greedy farmers counted upon as an annual income as regularly as they did a crop of wheat.

Of all the towns in this Valley, I believe Winchester claims the most historic honors. Here are to be seen to-day the early foot-prints of GEORGE WASHINGTON and others, who either took a distinguished part in colonial or revolutionary times, or both. Portions (the bastions) of old Fort Loudon laid out by Col. GEORGE WASHINGTON, and constructed by his regiment, are still to be seen in the northerly edge of the town. This fort was constructed in 1756, to protect the inhabitants against the French and their Indian allies, particularly the Shawnees. The well dug by WASHINGTON'S regiment is in daily use now by Union soldiers. It is cut through solid rock to the depth of 103 feet, and has in it to-day about sixty feet of water. Winchester was the extreme frontier depot for the troops operating against the French and Indians on the Alleghany and Ohio; here WASHINGTON'S regiment returned to recruit after the action of Great Meadow, July 4, 1754, and here again the troops were gathered after BRADDOCK'S defeat. Immediately after the reduction of Fort Duquesne, WASHINGTON was elected to represent this county (Frederick) in the House of Delegates. In the graveyards of the town are to be found, among others of more or less revolutionary renown, the remains of that "thunderbolt of war," Maj.-Gen. DANIEL MORGAN, Gen. DANIEL ROBERDEAU and Maj. PETER HELPHISTINE. The house in which MORGAN died is still standing. Lord FAIRFAX was also buried in this place. The stone over MORGAN'S grave has been much disfigured by curiosity hunters.

E. A. PAUL.

THE WAR IN TENNESSEE.

Heavy Skirmishing in Front of Nashville.

POSITION OF THE OPPOSING ARMIES.

A Reconnoitering Expedition --- No Rebels Across the River.

Surrender of a Blockhouse to the Rebels.

ANTICIPATIONS OF A GREAT BATTLE.

Rebel Views of Hood's Movement.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

NASHVILLE, Saturday, Dec. 3.

After two days of wet weather, the clouds disappeared this morning, and the day has been magnificent. I have been on our right all day. Our line of battle extends around the suburbs of the city, our right and left, respectively, resting on the Cumberland River. The enemy's line of battle is just two miles from the city. Quite heavy skirmishing in front of Gens. A. J. SMITH and WOOD has been going on all the afternoon by sharpshooters on both sides. On the right of our centre, near Widow ACKLIN'S place, the enemy's skirmishers became troublesome, taking refuge behind houses on Franklin, Granny White and Hillsboro pikes. Two houses were burned, several injured and ruined by our artillery.

We used considerable artillery this afternoon on our right and right centre, but elicited no reply from the rebel artillery. The supposition is that they are short of this kind of ammunition. Several of our men were killed to-day by their sharpshooters, including two members of the Sixth Ohio Battery.

The enemy's line can be seen quite plainly with the naked eye.

All railroading south of this city has ceased to exist. Murfreesboro, Bridgeport and Chattanooga are deemed safe. Events of some moment are anticipated to-morrow. It may be considered an impossibility for the rebels to cross the river either on our right or left, as Commodore FITCH is here with a fleet of gunboats.

Johnsonville has been evacuated. Everything was removed from all the railroads in safety. Thirty-three locomotives and trains were sent North this morning.

Nashville and the surrounding country for miles has been converted into a huge fortress. The destruction of rebel property in defence of the city will be almost incalculable. As almost all the rich property-owners hereabouts are rebel sympathizers, the rage manifested by this portion of the community at the approach of the rebel army, necessitating the destruction of their property, is unbounded.

Gen. FRANK CHEATHAM, commanding one of the rebel corps, has his headquarters at the house of Mr. EDMONSON, on the Murfreesboro pike, four miles from the city. He told EDMONSON that HOOD had orders to go to Nashville or to hell.

There is plenty of water in the river for boating purposes.

Vague rumors are afloat about FORREST crossing the river, and BRECKINRIDGE joining HOOD, all of which are untrue. The situation of our forces is considered perfectly satisfactory.

BENJ. C. TRUMAN.

FURTHER DETAILS.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sunday, Dec. 4.

No new developments have taken place to-day, except that our army still encircles the city on the southeast, its wings resting on the Cumberland River. The enemy's lines are clearly to be seen from high points in the suburbs and from the capitol. They are intrenching themselves in a southwestern direction, about three miles from the city. During the day heavy skirmishing occurred on our left, and progressed along the line to the centre. Many persons witnessed the cannonading. Along the right of our lines nothing of importance transpired to-day.

The general opinion is that HOOD will attack the Federal forces in front of Nashville.

A Federal cavalry force has patrolled the north bank of the river at the fords to prevent cavalry from crossing, as numerous unsuccessful attempts have been made by them to cross since the 1st inst.

Johnsonville has been evacuated, and the road has been uninterrupted, and part of the trains from there are advancing to this point by land.

It is rumored here to-day that FORREST has placed a pontoon bridge across the river above the city, and that MARMADUKE has occupied Johnsonville. Both are without foundation.

The first block-house on the Chattanooga road, four miles from the city, defended by negroes, commanded by Col. JOHNSON, of the colored infantry, who surrendered Dalton, Ga., and was paroled, held out until this afternoon, when they surrendered, Col. JOHNSON and a portion of his men escaping on a train. The remainder were captured. The train was fired into. Several jumped from the train into the river and escaped, Col. JOHNSON among them, who is in the city to-night.

A reconnoitering party sent Thursday returned to-day, having gone eighty miles up the river. They report that no rebels were seen or heard of crossing the river, and none appeared upon the banks.

A rebel deserter, who came in to-day, reports that Gen. S. D. LEE published an order to his men Friday morning, complimenting them on their bravery, devotion, &c., thanking them for the victory won at Franklin, and assuring them that if true to themselves now in front of Nashville, they would be soon enabled to enter and take possession of a vast amount of stores contained there.

Two prisoners were brought in to-day, Lieut. HICKMAN, Ninth Tennessee Cavalry, four miles from the city, and C. H. GARDY, of FORD'S Forty-eighth Georgia Infantry.

The water on the shoals is nine feet deep, and still rising.

REBEL VIEW OF HOOD'S CAMPAIGN.

From the Sentinel.

The news from Tennessee through United States papers, is of further retrograde without fight on the part of the Federal General. This means, of course, further advance of the army of Gen. HOOD. By previous reports, Gen. FORREST was upon a flank movement. The next day tells the result. THOMAS fell back from Columbia to Franklin, twenty-five miles in twenty-four hours, a rapidity of movement which is a complement to his celerity, and evidence of the fright which hurried him. It was appropriately celebrated in New-York by a rise in gold. Franklin, at or near which point we are to suppose that HOOD had arrived, is only nineteen miles by rail from Nashville. Another flanker by FORREST, will send THOMAS behind the fortifications of the latter city. What may be HOOD'S further movements, we can only conjecture, so can the enemy. It would be a small thing for FORREST to do, to swing around Nashville and cut its Northern connections. HOOD has probably but to place the city in his rear to frighten THOMAS out of it. It would seem very clear that HOOD has already accomplished enough to restore almost the whole of Tennessee to our side of the military lines. He has but to march upon East Tennessee to regain complete possession there without a blow. Lost by the treachery of the Commander at Cumberland Gap, it may soon be ours again. Isolated, cut off and unsupported, Chattanooga would then become utterly untenable by the enemy. This would restore to us our line of railway through Knoxville and Chattanooga to the Southwest. The campaign would indeed be glorious that should close with such an advantage to our cause; and yet it is a consummation which seems within our grasp. It may be that HOOD is striving for still more. It may be that Nashville is to be regained, and that the feet of his soldiers will press the soil of Kentucky here halt is called. We cherish large hopes from his enterprise, but trust that what is now in our grasp will not be too much imperilled in an effort at more. If it shall please Heaven to favor us with the success which it now seems reasonable to expect in Tennessee, it will be an overwhelming rebuke of the braggart SHERMAN, and hundredfold compensation for the pigs he may steal, and the corncribs he may burn, while running the gauntlet in Georgia. We wait with solicitude, and yet with cheering anticipations, for further tidings.

Gen. Stanley's Wound—The Chattanooga and Nashville Railroad.

LOUISVILLE, Saturday, Dec. 3.

Maj.-Gen. D. S. STANLEY left here by the mail-boat for his home at Yellow Springs, Ohio, this afternoon. His wound is rather painful but not dangerous, and Col. SCOTT, the Surgeon-General of Kentucky, expresses the opinion that he will be able to re-enter the service within fifteen or twenty days.

Yesterday the rolling stock of the Chattanooga and Nashville Railroad, consisting of large numbers of trains, was ordered to Louisville. The order was countermanded to-day.

The passenger train from Nashville has arrived three hours behind time.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

The Late Cavalry Expedition to Stoney Creek—Gallant Capture of Rebel Works—Great Destruction of Buildings and Supplies—Capture of 170 Prisoners—Retaliation on a Rebel Major.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Friday, Dec. 2.

From information obtained through scouts and deserters, it was ascertained that the rebels were constructing a branch railroad from Stony Creek station, on the Weldon Railroad, toward Dinwiddie Court-house, and that quite a large lot of supplies had been accumulated at that place. Orders were consequently given to Gen. GREGG'S division of cavalry to proceed in that direction and destroy all property found. The column started at 3:30 o'clock yesterday morning. On crossing the Rowanty Creek, our forces met the enemy's pickets, who at once retired. The command pushed on, passing Duwall's Mills, where the first brigade (Gen. DAVIES') were put in position to protect the flanks. The second brigade, Col. GREGG, commanding, advanced toward Stony Creek, where the enemy were found in strong position on the south side with three guns, sweeping open fields on this side. The Fourth, Thirtieth and Sixteenth Pennsylvania Regiments took the advance and did most of the fighting. The Fourth formed in line at the edge of the woods, and, with loud yells, charged across the opening till within fifty yards of the creek, when they dismounted and, crossing the bridge, rushed up the banks and into the works before the rebels could get their guns to bear on the bridge. The enemy had previously torn up the planks on the bridge, making the crossing more difficult and tedious. Those who remained in the fort at once surrendered, while about one hundred attempted to escape. These were met by a squadron of the Fourth under Capt. ERVERY, which had swam the stream at another point, and many of those trying to get away were killed or wounded.

Capt. ERVERY has received great praise for the manner in which he executed this part of the movement. He received a severe wound in the arm.

The Sixteenth, Major SWAN commanding, meanwhile made a similar chase, and captured another work, taking a number of prisoners. The Thirteenth were also busily engaged, and captured six wagons and twenty-two mules. Three guns were found in the works, two of which were thrown into the creek, and the other, being too heavy to handle, was spiked. Had the bridge been in good condition, they would all have been brought away.

All the buildings at the station were then fired and burned to the ground, besides the following supplies: 1,200 new Enfield rifles; a large quantity of ammunition; 5,000 sacks of grain; 500 bales of hay; a quantity of corn and oats; 400 bushels of sweet potatoes; 50 barrels of coal oil; a quantity of bacon; the camp and garrison equipage; and the railroad bride, about 150 feet long.

The command was then ordered to fall back, which it did in excellent order. The enemy had by this time made their appearance in pretty strong force, and indicated an intention of making a flank attack, but were driven off by a few shells from Battery B, Second United States Artillery.

On reaching Duvall's Mills, orders were given to fire them, and in a few minutes they were one mass of smoke and flame. Here the rebel cavalry (BUTLER'S brigade) again attempted another charge, but were received with a salute of the "seven-shooters" of our men, and a few well directed shots from a battery, and they fell back quickly, leaving a number on the field. They afterwards rallied and followed the column, but notwithstanding the repeated efforts to annoy, did not inflict any damage.

The division returned to camp about 8 o'clock in the evening, with the loss of only twenty-seven killed and wounded, all of whom were brought away. They captured 170 prisoners and five officers. Among them was Maj. FITZHUGH, who will be remembered in connection with the raid into Maryland last Summer, when he took one of our Captains prisoner, and after taking his boots off, made him walk some twenty miles barefoot. To bring to his mind his conduct at that time, he himself was compelled to walk from Stony Creek to camp without his boots.

Gen. DAVIS was struck by a spent ball during the action, but suffered no injury. The enemy had quite a stretch of road graded, ties cut, and the rails on the ground ready to lay down, but it is believed they will abandon the project, as they have learned that our cavalry can, at any time, strike it in a few hours. It is said that HAMPTON'S cavalry had nearly all been sent off to oppose SHERMAN, and that the stores found at the depot were for the supply of their horses, which are supposed to have been run off when our troops were found to be advancing. The entire affair was one of the most successful we have had during the campaign, and reflects great credit on all who were engaged. Capt. HAYS, who commanded the Fourth Pennsylvania, is highly spoken of for his gallantry on the occasion. He had one brother killed and another wounded in the action. Nearly [illegible] hundred contrabands came in with the column. They are of all ages and very poorly clad, but seem rejoiced to have reached our lines.

HEADQUARTERS, Saturday, Dec. 3.

The prisoners were sent to City Point yesterday to be forwarded to Washington.

McGREGOR.

REPORTS FROM REBEL SOURCES.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Dec. 4.

We are indebted to the Philadelphia *Inquirer* for the following extracts from Richmond papers of Friday last:

THE NORTH SIDE OF THE JAMES.

From the Dispatch.

The report that GRANT was crossing troops to the north side was repeated yesterday, but we believed it to have been without any foundation. We think it far more likely that any movement which he will take advantage of this fine spell of weather to make, will be on his left, and not on his right. There has been no more fighting on Gen. PICKETT'S lines. The shelling of Dutch Gap still continues. It was reported, some days ago, that from Howlett Battery, steamers could be seen on BUTLER'S canal.

From the Sentinel.

Below Richmond quiet still prevails this side of the James, though there is a repetition of the report of a movement of troops toward our left. Mr. GRANT will find our troops on the alert, and prepared to receive him. There was the usual shelling at Dutch Gap. On the 25th, a shell from one of our batteries, struck the steam-dredge squarely amidships, and sunk it instantly, in water ten or fifteen feet deep. The dredging-machine had just been repaired, and is the only one the enemy have in the river. It will delay the completion of the canal.

THE SOUTH SIDE.

From the Sentinel.

There was some skirmishing on the right on Wednesday, but it did not amount to much. GRANT has ordered all citizens within five miles of his rear lines to move away, under penalty of imprisonment and loss of property. This is a most cruel order—driving from their homes, at this inclement season of the year, women and children, and other non-combatants. The laws of humanity, of civilized nations and of God, are all set at defiance and daily violated by the military authorities of the United States. There was heavy artillery and musketry firing in front of Petersburgh, commencing at twelve o'clock at night on Wednesday, and continued to 1 P. M. yesterday. We could not learn the result.

A FLANK MOVEMENT INDICATED.

From the Examiner.

All is quiet as usual along the lines of Richmond, but with strong indications of an approaching struggle on the right of Petersburgh, the old scene of GRANT'S favorite evolution. He has issued an order driving all inhabitants living within five miles of his rear from their houses and homes. The amount of cruelty to helpless persons perpetrated by this and his brother miscreants, who degrade the name of General, and the sum of unhappiness which they have caused, will make the history of these days a page to sicken NERO. In the meantime, the Yankee newspapers are full of a wonderful wonder of wonders—a new gun, which they will get into position some time between the present date and Christmas, which will throw shell into Richmond, and infallibly burn us all up with a "highly inflammable compound," lately invented. The nearest point to which they can bring this gun is Darbytown, seven miles off. The Armstrong 12-pounder is said to have thrown a ball six miles, but the country was a level plain, and the gun on a hillock. The enemy may have found artillery that will throw as far, but Richmond is on hills, and the country slopes downward to their lines. The humane expectation of New-York will end in disappointment if the range of any gun is ever tried on Richmond, and even if they did throw shell into Richmond, "vot uv it."

From the Shenandoah Valley.

From the Dispatch.

The two armies are quiet, with the exception of the cavalry, who are constantly on the alert. Last Monday the Yankee cavalry made a forward movement, but fell in with a portion of our infantry, who saluted him with an effective volley, whereupon they did not wait for further battle, but fled precipitately.

Two young ladies of Winchester, Miss BREEDEN and Miss SHERRARD, were lately sent out of the Federal lines by SHERIDAN, and have arrived in Richmond. Dr. BOYD, Messrs. WILLIAMS, CONRAD, BELL and others, who were sent North a short time since, are in Fort McHenry. They are as well as could be hoped for under circumstances. Their place of confinement is an old stable loft, a most infernal hole, where the greatest exertions and caution are necessary to keep clear of disease, filth and vermin, and where they are daily annoyed with call of roll by a Jew sergeant, and the presentation of a detestable oath.

From the Sentinel.

There is nothing of importance from the valley. The railroad from Harper's Ferry is finished to within a few miles of Winchester, and SHERIDAN threatens to arrest all Confederate citizens on the line of the road and in the neighboring counties, and hold them prisoners during the war, and burn their property, if MOSBY attacks trains on the road.

From Mexico—Arrival of Capt. Semmes at Matamoras.

By the arrival of the brig *Emma Dean*, Capt. MOUNT, we have received information that Capt. SEMMES, formerly of the rebel steamer *Alabama*, arrived at Matamoras, on the 10th ult., in the British schooner *Adder* from Havana, and crossing over to Brownsville, passed through Texas on his way to Richmond.

The Kearsarge Fund.

CHARLES H. MARSHALL, Treasurer of the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, acknowledges receipt of the following contributions toward the "Kearsarge Fund," and will be glad if any of our merchants who have not been called upon, and who wish to give, will send their subscriptions to his office, No. 38 Burling-slip.

Atlantic Mut Ins. Co.	$4,000	A. T. Stewart & Co.	$250
Columbian Ins. Co.	2,000	Hunt, Tillinghast & Co	250
Great West'n Ins. Co.	2,000	H. B. Claflin & Co.	250
Sun Insurance Co.	2,000	Edward Rowe	50
Pacific Mutual Ins. Co.	750	Galway, Casado & Teller	50
Union Mutual Ins. Co.	500	E. Nye	100
New-York Mut. Ins. Co	500	N. A. Cowdrey	25
Orient Mut. Ins. Co.	250	E. H. Tracy	25
Washing'n Mar. Ins. Co	250	J. Dowley & J. Demorest	100
Metropolitan Ins. Co.	250	Spaulding, Hunt & Co	100
Mercantile Mut. Ins Co	500	Anthony & Hall	100
Phenix Ins. Co.	250	Lathrop, Ludington & Co.	100
N. L. & G. Griswold	250		
A. A. Low & Brothers	350	Pacific Mail S. S. Co	500
Grinnell, Minturn & Co	250	Sprague, Cooper & Colburn	100
Weston & Gray	250		
Howland & Aspinwall	250	Sullivan, Randolph & Budd	100
Bucklin, Crane & Co.	250		
Frothingham & Baylis	250	Albimia & Bailey	25
Wm. H. Fogg & Co.	250	C. Adolph. Lowe & Co	50
G. S. Stephenson & Co	250	Geo. C. Ward	100
Fabbri & Chauncey	250	Youngs & Co.	100
Wm. Whitlock, Jr.	250	Jas G. Bennett	100
W. W. De Forest & Co	250	Francis Skiddy	100
S. B. Chittenden & Co	250	R. W. Ropes & Co.	100
Phelps, Dodge & Co.	250	Archer & Bull	100
Sturges, Bennet & Co.	250	H. A. Smythe	100
J. G. King's Sons	250	E. S. Jaffray & Co.	100
Spofford, Tileston & Co	250	Sam. McLean & Co.	100
C. H. Marshall	250	J. J. Stuart & Co.	100
E. D. Morgan & Co.	250	J. A. McGaw	50
John Caswell & Co	250	N. M. Perry	50
David Dows & Co.	100	K. Couillard	25
Hecker & Brother	100	Shepard Gandy	100
W. D. Morgan	50	Josiah Macy & Sons	150
Geo. W. Blunt	100	Cary & Co.	100
The Panama R. R. Co.	250	W. H. Webb	200
R. L. Taylor	100	M. O. Roberts	100
Russell Sturges	100		

DESTRUCTION OF A TOW-BOAT BY FIRE.—About 8 o'clock last evening, a fire broke out on the tow-boat *George Farrell*, lying at the foot of Partition-street, South Brooklyn. The flames spread rapidly, and soon enveloped the vessel, which was totally destroyed. Loss, $25,000. The boat was owned by Messrs. CORNELL & HARVEY of New-York.

THE MAGAZINES.

—*The Atlantic Monthly* (Boston: TICKNOR & FIELDS) opens its December number with "The Highland Light," a graphic posthumous paper of THOREAU'S, on the Cape Cod region, bringing out its characteristics with the living fidelity that marked all his studies of nature; "English Authors in Florence," by Miss K. FIELD, is a curious example how "the whirligig of time brings about its revenges," the purport of the article being, mainly, a glorification of the Trollope family, not forgetting Mrs. Trollope herself, that "name of fear" to our fathers of thirty years ago; Mr. GILLMORE'S "Our Last Day in Dixie," is a vainglorious apology for his Quixotic escapade at Richmond; this writer seems out of place in the *Atlantic*. The most noticeable feature of the number is unquestionably "England and America," by Prof. GOLDWIN SMITH. It is a powerful and well-reasoned plea for mutual friendship, explaining the cause of the adverse manifestations of feeling that hide and obscure the real interest taken by the great heart of the nation in the success of freedom and right. Every one must admire Prof. SMITH'S eloquent earnestness. The form of the paper will be, we think, the only objection to its universal reception. It is written in the first person, and in a tone decidedly didactic. Now, for one man to lecture a great nation is a service of delicacy, that even the consciousness of a good cause is not always sufficient to insure success. "Ice and Esquimaux," by D. A. WASSON, commences cheerily an account of a last Summer's amateur excursion to Labrador. Longfellow's Sonnet, on Translating the Divina Commedia" must not be overlooked. The other articles are readable, and, as Miss HOSMER'S "Process of Sculpture" contain matter that should not be overlooked. The promise of the "Atlantic Monthly" for the New-Year is brilliant. A story to be continued for twelve months, by DONALD G. MITCHELL, (Ike Marvell) entitled "Dr. Johns."—some precious fragments from HAWTHORNE'S papers—and contributions from Mrs. S. C. HALL, by A. SALA, and the author of "Ten Acres Enough," being only a portion of the forthcoming novelties.

—*Harper's Monthly Magazine*, (New-York, HARPER & BROTHERS.) presents us with a fresh installment of CHARLES DICKENS' current work, "Our Mutual Friend." The interest of this story is still diffused over a great variety of scenes and persons, so that it is difficult to say what the author really intends to be the main plot or action of the book. A new character, "Fascination Fledgely," is introduced, and gives occasion for what artists might call some clever genre painting, and some of the older dramatis personæ develop their questionable plots and schemes; but on the whole there is a great want of reality about Mr. DICKENS' middle-class people; his strength lies in the exceptional and strongly marked personages mostly found in lower life, where the all-assimilating force of respectability does not extend. WILKIE COLLINS' new story, "Armadale," is also commenced in the present number. With the skill of a practical constructer of plots, he plunges at once into business—a murder and a mystery are thrown in, off-hand. The ground-work is for a long series of adventures and complications, extending through more than one generation. "Heroic Deeds of Heroic Men," No. 1—a Military Adventure—by JACOB ABBOT, is dedicated to Gen. BURNSIDE and his exploits at Roanoke Inlet, &c. "After Petroleum," is the best account we have met with of the new El Dorado, the land of promise that now counts as numerous and devoted a body of pilgrims as ever paid their vows at an Eastern shrine. ROSS BROWNE'S "Tour through Arizona," is in his customary lively vein. "Recreations of a Philosopher," undertakes, by help of his recent autobiography, to render intelligible to ordinary readers the principles of Mr. BABBAGE'S calculating machine. There is a smaller supply of fiction than usual in the present number of *Harper*, but its place is well filled with matter of more sterling interest.

—The *United States Service Magazine* (New-York, C. B. RICHARDSON,) for November and December, now before us, shows that this excellent periodical is rapidly fulfilling its promise, by supplying a professional literature, adapted to the tastes and wants of our vast military and naval establishments. The more technical articles are relieved by a due proportion of lighter reading, as in war itself the grave and the gay are blended in accordance with the immutable exigencies of human nature. "The Red River Campaign," a severe criticism of that disastrous affair; "Great Battles in History;" "Ancient Naval Warfare;" "Expeditions;" "The New-York State Militia;" "Early Lake Navigation," an example of the first class of papers having an abiding historical and critical interest; "Popular Extravagance, its Remedies and their Limitations," by C. A. BRISTED; "How we Get Supper" a campaign Reminiscence, and "Vivandiers," will show how agreeably more general tastes are catered for. The magazine has become an undoubted "military necessity," to make use of a much-abused phrase, and may be counted a complete success.

The *Continental Monthly*, (New-York, JOHN F. TROW,) continues Col. TOLLES' elaborate survey of "An Army, its Organization and Movements," for its first article; "The Ideal Man, for Universal Imitation, on the Sinless Perfection of Jesus: a Positive Reply to STRAUSS and RENAN," by Dr. PHILIP SCHAFF, is a thoughtful treatise, much above the ordinary average of magazine papers; "Shanghai, its streets, shops and people," by HENRY B. AUCHINCLOSS, introduces us to the heart of the Celestial Empire. ROBERT J. WALKER'S Letter in favor of the re-election of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, though late, is still seasonable in its suggestions. We notice among the poetry some pretty verses, "Genius," credited to "RICHARD BOWEN"—they were written by R. H. HORNE, author of "Orion," &c. The number is, on the whole, a good one.

—*The American Monthly, Knickerbocker*. New-York: J. HOLMES AGNEW. This veteran magazine is now, on the evidence of the title page, in its fifty-fourth volume. Its old age is a green one, and under the present management "Old Knick" appears to be renewing his youth. Some space is allotted to political discussion, the principles of the Editor being what is usually called a States rights Democrat. "Life and Times of the Megatherium," by Rev. JAMES ORTON, is an interesting scientific sketch. Two or three serial stories testify to the prevailing fondness for narrative of the exciting kind.

The *Eclectic Magazine of Foreign Literature* (New-York, W. H. BIDWELL,) comes to us richly freighted with the choicest spoils of the English periodicals. With the range of such a wide field at command of the Editor, it would be strange, indeed, if he failed to make up an agreeable and instructive miscellany. By a new arrangement of the matter in the recent numbers, additional space is gained for reviews and literary and scientific intelligence of a miscellaneous character, in addition to the long articles which comprise the staple of every number. The *Eclectic* has the good taste to credit every paper to its original source, so that the reader can at once tell the stand-point, political or literary, of the writer he is perusing, unlike some magazines, in which no indication is given whether an article is original or a reprint adopted from some foreign channel. A fine portrait of GEO. BANCROFT is given in the October number; that for November contains some of the choicest articles from the late English reviews, and is illustrated with a portrait of the Queen of Bavaria.

THE OFFICIAL VOTE IN MASSACHUSETTS FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.—The Committee of the Executive Council, to whom was referred the returns of the votes for Electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, report the number of votes to be as follows: At large, EDWARD EVERETT, of Boston, 126,742; WHITING GRISWOLD, of Greenfield, 126,626; ROBERT C. WINTHROP, of Boston, 48,745; ERASMUS D. BEACH, of Springfield, 48,586. It will be seen that the plurality of the Republican vote for Mr. EVERETT, who heads the ticket, over Mr. WINTHROP, who leads the Democratic ticket, is 78,000, lacking three votes. The vote for the District Electors is substantially the same, although in some instances several thousand votes were lost by a transposition of names of the candidates. For instance, ABRAHAM JACKSON, of Boston, the Democratic candidate in the Fourth District, received 13,017 votes as of the Third District; GEORGE L. DAVIS, the Republican candidate in the Sixth District, received 5,295 votes as of the Fifth District; JOHN G. WHITTIER, the Republican candidate in the Fifth District, received 5,295 votes as of the Sixth District; 11,485 votes were cast for ANDREW PIERCE as of the Fourth District, instead of ANDREW PIERCE, Jr., the Democratic candidate in the Third District; 8,043 votes were cast for WM. D. SWAN as of the Second District, instead of for JOHN WILSON, the regular Democratic candidate, Mr. SWAN having died before the election. These errors were caused by those intrusted with the preparations of the ballots.—*Boston Journal, Nov. 30.*

LATEST FROM MEXICO.

Condition of the Country—The Liberals Still Active and Troublesome to Maximilian—Imperial Attempts to Organize an Army—Discontent Among the Emperor's Adherents.

Correspondence of Le Messager.

VERA CRUZ, Saturday, Nov. 5, 1864.

If I were to speak as do the partisans of the Empire, I should say "peace reigns in the country," but I happen to be Liberal, and a partisan of the republican form of government. Besides I like truth for its own sake. I cannot, therefore, join in the chorus of the gentlemen of the *Estafette* and *L'Ere Nouvelle*, &c. Instead, then, of speaking to you of peace, of the biblical tranquility of the country, I am going to tell you about DIAZ, GARCIA, ALVAREZ, REGULES, *è tutti quanti*, those last defenders of political freedom, and of the Liberal principles of the land of Anahuac.

You may know that DIAZ holds Oajaca with a few thousand men. In July last a force of French and Mexicans was sent against him from Puebla, but, after some actions, the latter was obliged to go back again, owing to the bad state of the roads, which did allow artillery and trains to follow the troops. The various regiments then, that made up the force, went back to their quarters—some to Mexico and others to Puebla, while a body stayed at San Martins, one of the first depots to be met on their way to Oajaca.

Now a second force is being formed to set out from Mexico, if it has not done so already. The Imperialists think they are marching to an easy victory; but the liberals raise their heads, and say that DIAZ, the old friend and countryman Gen. SARAGOZA, the hero of the 5th of May, 1862, is not the man to let himself be frightened by imperial bayonets, and that he is preparing to make of Oajaca a second Puebla. It is certain that he has plenty of means of defence. He can hold out for a long time behind the defences of the town. It will only be well, then, to wait a while before giving the expeditionary force credit for an easy victory.

In the interior of the country the state of things is hardly changed. It has remained the same for the last six months. The roads are not more secure than they were, and the guerrillas are bolder. Even the Valley of Mexico is not safe from their raids, and I shall not be surprised if, some of these days, they venture up to the very doors of the palace of Chapultepec.

At this hour the States of Colima, Sonora, Sinaloa, Chihuahua, Tabasco and Chiapa are in the hands of the Republican party. In the State of Vera Cruz even the Liberal forces keep the field under the lead of ALEXANDRO GARCIA and PAVON, and other chiefs, who aid with all their power the guerrillas. The way to Mexico is three days out of four in the hands of the Republicans, and the mails are sent through very irregularly. Strong escorts are necessary to guard the convoys of goods sent to the coast. So we read the following in the *Sociedad* of Mexico:

GOODS CONVOY.—IMPORTANT NOTICE.—The Sub-Secretary informs me in an order dated yesterday, that the public ought to be apprised of the departure of a goods convoy for Vera Cruz, on the 24th inst., at 7 A. M. All the loaded wagons should be sent, on the evening before, to the San Lazars gate, fram which they will be escorted by adequate force.

By order of the Administrator General,

MANUEL IRIART.

MEXICO, Oct. 20, 1864.

After three years of war, then, the system of escorts flourishes as in the best days of SANTA ANNA and MIRAMON. It was hardly worth so many millions to come to this negative progress.

If from the State of Vera Cruz we pass to those in the West, we will see Guerrero occupied by ALVAREZ, Guanajuato by VICTORIA, and Espinola, Michoacan by REGULES, Jalisco by ARTEAGA—while CANALES, CARVAJAL, CERDA, MENDEZ, and other chiefs are scattered all over the country. Those are the elements of which the Republicans can yet dispose. I think them great enough to trouble the sleep of the Imperialists, and I would not be at all surprised if a life of ease, so sweet in sunny lands, would never be the lot of MAXIMILIAN, his Generals and his partisans.

In the mean time the Government is taken up with the organization of its new army, of diverse elements, more or less disagreeable to each other, it ought naturally to have the germ of disunion in it; but this does not seem to have been seen by His Majesty.

I ought to have begun by speaking of the return of MAXIMILIAN to Mexico, and of the panic that the unexpected appearance of the Liberals at Venango had caused His Majesty and his escort, but it is never too late to do good, and here is an account of this curious incident.

MAXIMILIAN was at Guanajuato with a strong escort of French troops, which had come with him from Mexico and Morelia. From that place MAXIMILIAN set out for Toluca. It was while on his way that he learnt that a force of Liberals had made an attack upon the post of Tenango, the town where he was to put up. The smell of burnt powder had likely nothing in it to attract His Majesty, for he at once turned about and returned to the capital.

Already the faithful subjects of the Hapsburgh believed—some say *hoped*—that the august prince had fallen into the hands of the Liberals. The return of MAXIMILIAN to the capital has dissipated all their—"fears."

The reports that had been spread in Mexico originated in a defeat that MARQUEZ had met with near Morelia, and his force was thought to be the escort of the Emperor. It was only a convoy of provisions for Morelia—a convoy which has been taken by the force under Gen. ROMERO. Most of the men of the escort were made prisoners by the patriots, and these have brought before a court-martial all the Mexicans taken with arms in their hands, who had deserted the cause. These men were sentenced to death, *and shot a little after, as traitors to their country!* After this defeat, MARQUEZ, also escaped, was relieved of his command in the State of Michoacean, and replaced by Gen. ZAVERA.

If we may give credit to certain liberal papers of the interior, the people of some districts are a prey to a fearful famine. The soil of Mexico, so famous for its fertility, seems to have been struck barren since the foreigner set foot upon it. On all sides, fires, devastation, pillage, have come to add their horrors to that of famine. At San Luis de Potosi and about, many deaths have taken place, and the cause was starvation. Again, at the time of the most bloody contests, between the factions of the Republic, such facts were never seen.

On closing, let me tell you a few words on the question of foreign relations with Mexico. On this matter the *Era* says:

"The Government has been informed of the coming of Mgr. NEGLIA, Nuncio from the Pope. The instructions of the Court of Rome are of the most ample kind, and they allow the serious questions as to the clergy to be definitely settled. It seems that the Holy Father has admitted the necessity of accepting the facts realized, and of not making demands that are incompatible with the new order of things. In consequence of this, his representative will establish the new concordat on a basis entirely conciliatory."

The clearest part of all this is that the Pope consents to grant the Emperor—that is, one of his own people—what he has always obstinately refused to the republic, that is to the people themselves. This is a new and edifying example of the good faith of the head of the church. The *non possumus* is laid aside to oblige MAXIMILIAN.

Public Economy.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Much has been spoken and written on the subject of *private* and *personal* retrenchment, exhorting individuals and families to abstinence from lavish expenditures on dress, furniture and table; and doubtless the warning has been timely, and the advice wisely given, resulting in a saving of millions to the wealth of the country. Agitation on this subject will continue to do good, therefore it is hoped your widely extended journal will reiterate the caution frequently.

But I desire to say a few words on the possibility and importance of greater public and official frugality. One of the planks in our Republican platform, it is true, calls for prudent economy in the public expenditures, but there is much reason to fear that the call is not always responded to by a hearty purpose and an intelligent carefulness to secure the public interest against needless cost and profligate waste. We need more than relief from official corruption; we want positive official integrity, and determined, rigid public economy.

I am not unmindful of the fact that the exigencies of the service may sometimes require purchases to be made in haste, which prevents due care and economy; but an upright purpose and a common-sense forethought on the part of the public functionaries, will do much to mitigate, if it cannot wholly avoid such necessities.

Now, I beg permission to make a few suggestions—the result of some observation, experience and reflection:

1. The same rigid economy which is urged, with good reason, upon individuals, should be illustrated in the practice of all departments of the public service. As needless extravagance in apparel and ornaments, in furniture and viands, is justly tabooed in the one case, so should unnecessary expensiveness of material and appurtenance of office and of service be avoided in the other. There was a time when our prosperity and affluence as a nation, justified a measure of indifference and even of extravagance in the public service for the credit of appearances; but it is not so now. These are solemn times. Not only is our national life in jeopardy, but our financial credit and safety are in imminent peril. As it is the part of common sense recognized by every prudent business man, that when he finds his expenditures exceeding his income he should at once stop all outgoes possible, and those which he cannot suspend, to curtail as far as may be: so in public affairs prudence demands, and it should be held to be the duty of every official in responsible station to see to it, that all articles, not absolutely essential to the service be dispensed with, and where really needful that the cheapest materials and appliances consistent with respectability and efficiency should be employed. I know that this has *not* been the case hitherto, nor will it be hereafter unless the heads of departments and of bureaus exercise a constant vigilance and are rigorously exacting on these points, but I am persuaded millions may be saved by a proper attention to this. A single illustration, for the sake of emphasis, will suffice. In the line of stationery, and especially in the items of writing-papers and envelopes—of which the government consumption is enormous—is there any need of every department being supplied with the *treble thick* and *super white and faultless* paper at $6 to $10 a ream, and envelopes at $10 to $20 per 1,000? When our first-class merchants supply their wants in small quantities at three to five dollars per ream and envelopes at similar price per 1,000, and when if they require official envelopes they obtain them at $5 to $8 per thousand!

Another practical suggestion is apropos to the subject of retrenchment. In advertising for proposals in any department, it is desirable that the want of the Government should in some way be brought to the notice of competing parties, and the more numerous these are, the better for Government interests. Newspaper advertisement is not sufficient, unless it embraces the several journals in every section of the country, and even then it would be better where practicable, as will frequently be the case, to send a notice also direct to manufacturers and dealers in the articles required.

It has been a matter of astonishment to me and others here in New-York, that we seldom have any knowledge of the wants of the Government in respect to many departments till we see it announced in the "correspondence from Washington" that the contract for supplying so-and-so to such a department has been awarded to ——, a party, perhaps, that gets its supply from second or third hands, and compels the Government to pay two or three profits!

In certain instances also the advertised want embraces so many lines and involves so large a contract, that only parties of great wealth and facilities can undertake the responsibility, in consequence of which the Government is often made to pay extortionate prices.

An instance of this is found in the advertisement of the Superintendent of the Department of Public Printing at Washington, in which single items were demanded in such large quantities as to amount to several hundred thousand dollars! This excludes the competition of parties of moderate means and facilities, comprising by far the larger number, and many of whom are perfectly reliable, and would gladly offer to contract for the supply of quantities within the measure of their facilities. Of course the Government suffers in such cases, and accepts the bids of a few capitalists or of a combination of shrewd contractors at extortionate prices, and the public treasury is depleted needlessly to enrich the few. I am convinced that the smaller the quantities included in a proposal the stronger will be the competition, and consequently the greater will be the advantage to the public treasury.

I hope, Messrs. Editors, you will commend this subject to the interested attention of Government officials, for there is much need of improvement in the management of our public affairs in these respects.

W. P. L.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 12, 1864.

Right of the Mayor to Suspend for Cause—The Opinion of the Corporation Counsel.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The recent written opinion of the Corporation Counsel as to the legal power of the Mayor to suspend the City Inspector upon charges preferred agains that official, has been widely published and criticised. The paper in question invites criticism from the official connections of the Corporation Counsel with the monetary transactions of the City Inspector's Department, which, when understood, must have the effect to present the author of that opinion in the light of an interested party, if nothing more. I do not propose to examine into the legal accuracy of that decision, but the Corporation Counsel at the time of writing it, must have been aware that a different conclusion from the one he arrived at might have been attended with some inconvenience, if not of embarrassment to him as the legal officer of the Corporation. I infer this from the following facts: I find on record that the official in question has accounted to the city for judgments against the city for debts incurred by the City Inspector to the amount of $577,908 51 since June last. These judgments are as follows.

1864, June 17	$202,984 35
1864, July 21	103,992 77
1864, August 9	63,672 94
1864, September 19	67,566 89
1864, September 29	66,837 56
1864, November 3	72,854 00
Total	$577,908 51

I also find that these judgments were entered up in a few days after the suits were commenced, and in one instance, on the same day. The necessity for this unprecedented haste is not explained; but it is very evident that the Corporation Counsel could not have had the necessary time to examine the correctness or propriety of these claims which were created by the City Inspector without any authority or semblance of law. The question is how far did this fact—the confession of these judgments against the city—influence the decision of the Corporation Counsel in determining that the Mayor had not the power to suspend for cause? I do not wish to be understood as making the charge, but the idea that such might be the case, has suggested itself, and I have ventured to put it upon paper. While pronouncing the act of the Mayor for suspension, as being illegal, it is something more than strange that the same official has not yet discovered that it was illegal for the City Inspector to make away with $577,908 51 in six months, when there is no legal appropriation for the expenditure of this money. Nor do I find any explanation for his official conduct in permitting these judgments against the city to go by default, when, as Counsel for the Corporation, he knew, or should have known, that the act was not only illegal, but in direct violation of all law.

The first five judgments were for claims for street, cleaning, removing garbage, &c. These claims, I repeat, were all unauthorized by law. By whose direction, then, did the Counsel consent to these several judgments? or does he claim the right to allow judgment to be entered up against the city by any person who may commence a suit, and for any amount that may answer his or their convenience. If the City Inspector had no legal right or authority to contract the debts sued for, surely the Counsel of the Corporation had no legal authority to authorize those judgments. This mystery requires explanation, and the public have a right to demand it. If the Counsel believes that the duties of his office are best administered by such a disposition, if not waste of the public moneys, wrung as they are from the people by severe taxation, permit me to say that, in my opinion, the people do not agree with him in this decision, at least.

In connection with this subject, I would state that the city is under no legal responsibility for payments for street-cleaning—even if appropriations were made for that purpose—for any sum above $279,000 a year, until after the expiration of the Hackley contract on the 28th of February next. For all over that amount, the securities of HACKLEY are responsible, and as this sum already exceeds a million of dollars since the suspension of the work by HACKLEY, why has not the Corporation Counsel entered proceedings against the securities for that amount? Such proceedings would not be "illegal," and by the payment of this money, the tax-payers would be relieved in the coming year from this additional tax, which must otherwise be imposed upon them.

AN OBSERVER.

A Plan to Capture Mosby.

TEMPORARY CAMP OF CAVALRY,
NEAR WINCHESTER, Va., Friday, Nov. 18, 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times.

"MOSBY," the ubiquitous disturber of our army communications, located nowhere in particular, yet, everywhere round and about the "sacred soil" that may be unguarded between our army and its base of supplies.

Indulging in all the robbing whims and caprices, as one who feels perfect security, however perfectly constructed all endeavors for his capture may be, this guerrilla chief has carried on his system of destruction and appropriation scatbless ever since treason's first gun polluted our free air, and if we are to judge the future from the past, will continue so to do until the end.

With many he has become an inexplicable mystery, and already a touch of supernatural begins to surround this notorious chief of guerillas and bushwhackers.

That "MOSBY" has always been a thorn in the rear of the Potomac army, that he has been of immense damage to us, and of incalculable service to Gen. LEE, is beyond a peradventure, and that he is now doing great mischief to us in the Shenandoah Valley is equally true, so much so that a certain amount of importance attaches to any suggestion that may tend toward his capture.

A synopsis of our usual *modus operandi* to trap him amounts to simply this: "We go after this real *ignis fatuus*, either with too small a force, and are 'gobbled' up, or we make too great a display of cavalry and he quietly *vamoses*."

Nothing is easier than that he should either avoid or meet whatever may be in pursuit, as he feels inclined, for his perfect knowledge of the country, his facilities for information of any contemplated movement against him, and the ready assistance and sympathy afforded him, either voluntarily or through fear, by the inhabitants, have always been the security out of which he in comparative safety pursues his constant cruelties and depredations. Now the suggestion I make for his capture, or at any rate for a quietus being put upon this guerrilling in general is this:

Let pursuit of him, and guerrillas in general, be undertaken by individuals making it a *speciality*. Such individuals must not be well known scouts, or any ambitious Don Quixotes, who big with a ridiculous importance, mysteriously undertake to trap him, and who after a short absence quietly turn up rather the worse for wear, minus their horses, arms and trappings. Such individuals only furnish the means whereby guerrillas are enabled to arm and mount additional robbers.

For the purpose I suggest, it would be necessary to hire men of the KIT CARSON stamp, and such men can easily be found at the rendezvous and fitting-out places of the wagon-trains that start to cross the great prairies of the vast West toward the Rocky Mountains and golden shores of California—men who hire themselves to guide through the dangers and hardships of this difficult route. Such men, trained and practiced in Indian cunning, possessing, in an extraordinary degree, that wondrous acuteness of the senses as to be able to steal upon their enemies with the quiet and alertness of a cat, either to get information or destroy life—such men should be sought and employed as guerrilla-hunters, paid liberally, turned loose in the Shenandoah Valley, with orders to get information and make captures, rendezvousing at stated times at given places, as they might agree. If such a plan could be adopted by the Government, how long, think you, would this valley present the shameful fact of a notorious bushwhacker holding high revel over his stolen gains, under the very nose of SHERIDAN'S noble army?

Yours, GEO. MOORE RODGERS,
6th N. Y. V., Cav.

German Emigration.

BADEN BADEN, Sunday, Sept. 27, 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your paper of August 6, article "Law for Encouraging Emigration," is the following passage: "In those countries of Central and Southern Germany, where such agencies would be most valuable, innumerable jealousies on the part of the authorities would have to be encountered, at least at the outset."

Whatever jealousies may exist, or be excited, and very probably there really are, and always will be, as it is but natural, the necessity for relieving this country of its superabundant population, is so exigent that it becomes paramount, and every feeling is in abeyance to that law which requires the number of inhabitants to be kept within what the resources of the land can support. In an excellent work published in Heidelberg, 1857, upon the statistics of Baden, is found the following:

"According to the fourth report of the Baden Society for German Emigrants, (1853,) from 1848 to 1853, inclusive, 40,996 persons emigrated. More accurate investigations make the number 60,000, as many left without permission of the authorities. In 1854, 21,560 emigrated; making, in seven years, 81,501, out of a population which in 1848 was 1,364,342, and in 1855, 1,314,837.* Such proportions are found not only in the Duchy of Baden, but everywhere in Germany and European countries where the population numbers over 4,000 to the (geographical) square mile. According to CROME, 3,000 to 3,500 should, in large territories, constitute the greatest number to the (geographical) square mile. We must not permit ourselves to conceal that the greater part of the German States, particularly the smaller, suffer from over-population, and in many parts a corresponding poverty exists. Yes, the *hemgertyphus*, particularly in 1854–55, in consequence of want and bad nourishment, appeared in many parts of Germany, and demanded its sacrifice. Mankind must, like other natural beings, bear a certain proportion to the superfices of the land. This proportion not only appears to be, but is, in reality, exceeded, and no longer bears comparison with the earlier circumstances of emigration.

The Duchy of Baden, in 1846, contained to the square mile, (geographical,) 4,910 persons; Wurtemburg, 5,024; Grand Duchy of Hesse, 5,578; Kingdom of Saxony, 6,760; Electorate of Hesse, 4,288; Nassau, 4,626; Austria, 3,415; Prussia, 3,639; Bavaria, 3,230; Hanover, 2,552."

The statistics of the present day, it is judged, would not vary much from the above, and a year like '54 and '55 would again increase the number of emigrants to a like proportion of those years. This year, in this neighborhood, the wine and potato crops are short, and it requires only proper measures to divert a vast majority of the emigrants to the United States.

In the appointment of agents too much care cannot be taken that they be properly qualified for the employment, as our Government is not always fortunate in the selection of its agents abroad. Two consecutive instances have occurred in one of the States of Southern Germany, of such dishonorable conduct on the part of the agents of the United States Government, that the authorities of the German States have determined that in future no exequators will be granted to American agents, until they are satisfied that the character of the person is such as will justify his being permitted to occupy a public position near their Government.

I have the honor to remain, your obd't serv'nt,
H. W. KENNEDY, M. D.,
Univer., Penn.

*The average yearly emigration from Wertemberg to the United States, from 1858 to 1863, was 4,000; in 1853 14,852; in 1854, 21,320. Even under the unfavorable circumstances of the war in the United States, the number in the month of May, 1863, amounted to 600; this, through fear of being pressed into the military service, was reduced, in September, to 150. It was at this time that the want of intelligent agents was most felt, to do away the impression so industriously propagated by our enemies in Europe, that emigrants were forced into the army.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—DEC. 3, 1864.

$10,000	U. S. 6s, '67.... ex.-int.	138⅜
6,000	U. S. 6s, '81. C.	113¼
10,000	do	113⅜
30,000	do	114
12,000	U.S. 6s 5-20s..R.	107¼
15,000	do	107
250,000	U.S.6s,5-20s.C.	107⅛
28,000	do	107⅞
325,000	do...new iss.	107
1,500	U. S. 10-40s..C. Small	100
1,000	do	98¾
2,000	do	98⅞
5,000	U. S. 6s, '81..R. ex-int	107
1,000	U. S.6s,1 yr.Cer.	97¼
200,000	do	97⅜
5,000	do	97⅛
1,000	Tenn. 6s, '90	56
2,000	Cal. St. 7s	153
13,000	To.&W. 1 M.Ex.	100
5,000	M.&P.Du C.1st.	110
3,000	P., Ft.W.&C.2d.	103
5	Bk. State of N. Y.	114
10	B'k of Commerce	113
10	Bank of the Repub	100
20	Metropolitan Bank	120
40	Fourth Nat. Bank	93
100	Canton Co	33¼
100	Cen. Coal Co	55
500	Cum Coal Pref	46
300	Amer. Coal Co	87
300	do	86¾
500	do...b15	87
200	Quick. M. Co	86
500	Mariposa M. Co	35⅛
100	do...b3	35¼
30	do	34¼
600	Wyom.V. Coal	77
200	do	76
200	do	75

400	N. Y. Cen. R.	119⅜
200	do...s60	118
200	Erie Railway	93¼
500	do	93⅞
450	do	93⅜
800	Hudson R. R.	117
200	do	116⅜
100	do...s60	116
100	Reading R.	135¼
200	do	135⅛
500	Mich. Cen. R.	128
500	M. S. & N. I.	69
800	do	68⅞
700	Ill. Cen. R.	128⅜
100	do...s10	128
800	do	128
250	Cle. & Pitts	109
100	do	109⅛
500	do	109¼
400	Chi. & N. W.	40¼
100	do...s10	40⅛
300	do	40⅜
100	do...s30	40
200	do...s15	40¼
200	Chi. & N.W.Pr	75⅛
500	do	75¼
200	do...s32	75
50	Cle., Col. &Cin. R.	180⅜
300	Cleve. & Tol.	108
1500	Chi. & R. I. R.	103¼
300	do...s10	103¼
300	do	103⅛
100	do...b30	103⅜
100	Chi., Bur. & Q.	117¼
100	M.& P.du C.2d Pr.	82
100	Tol. & Wab. Pref.	69
100	P., Ft. W. & C.	103⅛
100	do	103¼
100	do	103
800	do	102¾
100	Schuylkill Coal	6¾
200	Bruns. C.Land Co.	6

OPEN BOARD—1½ P. M.

3,000	U.S.5-20s. old iss.	107¼
400	Erie Railway	93¼
100	M. S. & No. Ind. R	69
100	do...b3	69⅛
200	Clev. & Pitts...s3	109⅝
1000	do	109⅛
100	do...c	109¼
200	do...c	109⅜
100	do...s9	109

100	Mich. Cen. R...b3	128⅜
100	Chic. & R. I.	103⅜
100	Pitts., Ft. W. & C.	102¾
10000	O. & Miss. Cer.s3	35⅞
10000	do	35⅞
100	Quicksilver...s3	86
100	Mariposa Min. Co.	35
100	do	34⅞

EVENING EXCHANGE.

$160,000	Amer. Gold	227⅜
65,000	do	228
25,000	do	227⅞
5,000	do...b3	227⅜
15,000	do...s3	227⅞
5,000	do	227⅞
50,000	do...b3	228
400	N. Y. Cen. R...s3	119¾
900	Erie R...s3	93¼
100	do...b3	93⅜
100	do	93⅛
1600	do	93⅛
200	do...s10	93⅞

100	Hud. Riv. R....b3	116⅜
800	Mich. S. R....s3	69
100	do...b3	69
100	do...s10	68¾
100	do...s5	68¾
200	Pittsburgh R	109
500	do...b3	109⅛
100	Rock Island R	103⅛
100	do...s3	103⅜
200	do...b3	103¼
300	Northwestern R.s3	40⅜
100	Fort Wayne R..s3	102⅜

MONDAY, Dec. 5—A. M.

The Foreign trade of the week was very light, both in the Import entries and Export clearances. Business is also on a moderate scale in Domestic, as well as Foreign merchandise, from store. The Fall trade, just closed, was by no means equal to the same season in 1863, and scarcely up to a fair average. The price of Gold, though fluctuating as usual 10@11 ℘ cent. through the week, left off at about the same figure as on Saturday of the week previous, and we notice that these fluctuations are less sensitively felt on the prices of merchandise than before the Presidential election. Money keeps very easy, and the Banks and Bankers during the week purchased $20,000,000 of 5-20 United States Stocks from the Government by way of employing their balances, and this Stock has since advanced 2 ℘ cent. With the exception of United States Securities, the business of the week on the Stock Exchange was dull, and speculation tame. Prices on the Railway list, however, were fairly supported, and on two or three descriptions an advance of 2@3 ℘ cent. was made.

COURSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK.

American Gold Coin	226@236@225@223¾@227¼
U. S. 6 ℘ cents., 5-20 years	106¾@107⅛
New-York Central	119⅜@119¾
New-York and Erie	93¾@93⅛
Erie Preferred Shares	101@102
Rock Island	102⅝@103⅜
Michigan Southern	69¼@68⅛
Michigan Central	126@128
Toledo	108@108
Illinois Central	124¼@130@128¼
Hudson River	119⅜@116⅜
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	106@112@109⅛
Fort Wayne and Chicago	101@102⅛
Chicago and North Western	41@40⅛
Almaden Quicksilver	84@86
Mariposa Gold	33¾@37@35
Cumberland	43¾@45¾
Reading	135⅛@135

The Gold Room ruled on Saturday 1@2 ℘ cent. lower than on Friday, the extremes being 231@228 ℘ cent. The export demand for the day's steamers for Europe amounted to $933,995, making for the entire week $1,523,255.

The activity in the United States Securities continued both at the Stock Exchange and on Wall street. There was a large demand on Messrs. FISK & HATCH, VERMILYE, CLARK, DODGE & Co., LIVERMORE, CLEWS & Co., and at the counter of the National Currency Bank, (late THOMPSON BROTHERS,) chiefly for the 5-20s. The old issue was wanted on European orders by the *China*, and the new was heavily dealt in for domestic investment and on speculation. The 6 ℘ cents. of 1881 rose to 114 ℘ cent. A large business was also done in Treasury Certificates. The Railway speculation was light and the market lower than Friday on Hudson River and Cleveland and Pittsburgh by 1½@2 ℘ cent. There was no Second Board, and the following quotations were made outside at the close of dealings;

	Frid.	Sat.		Frid.	Sat.
U. S. 6s, 1881	113¼	114	Pittsburgh	112	109¾
U. S. 5-20's	107⅛	107⅛	Northwest	40¾	40⅛
T. Certificates	97¼	97⅜	N. West Pref	75⅜	74¾
N. Y. Central	119¼	119	Rock Island	103¼	103⅜
Erie	93⅝	93⅛	Fort Wayne	103¼	103
Hudson	117⅜	116⅛	Cum'land Coal	46⅛	45¾
Reading	135⅛	135	Quicksilver	86¼	86
Mich. Southern	69⅜	69	Mariposa	35⅛	35
Illinois Cen	129⅛	128¼	Ohio & M. Certfs	36¼	36

The following bids were made on Saturday for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	115	Bk. of the Republic	100
Manhattan	130	Bank of N. Amer	106
Merchants'	108⅛	Hanover	105
Merchants' Scrip	110	Metropolitan	120
Mechanics'	110	Market	102
Union	113	Nassau	102
America	133	Shoe and Leather	100
Phœnix	105	Corn Exchange	106
Butchers' & Drovers'	130	Continental	98⅜
Merchants' Exchange	98	Marine	150
State of New-York	113	Imp. and Traders'	110
Commerce	112	Park	139
Mercantile	115	Manf and Merch's	100
American Exchange	119⅛	Central National	100
Chatham	110	Fourth National	93

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y Cen. 6s, '83	108	Del., L. & W. 1sts	110
N. Y.Cen. 7s, '76	118	Del. L. & W. 2ds	110
N. Y. Cen. con. '76	125	Tol. & Wab. 1sts	100
Erie 1sts, '68	104	Tol. & Wab. 2ds	83⅜
Erie 2ds, '79	119	Mil. & P. du Ch. 1sts	110
Erie 5ths, '88	106⅛	Gal. & Chi. Extended	114
Buff., N. Y. & E. '77	104⅛	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	105
Hud. R. 2ds. S. F.	119	New J. C. 1sts	100
Harlem 1sts	105	New J. C. 2ds	112
Mich. C. '69 and '72	120	Pitts, Ft. W. & C. 1sts	111
Mich. Cen. New 1sts.'82	123	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2ds	103
Chi., B. & Quincy	120	Pitts, Ft. W. & C. 3ds.	93
Ill. Central	115	Clev. & Pitts. 4ths	81
Alton & T H. 1sts	100	Miss. & Mo. L. G.	53
Alt. & T. H. 2ds. Pref.	85⅛	Chi. & Alt. S. F.	100
Al. & T. H. 2ds. Income	75	Chi. & Alt. 1sts	106
Chi. & N. W. Int.B.	97	Chi. & Alt. Income	85
Chi. & N. W. 1sts	95	At. & G. W. 1st	97
Han. & St. Jo. L. G.	95	Ohi. & Miss 1sts	92
L. & W. Bds	108	Peninsular R.R.B	85

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer United States, New-York, was as follows: Receipts, $1,792,435 76; for Customs, $152,000; on account of Loan, $1,137,000; payments, $1,516,801 51; balance, $41,167,672 10.

The following Auction Sales were made by MULLER, WILKINS & Co.:

$3,500 Indiana 5 per cent. stock	84⅛
Shares.	
40 American Exchange Bank, $100 each	119
6 American Bank Note Company, $50 each	70
75 North River Insurance Co., $25 each	104⅜
20 Corn Exchange Insurance Co., $50 each	84
100 Corn Exchange Insurance Co., $50 each	80⅜

The Import Entries of the past week, including the Dry Goods table in our last paper, amount to $1,506,810, against $4,371,974 the corresponding week last year. The Export Clearances of Domestic Produce amount to $1,880,303, against $3,903,918 same week last year. The Export of Specie amounts to $1,523,000, against $1,771,000 same week last year. The Customs of the week, $857,000.

The Import Entries at New-York, exclusive of Foreign Specie, from the 1st January to the 3d December, instant, by our weekly statements, amount to

ments, amount to	$199,906,501
Against 1863 (monthly)	173,774,592
Increase to date	$26,131,909

The Export clearances of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods, including Foreign articles reëxported, amount, from 1st January to 30th November, to

ary to 30th November, to	$198,123,692
Against same time, 1863, (monthly)	160,521,693
Increase to date	$37,601,999

The export of Gold and Silver from New-York, from 1st of January to 3d December,

Amounts to	$45,076,000
Against same time 1863	44,174,000
Increase to date	$902,000

The Customs Gold Revenues at New-York, specially pledged to the payment of the Interest on the Funded and Fundable Gold-bearing Public Debt of the United States, from the 1st January to the 3d December,

the 3d December, amount to	$64,137,935
Against same time, 1863	54,082,762
Increase at New-York alone	$10,055,173

Among the First of December changes in the business of the Stock Exchange, is the dissolution of the firm of VAN SCHAICK and MASSEY, (W. R. TRAVERS and GEORGE A. OSGOOD special partners) and the establishment of a new firm by Mr. VAN SCHAICK, with Messrs. JOHN P. BATCHELDER, formerly of Albany and JAMES R. NICHOLS, under the style of VAN SCHAICK & Co., at No. 19 William-street. Messrs. B. F. CARVER late of Chicago and H. M. KINNIE of Buffalo, establish a new Stock firm at No. 17 Broad-street.

The November business of the Illinois Central Company was as follows:

Traffic of Road	$618,000
Land Sales	167,000
Cash from Previous Sales	263,000

The increase in traffic over November 1863 is $180,000.

Among the passengers who returned home from Europe by the *China*, on Friday night, is Mr. LEGRAND LOCKWOOD, of the New-York Stock Exchange.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of this city have erected on the corner of Broadway and Liberty-street, at a cost of about a million of dollars, a double size, four-story, white marble building, fire-proof throughout, decidedly the finest architectural ornament to the lower part of Broadway. The First National Bank has been removed to one of the front offices, No. 140 Broadway, and the Directors opened the new and commodious banking room to their friends a few evenings ago. This Bank can now better accommodate than heretofore its business to city accounts, which have been increasing upon it rapidly. As a National institution, the managers announce that they will confine the employment of their Deposits and country bank balances, as it is already employing its Capital, to Loans on the Federal Stocks and other Securities of the United States, subject to call or on short notice. We notice that the Bank also proposes to issue Deposit Receipts, bearing from 3 to 4 ℘ cent. interest, when desired by the depositor. See Circular below.

We are requested to call the attention of parties disposed to take an interest in Petroleum Joint Stock property, to the programme of the New-York and Philadelphia Petroleum Company, advertised on another page. We have the assurance of the managers that the property has been selected with great care and with reference to its early productive value. The subscriptions to the stock will be divided between this city and Philadelphia.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK.
No. 140 BROADWAY.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 26, 1864.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this bank held Nov. 23, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted, and recorded on the minute book:

Whereas, This bank has succeeded in its business beyond the expectations of its projectors, by making Government Securities the basis of its Loans and Discounts, thereby incurring no losses since the day it commenced business; *and whereas*, it is deemed just and proper that such customers as contribute to the profits of the bank should share to some extent in its earnings, especially when the ordinary bank discounts on time paper are not to be extended; *and whereas*, owing to the large amount of Government Securities in the hands of the people, many of whom will desire temporary loans on such securities, which will in the aggregate employ the money of the bank at fair interest, thus keeping its assets active on United States collaterals, with a margin, and without risk. Therefore,

Resolved, That this bank confine its discounts to collateral loans on United States securities, payable on call or at short dates, except in its dealings with corresponding banks, where advances on bills receivable may be proper.

Resolved, That this bank issue to depositors, when so desired, DEPOSIT RECEIPTS, instead of the ordinary bank pass-book, such deposit receipts to be payable on demand, and to bear interest at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on all amounts from $100 to $1,000, and at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. on all amounts of $1,000 and upward; but no interest shall be allowed on deposit receipts paid within fifteen days from the date of issue.

S. C. THOMPSON, President.

JAMES GURPHEY, Cashier.

☞ NATIONAL CURRENCY BANK,
Corner of Broadway and Wall-st., New-York.

Deals extensively and specially in Government securities, 7 3-10 notes, 5-20's, 10-40's and sixes of 1881, stamps, specie and State money. Interest allowed on accounts by special agreement.

F. G. ADAMS, President.

E. SCOFIELD, Cashier.

☞ THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
CAPITAL, $5,000,000.
FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES.
Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., New-York.

This bank has ready for sale (allowing the commission to purchasers) U. S. 7 3-10 Notes, which at maturity are convertible into a six per cent. gold-bearing loan; collects warrants, certificates, maturing loans and drafts, and attends to all financial business with Government. Parties wishing to avoid the delay and inconvenience of direct correspondence with the departments, are invited to apply at this bank.

MORRIS KETCHUM, President.

D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, Dec. 3—6 P. M.

ASHES—Are dull and unsettled in price. Stock, 521 bbls.

COFFEE—Is in demand and firm, including Java at 50c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo at 41c.@44c.; Rio at 41½c.@44c.; St. Domingo at 42c.@43c. ℘ ℔.

COTTON—Is in moderate demand at former prices. Middling, $1 28@$1 30 ℘ ℔. Sales and resales since our last, 600 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been less active and has declined about 10c. ℘ bbl. Sales since our last, amount to 8,300 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $9 45@$9 75; poor to choice Extra State at $9 85@$10 35, chiefly $10; Round-Hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to very good shipping brands, $11@$11 20 ℘ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$9 45	@$9 75
Extra State	9 85	@10 35
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	9 95	@13 25
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shp'g brands	11 00	@11 20
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	11 25	@13 25
Extra Genesee	10 45	@13 25
Poor to choice Extra Missouri	10 50	@15 00

Southern Flour is heavy and drooping to-day. Sales since our last 1,350 bbls., at $10 65@$11 75 for poor to good, and $11 75@$14 75 for good to choice extra brands, and $14@$15 for Phœnix Mills, ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour is declining; sales 350 bbls Extra, $9 90@$12 50 ℘ bbl. Rye Flour continues quiet, including fine and superfine, at $8 50@$9 50 ℘ bbl. Corn Meal is in moderate demand, at $7 50@$7 75 for Jersey, and $8 75 for Caloric and Brandywine, ℘ bbl. Sales 400 bbls. Also, 50 puncheons Brandywine at $41 each.

GRAIN—Wheat has been quiet and much depressed; sales, since our last, 10,300 bushels, including White Canada, at $2 67; Amber Western, at $2 47; Red Western, at $2 40 ℘ bushel. Corn has been very dull and heavy, at $1 93@$1 94 for Mixed Western, ℘ bushel. Oats are in demand, at irregular prices; we quote Canada at 97c.@98c.; Western at 99c.@$1 01½, afloat and in store; State at 99c.@$1 ℘ bushel. Rye continues in request, sales 7,700 bushels, at $1 75 ℘ bushel. Barley is in demand and steady; sales, since our last, 13,000 bushels, including Canada West, at $2 10, and Canada East, at $1 80, ℘ bushel. Barley Malt continues inactive; 2,750 bushels changed hands at $2 05@$2 10.

HAY—North River is in request and is held firmly at $1 45@$1 50 for Government and shipping, and $1 55@$1 75 for small lots for city use, ℘ 100 ℔s.

HOPS—Continue in fair demand at 15c.@35c. for inferior to choice, one year old, and 30c.@55c. for new, the latter rate for fancy, ℘ ℔.

HIDES—The week's receipts reach only 12,777 hides; the week's sales add up 81,970 hides, the latter including 12,000 Buenos Ayres, 21@24℔s., 33c.@34c., cash, usual selection; 3,000 Montevideo, 21@24 ℔s., 33c.@33½c., cash, usual selection; 3,700 Rio Grande, 21½℔s., 33c., cash, usual selection; 29,000 California, 22 ℔s., 32½c.@33c., six months, usual selection; 10,000 California Kips, 10 ℔s., 32½c., six months, on private terms; 1,000 Aspinwall, 20 ℔s., on private terms; 500 Barcelona, 27 ℔s., on private terms; 400 Savanilla, 24 ℔s., on private terms; 1,770 Vera Cruz, 21 ℔s., on private terms; 700 Tampico, 20 ℔s., on private terms; 4,500 Mexican, 20℔s., on private terms; 9,000 Wet salted California, 50 ℔s., on private terms; 5,000 Domestic Slaughter cows, 50 ℔s., 10½c.@[illegible], cash, rejecting bad hides; 1,400 Domestic Slaughter ox, 78 ℔s., 14½c., cash, rejecting bad hides. Stock in importers' and speculators' hands: 453,400 dry hides; 3,700 wet salted hides, and 1,500 bales East India hides. The stock consists of 212,000 Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, &c.; 61,000 Rio Grande; 36,000 California, &c.; 63,000 Orinoco; 2,000 Porto Cabello, &c.; 1,700 Maracaibo; 8,000 Aspinwall and San Juan; 5,000 Vera Cruz and Mexican; 9,300 Tampico and Matamoras; 5,700 Savanilla, &c.; 2,000 Maranham and Para; 3,900 Bahia and Pernambuco; 1,000 West Indies, &c.; 1,500 East India, &c.; 41,500 African Kips; 1,500 bales Calcutta Cow and Buffalo; 3,700 Wet Salted California.

LEATHER—The movements in this line, during the past week, Messrs. WETZEL & WEIDEMEYER review thus: "*Hemlock Sole*—The inquiry is active; considerable sales were made both to manufacturers and to the State and Western trade. Sales in extent fully equal to receipts. Overweights and heavy good-damaged are scarce; other descriptions in fair supply. Market uniform at quoted prices. *Oak Sole*—Business has been rather quiet; stock light; prices unchanged. At Philadelphia the market has become more enlivened by a renewal of demand for military purposes. Week's receipts of Sole Leather about 43,000 sides."

METALS—Business has been quite dull since our last. The movements during November Messrs. WINTZENOFF & Co., Beaver-street, notice thus: "*Tin*—Straits has been sold as high as 61c., but the price fell afterward to 57c. The business has been small. We quote to-day 50c. English sold at 55c., but it is to-day held at 59c. Banca, nominal, 72c. The importations for the month amount to 360 slabs Banca, 2,400 slabs Straits from the East Indies, and

1,700 ingots English. We estimate the stock in first hands at 8,800 slabs Straits, 1,200 slabs Banca, and 55 tons English, equal to 1,200 slabs—total in Boston and New-York, 11,200 slabs. *Spelter*—Foreign entirely neglected, as the Domestic article had been sold far below the cost of the import: 300@400 tons Lehigh sold at 13¾c.@14c.; small lots Silesian, 15½c. In addition to Lehigh, small quantities of Spelter are received from Illinois, which have been sold a little below Lehigh. Neither quality are esteemed equal to Silesian, but, to a certain extent, it supersedes its use. We have had an importation of 25 tons. Stock of foreign, 1,000 tons. *Copper*—In the first part of the month, 400,000@500,000 ℔s. Lake 49c.@50c., and 50c.@51c. for Minnesota. The price then declined to 48c. for Detroit and 47c. for Baltimore and Portage Lake, with a large business. During the last few days, 50 tons best selected English were sold at 47½c.; 300,000 ℔s. Baltimore at 48½c., and 300,000 ℔s. Detroit at 48½c.@49c. The sales, estimated the last three weeks at 2,250,000 ℔s., have been almost entirely for consumption, and the stock left is small. The Baltimore and Bergen Port Companies are engaged on contracts for future delivery, and are not sellers. The Lake Companies have mostly disposed of their Copper as it arrived, and have but little more to come. At the highest point of Gold, 200,000 ℔s. of Baltimore Copper were bought for shipment to Bremen at 50c., less tax. On the other hand, 50 tons Chili, and 50 tons best selected, were imported from England. *Lead*—Has been dull. Manufacturers have continued to buy small parcels only, and their orders have been filled by receivers of Galena and by Foreign, which has been held on speculation. The price has ruled from 14½c. to 15½c.; 150 tons English were sold at 6¾c., gold, payment in 60 days. We quote to-day 14½c.@15c. currency, and 6¾c. in gold. The bulk of the Foreign is not offered for sale. Imports of the month, 1,200 tons. We estimate the deliveries of Foreign at 600 tons, and the stock at 5,000 tons, against 3,600 tons on the 1st of December, 1863. The importations of September and October have been somewhat larger than the published reports. Since the 1st of January they amount to 27,800 tons, against 13,900 same period 1863.

MOLASSES—A moderate inquiry prevails for the principal kinds, including New-Orleans, at $1 05@$1 25; Porto Rico, 87½c.@$1 10; Cuba Muscovado, 72½c.@90c. ℘ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been lightly dealt in, including Resin, nominally, at $22 50@$37 50 ℘ 280 ℔s.; Tar, at $10@$13 ℘ bbl.; Spirits Turpentine at $2 12½@$2 25 ℘ gallon.

OILS—Continue in slack request, and irregular in price, including Crude Whale, at $1 50@$1 55; Crude Sperm, at $2 05@$2 12½; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 60@$1 65; Unbleached Sperm, at $2 30@$2 40; Linseed, at $1 40@$1 42; No. 1 Lard at $1 90@$2 ℘ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in good demand and firmer. Sales have been made of 5,500 bbls. at $33 25@$33 75 cash, and regular for 1863-4 Mess, closing at $33 75, regular way, $32@$32 25 for 1862-3 Mess, $32 50 for Thin Mess, and $32@$32 25 for Prime. Sales were also made of 2,500 bbls. New Mess, seller's option, January, at $37 50@$38; 1,000 bbls. do., same option, January and February, at $38; 300 bbls. uninspected do., all this month, at $37; and 500 bbls. 1863-4 Mess, buyer's option, all this month, at $33 25 ℘ bbl. Cut Meats are in moderate demand at 16½c.@18½c. for Shoulders; 18c.@21c. for Hams; sales equal to 200 pkgs. Bacon is quiet; sales 100 boxes at 22c. for City Bellies, 21c. for City Cumberland, and 21c. for city long-cut Hams. Lard is about the same; sales 1,800 tcs. and bbls., at 21½c.@23c. Beef is in demand, at $22 50@$25 for New Extra Mess; $20@$23 for New Plain Mess; sales 350 bbls. Tierce Beef is unchanged. Beef Hams are unchanged; 100 bbls. sold at $28 ℘ bbl. Butter continues in fair demand, closing at 44c.@56c. for poor to choice State, and 34c.@48c. for Western. ℘ ℔. Cheese is in moderate request at 14c.@22½c. for poor to prime ℘ ℔.

RICE—Is inactive, but steady in price. Stock, 17,629 bags Cleaned, and 22,099 bags Uncleaned East India, making a total of 39,728 bags, against 30,145 bags same date in 1863.

SUGARS—Are in demand and buoyant. Sales since our last, 560 hhds., including Cubas, &c., at 19c.@23½c. ℘ ℔. Refined Sugars are in fair demand at 24c.@29½c. ℘ ℔.

TOBACCO—Sales since our last, 378 hhds. Kentucky, at 12½c.@32½c. ℘ ℔.; demand fair. The movements in this line during the past month, Messrs. M. RADER & SON review thus: "The past month opened with a fair demand and corresponding sales of Kentucky Tobacco, but was again interrupted by considerable ups and downs of gold; and only somewhat reanimated afterward by its advancing tendency, and a more liberal disposition of holders to meet purchasers. The sales amount to over 5,000 hhds., the greater part for foreign orders. The home trade are doing but very little, the manufacturing interests being seriously affected by apprehensions of further legislation on taxes in Congress, which assembles next week. The news from abroad generally is not favorable for the article, and, with large shipments going forward to the different Tobacco ports, an amelioration from those quarters is not likely to be expected. All this has made holders more disposed to entertain fair offers, and prices on low grades are easier than heretofore. Prices in currency having become rather uncertain as a base for exporters, many sales have been made for gold, and we give ruling quotations in both values. The receipts have fallen off very considerably, and may now be considered as drawing to a close, and prove that crop to be one of the largest ever made. This year's yield will likely reach the market at a later period than usual, as, with greatly diminished laboring force, it will take longer to prepare it for the market. Nor is it expected that it will be as well handled. Many of the planters at present here maintain that very little Tobacco can or will be set out next season in the best quality producing sections, and that therefore the present crop will be held at high prices. Receipts, 1863, 81,993 hhds.; 1864, 129,586 hhds. Stocks, 1863, 29,475 hhds.; 1864, 51,482 hhds. Quotations—Common and Frosted Lugs, 9½c.@10c.; Sound Lugs, 11c.@17c.; Low Leaf, 13c.@21c.; Medium Leaf, 17c.@25c.; Good Leaf, 21c.@30c.; Fine Leaf, 26c.@35c.; Selections, 31c.@48c. Transactions in Seed Leaf Tobacco have been small. The tidings from Germany are very unfavorable for this article, and therefore no export demand. The trade here, for reasons previously stated, are doing very little. Prices for good wrapper grades continue firm, but low grades can only be realized at a decline from former quotations. Manufactured Tobacco was in good request at the beginning of the month, both for tax paid and bonded black work, but since then the demand has fallen off to a limited jobbing business. We notice the stoppage of work of a majority of Brooklyn factories, as well as several in the West, together with the offering for sale of two of our largest factories, with a view of giving up the business. Prices are firm, the general impression being favorable for a decided advance in the value of the article."

Spanish Tobacco Trade of New-York in November:

	Havana.	Cuba.	Yara	Cienfuegos
Stock Nov. 1, 1864, bales	3,787	128	156	160
Received since	68	..	53	..
Total	3,855	127	209	160
Delivered since	83	..	..	..
Stock Dec 1, 1864	3,687	127	209	160
Stock Dec 1, 1863, bales	1,385	50	1,056	..

FREIGHTS—A moderate business has been transacted to-day. For Liverpool, the engagements included 500 bales Hay on private terms, 14,000 bushels Wheat at 2d., 175 tcs. Lard and 50 hhds. Tallow at 12s. 6d. For London, 300 hhds. Tobacco at 27s. 6d., and some Hogshead Staves at 75s. For Glasgow, 50 hhds Tallow at 12s. 6d. For Antwerp, 1,500 Hides and 50 hhds. Tobacco at 35s. For Bremen, 150 hhds. Tobacco at 27s. 6d.; 400 boxes do. at 17s. 6d. Total number of vessels of all classes in port, 448.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

Asia	Dec.	7	Boston	Liverpool
Washington	Dec.	7	New-York	Havre
Edinburgh	Dec.	10	New-York	Liverpool
Virginia	Dec.	10	New-York	Liverpool
China	Dec.	14	New-York	Liverpool
Erin	Dec.	17	New-York	Liverpool
City of Glasgow	Dec.	17	New-York	Liverpool
Canada	Dec.	21	Boston	Liverpool
Lafayette	Jan.	4	New-York	Havre

FROM EUROPE.

City of Manchester	Nov.	12	Liverpool	New-York.
Edinburgh	Nov.	16	Liverpool	New-York.
Damascus	Nov.	17	Liverpool	New-York.
China	Nov.	19	Liverpool	New-York.
City of Baltimore	Nov.	19	Liverpool	New-York.
Glasgow	Nov.	23	Liverpool	New-York.
St. David	Nov.	24	Liverpool	Portland.
City of London	Nov	26	Liverpool	New-York.
Canada	Nov.	26	Liverpool	New-York.
Cuba	Dec.	3	Liverpool	New-York.
Louisiana	Dec.	6	Liverpool	New-York.
Africa	Dec.	10	Liverpool	Boston.
Australasian	Dec.	17	Liverpool	New-York.

For New-Orleans, Havana, &c.

*Corsica	Dec.	5	New-York	Nassau

*via Havana.

For California.

Costa Rica	Dec.	13	New York	Aspinwall

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	1:30, 2:20 and 6:15 P. M.
Western and Southwestern Mails	5 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	3:00 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	3 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 4 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5:00 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M. 4:30, 6 and 10:30 P. M.

DRY GOODS.

SHIRT AND COLLAR DEPOT,
NO. 41 FULTON-ST.,
Corner Pearl-st.

White, Scarlet and Mixed Merino
UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

SHAKERS KNIT UNDERSHIRTS,
LADIES' MERINO VESTS,
COTTON AND WOOL HALF HOSE,
ARMY AND NAVY SHIRTS,
BRIGHTON CARRIAGE BLANKETS,
SILK AND GINGHAM UMBRELLAS,
SCARFS, TIES, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, &c.

THE NEW-HAVEN PATENT SHIRT,
made to order, or ready made.
THEODORE C. GRANNIS, Agent.

DRY GOODS.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS! CLOAKS!
GREAT CLEARING SALE AT
DAVIDSON'S
264 BOWERY, 264
CLOAK STORE,
Must be closed First of January,
PREVIOUS TO
EXTENSIVE ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS,
When it will be reopened, along with the adjoining premises
No. 264½,
under the firm of
DAVIDSON BROTHERS,
FORMING ONE OF THE
HANDSOMEST AND MOST EXTENSIVE ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE CITY.
Stock now on hand will be sold at the following
SWEEPING REDUCTION.

SACQUES! SACQUES! SACQUES!
Sacques worth $12 50..........Selling at $9 50.
Sacques worth $15 00..........Selling at $11 00
Sacques worth $20 00..........Selling at $15 50
Sacques worth $30 00..........Selling at $22 50

CIRCULARS! CIRCULARS! CIRCULARS!
Circulars worth $14 00..........Selling at $10 00
Circulars worth $18 00..........Selling at $13 00
Circulars worth $25 00..........Selling at $18 50
Circulars worth $35 00..........Selling at $27 00

BASQUES! BASQUES! BASQUES!
Basques worth $16 50..........Selling at $12 00
Basques worth $20 00..........Selling at $15 50
Basques worth $30 00..........Selling at $22 50

ESQUIMAUX AND MOSCOW BEAVERS,
IN BASQUES, CIRCULARS, and SACQUES,—Equally Cheap.
Mohair Black Silk Velvet..........$8 50
Lyons All Silk Velvet..........$14 00—worth $20 00
SHAWLS! WOOL AND BROCHE LONG SHAWLS.
BLACK SILK FOR DRESSES, AT LAST YEAR'S PRICES.
MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS, IN GREAT VARIETY.
C. A. DAVIDSON,
No. 264 BOWERY.

FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
EMPRESS CLOTHS, FRENCH POPLINS, MERINOES, IRISH POPLINS, ALPACCAS, DELAINES, &c., &c.,
GREATLY UNDER COST OF IMPORTATION,
AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway, (cor. Grand-st.,)
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST,
And Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

AT REDUCED PRICES.
AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY (corner Grand-st.,)
HOSIERY, UNDERGARMENTS, GLOVES, TIES, SCARFS, COLLARS, &c , &c.
Also at stores No. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

VELVET CLOAKINGS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES.
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT
AT REDUCED PRICES! ! !
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, (cor. Grand-st.)
Also at stores Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

BELOW COST OF IMPORTATION
AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, (cor. Grand-st.)
MOIRE ANTIQUES, RICH FANCY AND PLAIN DRESS SILKS, including a choice assortment of rich Silks, suitable for carriage, dinner and evening wear.
Also, at stores Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

AT REDUCED PRICES,
OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF
CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, (corner of Grand-st.,)
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

AT REDUCED PRICES,
AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, (corner Grand-st.)
LACE CURTAINS, CORNICES, LOOPS, BANDS FLANNELS, BLANKETS, LINENS, TABLE AND PIANO COVERS, COUNTERPANES and
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
IN EVERY VARIETY.
Also at Stores Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

CURTAIN MATERIALS.
FURNITURE COVERINGS.
REDUCED PRICES.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
369 BROADWAY,
Are now offering their SPLENDID STOCK of Goods at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, and invite parties furnishing Houses to an examination of the same.
A LARGE STOCK OF
TABLE AND PIANO COVERS,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.

M. GREGG,
NO. 19 FIFTH-AVENUE,
Would call the attention of the Ladies of New-York to her large assortment of
WINTER CLOAKS OF THE LATEST IMPORTATION.

R. H. MACY.
R. H. MACY.
R. H. MACY.
OPENING HOLIDAY GOODS.
OPENING HOLIDAY GOODS.
OPENING HOLIDAY GOODS.
OPENING HOLIDAY GOODS.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY.
CLOSING AND CLEARING SALE OF
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
FLANNELS,
LACE CURTAINS,
WHITE GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES,
RIBBONS,
FRENCH FLOWERS,
HOSIERY,
UNDER WEAR,
&c., &c., &c.
OUR CELEBRATED FRENCH KID GLOVES,
BEST QUALITY IMPORTED 50 CENTS A PAIR, UNDER THE USUAL PRICE.
R. H. MACY,
NOS. 204 AND 206 SIXTH-AV.,
NEAR FOURTEENTH-ST.

NOTICE, NOTIZ, AVIS, NOTICIA.
NO. 858. INDIA GOODS. NO. 858.
Foreign merchandise in the greatest variety, very appropriate presents, especially for the approaching HOLIDAYS,
for Americans, Europeans and Cubans, at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
This stock comprises curiosities, novelties, and useful and fashionable articles, calculated to please sensible people, antiquarians, virtuoso and others, who are welcome to inspect for themselves this most peculiar assortment of goods that is to be found.
FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORE, EIGHT FIFTY EIGHT (858) BROADWAY.
Just opened, unique French fans at every price; Chinese ditto; Indian Bird fans; Shaker fancy work and American Indian articles. INDIA GOODS sold on commission, or purchased for cash.
A Catalogue can be procured at the store or per mail.

AMERICAN
SPOOL COTTON.
PORTSMOUTH SPOOL COTTON,
the only six-cord cotton manufactured in America.
Warranted equal in every respect to any foreign make.
For sale by FRIEND PITTS,
No. 769 Broadway, corner 9th-st.,
New-York.

DAMASK CLOTHS
AND
NAPKINS,
to match all the different sizes, suitable for "Dinners" and "Suppers," of the best qualities and the newest patterns. Also Doylies, Lunch Cloths and Napkins, Chocolate Napkins, fine Bed Linens and Towels, in great variety, just opened for the coming Holidays. Persons wishing to make presents in the above line of goods, will find it to their advantage to examine our stock.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.
Will offer on MONDAY, Dec. 5, their large and finely assorted stock of
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS,
To which they have just received large additions of the newest and richest styles in tapestry, velvet, embroidered, printed and damask, suitable for the approaching holidays.

FLOOR LINENS,
All widths, suitable for dancing cloths, made and put down, if required.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

GLOVES, GLOVES, GLOVES.—KID, CLOTH and fleecy-line in great variety. Also, Ladies' and Misses' Merino Vests and Drawers, Winter Hosiery, Mittens, Leggins, Hoods, Sontags, Scarfs, Saxony Yarn, &c., &c., at low prices. N. B.—Ladies' Undressed Kids, at ELGER'S cheap store, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

DRY GOODS.

LYONS VELVET
BASQUES,
SACQUES
AND MANTILLAS,
at CAREY'S,
No. 475 BROADWAY,
Late Chas. Street & Co.

AT KINZEY'S
EIGHTH-AVENUE CHEAP STORE,
READY FOR THE HOLIDAYS:
AUCTION LOTS CLOSING OUT.
NEEDLEWORK AND LACE GOODS, CHEAP LOTS.
10,000 HANDKERCHIEFS OF EVERY KIND.
RIBBONS AND TRIMMINGS.
FEATHERS AND FLOWERS.
1,200 BOXES OF FLOWERS, CLOSING AN 50c. PER BOX.
LADIES' SCARFS AND TIES—NEW STYLES.
GLOVE DEPARTMENT.
LADIES' CLOTH GLOVES, 25c., 31c , 40c., 50c.
LADIES' FINE LINED GLOVES, 20c UP.
LADIES' FINE MERINO LINED GLOVES 20c. UP.
GENTS DRIVING GLOVES, 50c. UP.
1,000 DOZEN FINE GLOVES, EVERY STYLE, CHEAP.
20,000 PAIRS OF HOSIERY OF EVERY KIND.
FROM 12c. PER PAIR UP.
WOOLEN GOODS.
FINE ASSORTMENT OF
BREAKFAST-SHAWLS, SONTAGS,
NUBIAS, HOODS, SCARFS, ETC., ETC.
10,000 SHETLAND NUBIAS, FROM 50c. UP.
CHEAP LOTS THIS WEEK.
CLARK'S BEST 200 YARDS COTTON, 11c.
BEST WILLIMANTIC 200 YARDS, 9c.
10,000 PAPERS NEEDLES, 3c. PAPER.
BEST PINS, FULL PAPERS, 5c.
FANCY-GOODS DEPARTMENT.
TOYS AND FANCY GOODS FROM EVERY PART OF THE GLOBE, FROM 1c. TO $300.
JEWEL-CASKETS, WORKBOXES.
ALABASTER AND PARIAN GOODS,
CHINA AND EBONY GOODS
BOX-TOYS OF EVERY KIND.
GAMES, LARGE AND SMALL.
ANIMALS OF EVERY KIND AND DESCRIPTION
DINNER, TEA AND TOILET SETS.
DRUMS, SWORDS AND GUNS,
BATTLES BY SEA AND LAND
PIANOS, ACCORDEONS, FLUTES, DULCIMERS, AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS OF EVERY KIND.
DOLLS IN WOOD, CHINA, WAX, PARIAN AND OTHER MATERIALS, THAT WILL AND WILL NOT CRY; STAGES, WAGONS, HOSE-CARRIAGES, CARS, STEAMBOATS, HOOK & LADDERS, EXPRESS-WAGONS, &c., &c.
WORKBOXES, FROM 10c. TO $25.
FAIRS AND SCHOOLS SUPPLIED AT WHOLESALE PRICES.
JUST OPENING, A FINE ASSORTMENT OF PARIS FANCY GOODS, CONSISTING OF NETS, BRACELETS, HAIR ORNAMENTS, BUCKLES, CHAINS, NECKLACES, FANCY PINS AND EAR-RINGS.
PORTEMONNAIES AND BAGS.
2,000 SETS OF FANCY COMBS, FROM 25c. TO $5.
SLEEVE BUTTONS, CHARMS, STUDS, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, BUTTONS, AND ORNAMENTS, ABOUT HALF THE COST OF IMPORTATION.
WM. KINSEY.
NOS. 221 AND 223 EIGHTH-AV.
between 21st and 22d sts.

HOLIDAY GIFTS.
We shall offer, at greatly reduced prices, on MONDAY, Dec. 5, our large stock of
CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS,
Consisting of all sizes ladies', gent's and children's tape-bordered, hemstitched, printed and embroidered, and of the newest and best styles, in great variety.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

CHARLOTTE G. SMITH
HAS RECEIVED AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF FRENCH CLOAKS, DECIDEDLY NEW, ALSO OPERA, RECEPTION, AND CARRIAGE CLOAKS—MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S EMPRESS SUITS—LADIES' BREAKFAST AND DINNER JACKETS.
No. 1,142 BROADWAY, corner 26th-st.

RICH LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
DURING THE HOLIDAYS,
AT A GREAT REDUCTION,
CONSISTING OF
Thread Lace Vails, Coiffures, and Barbes.
Thread and Guipure Laces.
Real Point Lace Collars, Sets and Handkerchiefs.
Thread and Guipure Lace Collars and Sets.
Valenciennes Laces, and Collars, and Sets.
Valenciennes Handkerchiefs, 2s and upward.
Tape-bordered and Hem-stitch Handkerchiefs.
Embroidered Collars and Sets.
Together with a splendid assortment of every article in Laces and Embroideries, all of which have been reduced much below gold valuation.
E. WILLIAMS & CO.,
No. 429 Broadway.

LACE CURTAINS,
New designs, just received.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

BEADS! BEADS!! BEADS!!!
AND FANCY GOODS.
M. P. BROWN, Importer,
No. 186 Pearl-st., New-York.

MILLINERY.

M. T. HIGGINS,
MAMMOTH MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.
AND
NEW BONNET ROOM,
NEW BONNET ROOM,
THE LARGEST IN THE CITY.
AT
No. 126 SIXTH-AV. (two doors from 10th-st.)
ELEGANT VELVET BONNETS FOR 12 DOLLARS.
ELEGANT VELVET BONNETS FOR 15 DOLLARS.
ELEGANT VELVET BONNETS FOR 20 DOLLARS.
ELEGANT VELVET BONNETS FOR 25 DOLLARS.
CHILDREN'S TRIMMED JOCKEYS and TURBANS.
CHILDREN'S TRIMMED JOCKEYS and TURBANS.
THE LARGEST VARIETY IN THE CITY.
ALL SIZES, SHAPES AND STYLES,
FROM FIVE DOLLARS EACH UPWARD.
M. T. HIGGINS'
MAMMOTH MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 126 6th-av., two doors from 10th-st.

ALL THIS WEEK—GREAT REDUCTION IN prices. The entire stock of Fall and Winter millinery will be sold regardless of cost of importation. Also, Jockey and Turban Hats, at SIMMONS', 637 Broadway.

MILLINERY, LACE AND LAWN GOODS and ladies' own materials made in the newest style. No. 571 Broadway, top floor.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A RESPECTABLE German woman, immediately, in a good family; understands French and American cooking thoroughly, and is a good baker; would assist with the washing if required. Apply at No. 142 Forsyth-st., in the rear, second door, up stairs, at Mrs. Kempmann.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, WASHER and ironer, or will do general housework, by a very experienced and trusty girl; is of most willing disposition; neat and economical in her kitchen, and will be found a valuable servant; refers to her last place; wages moderate. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY TWO COUSINS (SUPERIOR servants), with excellent city references, situations in one family, in the city or country; one as first-class cook; does the coarse washing; the other as chambermaid and waitress; wages $10 and $8. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A COMPETENT person, to cook, wash and iron; prefers a steady place to the highest wages; city reference Call at No. 119 West 19th-st., in the rear, between 6th and 7th avs. No objection to go a short distance in the country.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN cook, who is a professed French and American cook, and learned in pastry cooking, in a first-class house; best city reference given. Address M. M., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROFESSED cook; understands her business in all its branches, soups, meats, game, desserts and pastry; best city reference. Can be seen at No. 113 West 15th-st., near 6th-av., rear house.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL, as seamstress; can do all kinds of sewing on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; will go out by the week or month. Call, for two days, at No. 10 Union-court, University-place., near 12th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR A LARGE NUMBER of English, Irish, German, Scotch, American and colored cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, girls for housework, &c., city or country, at RAYMOND'S, No. 61 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A HIGHLY recommended young woman, as chambermaid and to do fine washing and fluting, or as first-class laundress. Call or address No. 137 West 30th-st., between 7th and 8th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, IN CITY OR COUNTRY, by an English woman, as nurse and chambermaid; understands the care of children well; is a good chambermaid, and would be generally useful; has the best of references. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A MOST RESPECTABLE woman, as chambermaid; and to take care of children; can be well recommended. Can be seen at her last place, No. 11 Lexington-av., Monday and Tuesday.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A COMPETENT French and American cook; understands all kinds of pastry; has good reference. Apply at No. 242 6th-av., near 16th-st.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED PROTESTANT woman, a situation to cook, wash and iron, in a small private family; good city references given. Can be seen for two days at No. 67 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as first-class cook in a private family; best city reference from her last place. Call at No. 952 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman a situation as first-class laundress; understands her business thoroughly and is well recommended. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 311 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY RESPECTABLE German girl as chambermaid and waitress, or take care of children, or housework. Call at RAYMOND'S, No. 61 Bleecker-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A TIDY GIRL, A SITUATION AS chambermaid and waitress, or general servant; washes and irons well; an excellent baker; wages $7; city or country. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ACTIVE young woman as chambermaid and waitress, or the housework of a small family; city references. Call at No. 411 2d-av., near 24th-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook, by an experienced woman, who understands her business in all its branches; the best of city reference. Call at No. 411 2d-av., near 24th-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, to sew by the day, week or month; is a good dress and shirt maker; salary not so much an object as a good home. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, as nurse and seamstress; has the best of city reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 99 West 25th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT SCOTCH GIRL, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; city or country; good city recommendations. Call at or address No. 1,173 Broadway, between 27th and 28th sts.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUATION as nurse and chambermaid, or as chambermaid and waitress. Call at No. 420 8th-av., between 32d and 33d sts., second floor.

WANTED—WORK BY AN ENGLISH DRESSMAKER, to go out by the day; price moderate, with city reference. Address DRESSMAKER, at No. 119½ East 20th-st., 3d floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant as chambermaid or to take charge of children. Address M. W., No. 14 West 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook; understands it in all its branches; best of city reference. Call, for two days, at No. 25 East 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUATION as laundress. Can be seen at No. 80 West 18th-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT as nurse; fully competent of taking charge of a baby; best city reference. Call at No. 68 West 18th-st.

A LADY LEAVING THE CITY WISHES situations for her cook and chambermaid and waiter. Apply at No. 75 East 35th-st.

ALL FREE OF CHARGE.—GOOD SERVANTS can be procured, free of any charge, at the Private Servants' Institute, No. 103 West 36th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway. J. E. WEIR, proprietor.

A GOOD LAUNDRESS WISHES TO take, by the month or dozen, a family or gent's washing. Can give good reference as to ability, honesty &c. Call on or address MRS. KELLY, 261 East 14th-st., on the first floor.

COLORED DOMESTICS—AT THE FREEDmen's Bureau, No. 16 Court-st., Brooklyn, entrance on Joralemon-st., next door to Christian Commission Rooms.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY an Englishman, who thoroughly understands his business; can drive four if required; understands the breaking and training of young horses, and the treatment of all diseases to which the horse is subject; has the best of city reference as to character and capability. Address J. S., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND wife, in the country any distance; the man as farmer; is a good hand over horses and cows and can milk; the wife an excellent down stairs servant; understands managing milk and butter. Apply at No. 15 Court-st., Brooklyn, or direct to Mrs. MANNING.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a man who has had long experience in the business; he perfectly understands the care and management of horses; has the best of city reference. Address, for one week, J. W., at Mr. Lowden's, harness maker, No. 79 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY MAN as coachman; he has lived with some of the first families in the city for the last seven years; he can be highly recommended by his present and former employers as to honesty, sobriety and capability. Call or address at the private stable, for one week, J. B., No. 104 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF SOME EXperience, a situation as assistant book-keeper, or some employment where he will not have to stand much. Call on or address ASA DAVIS, care C. L. Goddard, No. 3 Bowling-green.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable young man; can give the best of reference, and has no objections to the country. Can be seen or heard from at the Protestant Employment Office, No. 125 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT single man, as coachman, in city or country; he fully understands it in every respect; has excellent reference. Apply at the Protestant Employment Office, No. 125 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR groom, by a Protestant single man in city or country; refers to his last employers. Call or address for three days private stable No. 41 West 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a man of long experience with horses and carriages; the best of city references given. Address C. M., Box No. 211 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF 21 YEARS of age, a situation in a house where he can make himself generally useful; speaks French fluently. Address Box No. 5,649 Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A single young man, who thoroughly understands his business; can give the highest City references. Call or address M. CAMPBELL, saddlery store, No. 50 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young man, as coachman; he is civil and obliging; good city reference. Address D., Box 197 *Times* Office.

HOUSEKEEPER AND GOVERNESS.—A young American widow lady, of refinement and high social standing, desires an engagement as housekeeper or children's governess. Address Mrs. C. L. ARNOT, Middletown, Conn.

HELP WANTED.

BOYS! BOYS! BOYS!

2,000 Jersey City, Hoboken, Williamsburgh, Greenpoint, New-York and Harlem boys wanted, with from 50c. to $1 capital, to make from $1 to $2 per day. Apply after 9 o'clock this A. M. to W. H. BENNETT, Room No. 7, No. 769 Broadway, corner of 9th-st.

WANTED—A GOOD SALESMAN IN A FIRST-class boot and shoe house; none but those having a large and first class trade need apply. Address Box No. 4,704, with name.

WANTED—IN A CLOTH HOUSE, A SMART, ACtive, intelligent boy, from 16 to 18 years old, who can come well recommended. Address Box No. 915, Post-office.

WANTED—A LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS—one who understands hairdressing preferred. Apply at No. 63 5th-av., between the hours of 9 and 11 A. M.

FURNITURE.

A NEW REVOLVING CASTOR.

We have just examined, at the office of A. W. GOODELL, No. 197 Broadway, a new style of Castor, to be applied to household furniture. It is the invention of a Mr. Pedrick, of Washington, D. C., and is curiously composed of a glass ball, placed in a socket of wood or metal, the interior being so constructed as to overcome all friction. It cannot be doubted that this "Ball Castor," as it is termed by the ingenious inventor, will, before long, supersede the castors now in use. As an insulator for bedsteads, it must become deservedly popular; and when placed upon the legs of pianos and melodeons, it improves both the tone and strength of the sound marvelously. The curious and practical can examine this useful article by calling upon the agent above-named.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE OF warranted manufacture. Also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamented, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1843.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.
Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing.
TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y

DENTISTRY.

N. B. GRIFFIN BROS., DENTISTS—HAVing disposed of their Brooklyn establishment, may be consulted only at No. 258 Grand-st., New-York, where they continue to insert full sets of teeth on gold or platina, $25. Silver or rubber, $10. Partial sets gold, $2 per tooth; silver, $1. Extracting, 25 cents.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGINATED the use of the Nitrous Oxide Gas We guarantee to extract teeth without pain, or make no charge. Patients are delighted with the gas. Office No. 19 Cooper Institute.

A SET OF TEETH MADE BY STEAM (something new) for $10; teeth extracted positively without pain by my new chemically purified chloroform; teeth plugged, and warranted. Dr. WAIT, No. 98 4th-av., opposite 11th-st.

DR. VA VLECK, NO. 47 BOND-ST.—THE cheapest Dentist in New-York. Call and see specimens of work. Teeth extracted without pain.

THE SALEM LEG.
UNDER THE PATRONAGE
OF THE
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.
This is the leg which is steadily supplanting the many "best legs in the world."
The reasons for this may be learned from "CIRCULAR NO. 5," just issued, which DESCRIBES the leg, sets forth its ADVANTAGES, and contains TESTIMONIALS and all other needful information.
Soldiers entitled to a government leg can receive the Salem Leg WITHOUT CHARGE. Address
SALEM LEG CO., Salem, Mass.

POLITICAL.

UNION NOMINATIONS.

At the Charter Convention held pursuant to call of the Union General Committee at headquarters, No. 654 Broadway, Nov. 28, 1864, the following candidates were nominated for support at the coming Charter Election:

ALDERMEN.

Dist.
1..Samuel Hotaling.
3..Henry Fischer.
5..——
7..William H. Gedney.*
9..Jacob A. Conover.‡

Dist.
11..Jonathan Myers.
13..Nathan C. Ely.‡
15..Charles C. Pinckney.
17..James E. Watson.*

COUNCILMEN.

Fourth Senatorial District.
John J. Davidson,
Anthony J. Oliver.‡
Chas. H. Patrick.*‡
Patrick H. Keenan.*†
James McGuire.†‡
Isaac Robinson.*†

Fifth Senatorial District.
Philip Schella,
Henry A. Smith,*
John Mudie,
Edward M. Perley,
Samuel P. Patterson,*
Eli Taylor.*

Sixth Senatorial District.
William H. Housenor.*‡
William Atkinson.*
Dater declined in favor of McLean.
Hillyer declined in favor of A. Lent.
Hoider declined in favor of Var Ort.
Denman declined in favor of Falconer.

Seventh Senatorial District.
Moses E. Cresto,
Albert E. Bogert,
G. S. Searles,
J. Solis Ritterbach,
John W. Bockhorn,*‡
Charles N. Decker.‡

COMMISSIONERS OF SCHOOLS.

Dist.
1..James B. Dupignac.*†
2..William Gardner.†‡
3..John A. Delamater.
4..Robert A. Barry.*
5..——
6..James M. McLean*†‡
7..John Wheeler.‡

TRUSTEES OF SCHOOLS.

Ward.
1..Robert B. Burke.
2..Gustavus Myers.
5..John Vogel
8..William C. Hanna.
9..Augustus F. Dow.
10..John Haywood.
11..Daniel D Wright.

Ward.
12..Wallace P. Birdsall
15..Isaac M. Phyfe.
16..James Condict.
17..Henry L. Slote.†
20..Watts C. Livingston.*‡
21..Benj B. Atterbury.†‡
22..Robert E. Stewart.‡

* United "Union." † Adopted Democratic candidates.
‡ "Citizens."

WILLIAM T. B. MILLIKEN,
President of Union Convention.
S. DRAPER,
President of Union General Committee.

TO THE CITIZENS OF THE TWENTY-FIRST WARD.

The attention of the citizens of the Twenty-first Ward is most earnestly called to the importance of electing good and competent men to the several positions to be filled at the coming Charter Election.

The Union Association of the Twenty-first Ward is therefore gratified to have it in their power to recommend to your suffrage, for the various positions to be filled, well-known citizens of the Ward, of irreproachable character and rare capacity.

Mr. EDWARD C. JOHNSON, of the firm of Squire & Johnson, residing at No. 169 Madison av., has been induced to consent to assume the duties of
ALDERMAN,
at the earnest solicitation of many of his fellow-citizens who desire to see the Ward represented in an honest and efficient manner.

Mr. Johnson is an old resident of the ward, is a landholder, and is equally concerned with those whose property is taxed to support our city. He has sterling business habits, and has held no public position, except that of a Trustee of Common Schools, in which he was distinguished for ability, economy and attention; and if elected will undoubtedly labor honestly and incessantly to bring about salutary reforms in our City Government.

Mr. WILLIAM W. PHELPS, lawyer, residing at No. 197 Madison-av., has consented to assume the duties of
COUNCILMAN.

He is a well-known citizen of the ward, thoroughly acquainted with the details of the City Government, and has intelligence, boldness and honesty to sustain him in instituting reformatory measures.

JAMES M. McLEAN, President of the Citizens' Insurance Company, is recommended for
SCHOOL COMMISSIONER,
AND
BENJAMIN B. ATTERBURY
AS
TRUSTEE.

They have both been so long identified with the educational interests of the ward and the city, as to insure the votes of all citizens who desire to sustain intelligence and efficiency in our Public Schools.

We trust that the citizens of the ward will make strenuous efforts to redeem our city from misrule and incapacity, by exerting themselves to elect the estimable citizens above mentioned.

The election takes place on Tuesday, Dec. 6th, inst.
THOMAS MURPHY, President.
ROBERT P. DUNCAN, Secretary.

EIGHTH WARD CITIZENS' UNION ASSOCIATION.

At a meeting of the Citizens' Union Association of the VIIIth Ward, held at No. 185 Spring-street., on Friday evening, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The Citizens' Association of the VIIIth Ward have nominated a Mr. W. D. Bensel, known only in the ward for his disloyalty and extreme views in favor of slavery, and the other parties, men of no certain character; therefore,

Resolved, That we repudiate such nomination, and we ask all honest citizens to support and vote for JOHN McCOOL, Esq. We defy any person to point to a blot or stain in his character or his integrity in the Board, his liberal and generous character being well known. We hereby nominate, and we request every honest man, without distinction of party, to vote for our next Alderman, JOHN McCOOL. JOHN RYAN, President.
WM. HULBERT, } Vice-Presidents.
A. L. BREWER, }
WM. WINANS, } Secretaries.
A. H. ROBINSON, }

TWENTY-FIRST WARD,
Fifteenth Aldermanic District,
Union and Tax-payer's candidate
For Alderman,
ALEXANDER BRANDON.

FIFTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.
UNITED DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.
TAMMANY AND MOZART.
At a convention held at the Adriatic, corner of Barrow and Hudson sts., on Thursday, Dec. 1,
JOHN McCOOL
was unanimously nominated for Alderman of the Fifth Aldermanic District.
DANIEL E. DELAVAN,
Chairman Tammany Hall Convention.
JOHN MACK, Secretary.
JOHN P. GAW,
Chairman Mozart Hall Convention.
SAMUEL BURHANS, Jr., Secretary.

CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION.
XVIIIth WARD.
For School Commissioner—S. WEIR ROOSEVELT.
For School Trustee—JOSEPH F. JOY.
For Councilmen.
JOHN FALCONER, CHAS. B. CORNELL,
J. WILSON GREEN, ABRAHAM LENT,
JAMES McCULLOUGH, WM. HAWKS.
CHAS. P. KIRKLAND, President.
JOHN McDONALD, Secretary.

THE PEOPLES' CHOICE.
United Union candidate for Alderman, 17th District,
(XIIth Ward,)
JAMES E. WATSON,
The workingman's friend. The tax-payer's guardian. The bitter enemy of all monopolies, and the opponent of political rings. Let every honest man vote for him, and thereby complete a reform long needed.

NINTH WARD.
UNION NOMINATIONS.
FOR SCHOOL COMMISSIONER,
JAMES W. FARR.
FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEE,
CHARLES S. WRIGHT.

FIFTEENTH WARD CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION.
For Commissioner of Common Schools.
S. WEIR ROOSEVELT.
For Trustee of Common Schools,
HENRY A. TAILER.

NINTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT SIXTEENTH WARD
UNION NOMINATION FOR ALDERMAN,
ISAAC DAYTON.
HOOPER C. VAN VORST,
President Convention.
HORATIO N. SHERWOOD, Secretary.

TWELFTH WARD UNION ASSOCIATION.
—A meeting of this Association will be held at Washington Hall, 3d-av., between Nos. 125th and 126th sts., on MONDAY, Dec. 5, 1864, at 7½ o'clock, P. M. The Executive and Finance Committees will meet at 7 o'clock, P. M.
JOHN P. CUMMING, President.
G. B. TUNISON, Secretary.

THIRD ALDERMANIC DISTRICT,
Vth and VIIIth Wards.
Union Nomination for Alderman,
JAMES M. TUTHILL.
S. S. WYCKOFF, Chairman.
H. CLAY DENNET, } Secretaries.
ANDREW J. MOORE, }

UNION NOMINATION.
For Councilman,
Seventh District—12th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d Wards,
STEPHEN ROBERTS.

FIFTEENTH WARD—UNION NOMINATIONS FOR SCHOOL OFFICERS.
For Commissioner—Fifteenth and Eighteenth Wards,
S. WEIR ROOSEVELT.
For Trustee—Fifteenth Ward,
JOHN M. KNOX.

REGULAR UNION AND CITIZENS' NOMINATION
For Alderman
of the
Eleventh Aldermanic District,
Twentieth Ward,
CORNELIUS ACKERMAN.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD UNION ASSOCIATION.—The Union voters of this ward are respectfully notified that on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 5, 1864, they can obtain complete sets of Union tickets. Headquarters Rooms open from 7 to 9½ o'clock P. M. Headquarters Twenty-first Ward Union Reading Rooms, No. 435 4th-av.
THOMAS MURPHY, President.
ROBERT P. DUNCAN, Secretary.

NINETEENTH WARD CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION.—There will be a joint meeting of this Association, and of the Executive Committee thereof, on MONDAY, Dec. 5, at 7:30 P. M., at Allen's Hall, corner of 58th-st. and 3d-av.
WILLIAM H. WEBB, President.
LEWIS L. DELAFIELD, Secretary.

TWENTY-SECOND WARD.—"PEOPLE'S" AND "CONSTITUTIONAL UNION" NOMINATION.—For Alderman of the Thirteenth Aldermanic District, HENRY MOORE, late Colonel 47th Regiment New-York Vols. CHAS. N. ROMAINE, Chairman.
A. R. TAYLOR, Secretary.

POLITICAL.

NINTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.
SIXTEENTH WARD.
For Alderman,
ISAAC DAYTON.
TO THE ELECTORS
OF THE
NINTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.

The undersigned, residents and voters in the district, desirous of electing a representative in the Board of Aldermen who will use his exertions and influence for an honest and economical administration of the Municipal Government of the City, recommend to their fellow electors of the district to

VOTE FOR ISAAC DAYTON FOR ALDERMAN, at the Charter Election, to be held on the first TUESDAY, 6th December next.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 3, 1864.

MILTON ST. JOHN,
REUBEN BURKHALTER,
THEODORE E. MACY,
BENJAMIN BABCOCK,
THOMAS CHRISTY,
EDWARD GIRAUD,
EDWARD P. CLARK,
ISAAC B. SMITH,
SAMUEL B. H. VANCE,
DAVID R. JAQUES,
JAMES RUDYARD,
JAMES CONDIE,
ANDREW A. COUTANT,
WILLIAM ORTON
HENRY CHAMBERLIN,
J. APPELL,
HOOPER C. VAN VORST,
WM. C. ZABRISKIE,
MOSES PARKER,
JEREMIAH RICKABY,
JAMES A. HILL,
GEORGE MANCHOT,
LAURISTON HALL,
SAMUEL BARCLAY,
W. SCHLEGEL,
JOHN McINTYRE,
PHILIP P. SAIER,
STEPHEN MERRITT, Jr.,
CLARENCE W. MEAD,
CHARLES S. SPENCER,
THEODORE SCHUMANN,
WM. L. MILLER,
A. A. SCHEIDEER,
GEO. H. MOORE,
PHILIP JORDAN,
MOSES JACKSON,
FREDERICK RITZ,
A. R. CUSHMAN,
JOHN MORE,
STEPHEN MITCHELL,
CHAS. C. NEVERS,
SAM. C. REED,
CHARLES DENISON,
JACOB S. MOORE,
D. A. CUSHMAN,
JOHN T. DUNKIN,
WILLIAM B. SILBER,
JAMES O. POND,
SAMUEL S. CONSTANT,
BENJAMIN C. WANDELL,
WILLIAM H. COOPER,
THEO. H. SOMMERS,
D. S. PILLSBURY,
STEPHEN MERRITT,
WM. H. LAWRENCE,
JAS. B. THOMPSON, M.D.
EDWARD GIRAUD, Jr.
HENRY LEESE,
JAMES BOYD,
F. KLUGE,
WILLIAM PAUL,
H. H. BLANKMEYER,
WM. R. STAFFORD,
E. S. PARKER,
MORDECAI L. MARSH,
DANIEL DIPNALL,
EDWARD R. HARPER,
WM. HUTCHINSON,
CHARLES J. DAY,
THEODORE MILLER,
CHAS. A. SCHLOEZER,
ROBERT A. ADAMS,
JAMES MORE,
JOHN E. KELLY,
NELSON SKINNER,
F. W. COUCH,
CHAS. P. EDWARDS,
G. LASAR,
C. E. DEBAUN,
ABRA. McBRIDE, Jr.,
CHAS. APPELL,
A. R. CUSHMAN, Jr.,
JOHN M. VANDERLIP,
A. VAN SAUN,
And many others.

THIRD ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.
Vth and Parts of IIId and VIIIth Wards.
FOR ALDERMAN,
JAMES M. TUTHILL.

TO THE CITIZENS OF THE DISTRICT: The undersigned, residents and voters in the District, solicitous of securing a good representative in the Board of Aldermen, to urge the necessity of retrenchment and reform in the administration of the City Government, do respectfully request you to vote for

JAMES M. TUTHILL

TO-MORROW, for the office of Alderman. MR. TUTHILL has been for *nine years* returned as Commissioner to the Board of Education, and has devoted his time to promote the best interests of the Public Schools. He is a wholesale merchant, possessing the requisite ability for the office, and of undoubted integrity of character.

Dec. 5, 1864.

S. S. Wyckoff,
Jos. B. Taylor,
Samuel Wyant,
Wm. H. Gilson,
Wm. C. Miller,
Jeremiah Casey,
J. J. Sillcock,
Wm. C. Hanna,
Thomas Outwater,
Daniel Howell,
Andrew Stewart,
James Pyle,
Stephen Rogers,
Royal G. Millard,
George Berbeck, Jr.,
Jacob Mohrman,
Louis McLeish,
John Ittner,
John Contrell,
Andrew W. Leggatt,
Thomas Love,
Dr. James Kennedy,
Jacob La Wall,
John Vogel,
Wm H. Wyley,
Dr. J. B. Van Kleeck,
George B. Totten,
Dr. George Wilkes,
William Harrison,
Dr. Abraham Philopeon,
Nathan Kingsley, Sr.
Andrew J. Plumb,
James Winterbottom,
Luther Horton,
Dr. F. Petit Jean,
Isaac Degarmo,
John Dunham,
Dr. Wm. S. Eager,
A. J. Barney,
Charles V. Lewis,
Horace Theall,
Thomas B. Pitman,
James Nicholson,
Detlerick Fink,
John R. Lydecker,
Mark Bishop,
Henry Fischer,
Thomas C. McRea,
John Moies,
Alfred G. Buell,
Fred. M. Patrick,
Stephen Meeks,
Edwin Magnesson,
Ludolph Germer,
And seven hundred others.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE VIITH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.
XIITH, XIXTH, XXTH, XXIST AND XXIID WARDS.
The statement that I had withdrawn from the field is incorrect.
I am the only nominee for Councilman of The Citizens' Association, Draper Union and Constitutional Union of XXTH Ward.
STEPHEN G. SEARLS.
DECEMBER 5, 1864.

BEWARE!
Mr. ISAAC DAYTON, having assumed through the public Press, to have received the indorsement of the Citizens' Association of this ward, you are respectfully referred to the following letter of the Secretary of that Association:
HEADQUARTERS CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION, XVITH WARD, }
NEW-YORK, Dec. 3, 1864. }
The Citizens' Association of this ward have made no nomination for Alderman, nor have they indorsed any candidate for that office for the ensuing charter election.
E. P. CLARKE, Secretary.

REGULAR UNION NOMINATION IN THE Eight Ward.
FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEE,
WILLIAM C. HANNA.

NINETEENTH WARD — RESIGNATION.—NEW-YORK, Dec. 3, 1864.—Gentlemen of the Councilmanic Convention of the XIXth Ward Consolidated Union Organization: Having been tendered the nomination of Councilman by your convention, and by advice of friends I deem it inexpedient for me to accept, and hereby most respectfully decline. With many sincere thanks, gentlemen, for your kind consideration, I remain your humble servant. ALBERT BOGERT.

At a meeting of the Councilmanic Convention of the XIXth Ward Consolidated Union Organization held at Headquarters, Saturday evening, Dec. 3, 1864, the above communication from Mr. Albert Bogert was received and accepted; and on motion, Mr. GEORGE H RUSS was indorsed as our candidate for Councilman in this 4th Councilmanic District. On motion, adjourned.
John E. Flagler, Thos. P. Lyons, Thos. J. Stowell, J. W. Culver, John W. T. Van Riper, Charles McCarty, S. J. Lewis, C. S. Sturgis, George F. Haw, W. W. Culver, Committee.

TENTH WARD.—I AM NOT A CANDIDATE for School Trustee of the Xth Ward, as stated in the daily papers, having declined the nominations which were so kindly offered me by the Union and Citizens' organizations. GEORGE T. PATTERSON, Esq., is the gentleman nominated in my place.
JOHN HAYWARD.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REYNOLDS TURBINE
WATER WHEELS
TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

WATER POWER WANTED.
Parties having water power for sale or to rent will please furnish description of same to TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway.

WATER-POWERS FOR SALE.
TO CAPITALISTS AND MANUFACTURERS.
We have lists of a great number of water-powers of both large and small capacity, some of them near this city. Persons in want of such property will find it to their interest to call.
Engineers skilled in making plans and estimates for buildings and machinery will be furnished when required. TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, 170 Broadway.

TO MANUFACTURERS.
A very valuable and extensive water power in this State is now offered to the public. Stream never less than 3,000 horse power. Water beautifully clear, mostly from springs. Railroad communication with this city. Land lies convenient for mills and tenements. Prices low.
Cash advances in some cases made to aid in construction of buildings.
Apply at the office of TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway.

MARBLE MANTELS.
The best place in the City to purchase cheap and well finished mantels is at
MARTIN OLSEN'S
MANTEL MANUFACTORY,
No. 326 Navy-st., and No. 66 Flatbush-av., Brooklyn Long Island, N. Y.

CARSON'S
SCOTCH PATENT
SILVER-CLEANING POWDER,
IS THE BEST IN USE.
For sale at Druggists, Grocers, and House-furnishing Stores. Wholesale, by
D. S. BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row.
WM. PARVIN, No. 1,204 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
O. TOMPKINS, No. 271 Washington-st., Boston.
CASWELL, MACK & CO., Thames-st., Newport, R. I.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

SEWING MACHINES.
All the best Sewing-machines, (NEW,) for SALE and to RENT. Also, Machines bought, exchanged and repaired. P. H. DIAMOND, No. 539 Broadway, N. Y.

CASH PAID FOR RAGS AND OLD METALS.—White rags 11 cents per pound; colors and woolens, 4 cents per pound; books and newspapers, 3 cents per pound; old brass, 25 cents per pound; copper and pewter, 35 cents per pound; lead, 10 cents per pound; at No. 15 New-Bowery, corner of Roosevelt st.

AT NO. 240 7TH-AV., A GREAT DEMAND FOR CLOTHING.—Ladies and gentlemen having any cast-off clothing, furniture, carpets, &c., will receive the highest price by calling on, or addressing Mr. or Mrs. H. COH.

TIMOTHY McCARTHY, DEALER IN second-hand clothing, No. 437 Pearl-st., New-York. The highest cash price paid for gentlemen and ladies clothing, of every description. A line addressed as above will meet with prompt attention.

MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS OF ALL KINDS. Priced catalogues sent gratis by JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., No. 924 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

STEREOPTICONS AND MAGIC LANTERNS. Priced catalogues sent gratis by JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., No. 924 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, DEC. 5, 1864.

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Two copies 1 year........5 00
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Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—THREE MAMMOTH FAT GIRLS. WEIGHING ONE TON! THREE GIANTS, TWO DWARFS, INDIAN WARRIORS, FRENCH AUTOMATONS, &C. DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENTS MORNING, AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—DON SEBASTIAN.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—MILKY WHITE—ST. GEORGE AND THE DRA-GOON.

BROADWAY THEATRE—THE POOR GENTLEMAN—THE PEOPLE'S LAWYER.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—DAY AND EVENING.

HELLER'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—MAGIC.

HIPPOTHEATRON—EQUESTRIANISM, GYMNASTICS and ACROBATIC PERFORMANCES—MATINEE.

DODWORTH HALL—ARTEMUS WARD.

HOPE CHAPEL—GLASS-BLOWERS.

DERBY GALLERY—(No. 625 Broadway)—STATUARY.

WINTER GARDEN—HAMLET.

THEATRE FRANCAIS, (Niblo's Saloon)—Every Tuesday and Saturday Evening.

ARTISTS' FUND SOCIETY—No. 625 BROADWAY.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—LA FIGLIA DEL REGIMENTO.

WALLACK'S—ROSEDALE.

CRAYON ART GALLERY—(No. 756 Broadway)—PAINTINGS.

VAN NUCHI'S MUSEUM—(No. 690 Broadway,)—A WORK OF ART.

NEW STADT THEATRE—HAMLET.

COOPER INSTITUTE—BANJO CONCERT.

NIBLO'S—THE CONNIE SOOGAH.

The List of Letters.

The list of letters remaining uncalled for in the Post-office, published officially in the columns of the NEW-YORK TIMES, can be consulted in the Business Office of the TIMES. It will be found upon a bulletin inside the building.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The intelligence from Gen. THOMAS' army continues to be favorable. No new developments have taken place since the retirement of Gen. THOMAS to the vicinity of Nashville. Our lines extend around the city in the southeast, its wings resting on the Cumberland River. The enemy's lines are within three miles of the city, in a southeastern direction. Heavy skirmishing occurred yesterday on our left, without serious results to either side. It is supposed that HOOD will not long delay an attack on our lines. The north bank of the river was patrolled by Union cavalry to prevent a crossing by the rebels. A rumor that FORREST has placed a pontoon bridge across the river above the city is contradicted. A block-house, four miles from the city on the Chattanooga road, was surrendered to the rebels yesterday, after a brave but ineffectual resistance against greatly superior numbers.

The news from Gen. SHERMAN'S army is very satisfactory. There is little doubt, from the admissions of the rebel papers, that in his march through the heart of Georgia, he has met with but little opposition from the rebel forces, and that ere this he has probably reached the vicinity of Savannah. The rebel papers make the most of an alleged repulse of KILPATRICK, and the capture of his hat. The details of his progress, obtained from rebel sources, show the effect of his destructive march through the country. It appears that he found supplies so plenty that great quantities of corn, wheat, &c., were burned, and horses, mules, sheep, swine, &c., killed on the roadside.

We publish, this morning, the very important intelligence of the final result of the great piratical scheme to seize the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's vessels, an account of the inception of which was exclusively given in the TIMES of the 18th ult. Referring to that account, our readers will remember that the plot was laid in Havanna, from which city the rebels proceeded to Panama and New Granada to carry out their villainy. Part of them arrived at Panama about Nov. 1, but found that the *Guatemala*, the vessel which they intended to seize, had sailed, and they therefore waited until the 10th ult., the day of sailing of the steamer *Salvador*. In the meantime everything had been got ready, the pirates were spotted, they were allowed to get aboard, and when thirty miles out, a guard of sixty marines suddenly appeared on the scene, and the parties were taken into custody. The details are given at length in our special account, and are very interesting. Our maritime interests on the Pacific have thus escaped a great calamity.

The details of the late expedition to Stony Creek show it to have been a most successful affair. A large amount of military supplies were destroyed, and a considerable number of prisoners captured. Our forces returned in safety, having sustained but trifling loss.

GENERAL NEWS.

There was a further large business in Government Stocks on Saturday. Gold fell to 228@227½ per cent. The Railway dealings were light. Money easy.

The steamship *North Star*, from Aspinwall Nov. 18, arrived at this port last evening. She brings $367,269 35 in treasure.

The steamship *Edinburgh*, of the Inman line, with Liverpool dates to the 16th, arrived here yesterday. The *Edinburgh's* news is anticipated by the *China*.

REBEL RHETORIC.—The English *Law Times*, when commenting upon Mr. CHAUNCEY SHAFFER'S remarkable defence of MULLER in this city, assigned the badness of Northern rhetoric as one of the excuses for secession. It said the "cultivated gentlemen" of the South could not stand it. We commend to its attention the following specimen of Southern rhetoric, extracted from the recent message of Gov. WATTS, of Alabama. The consequences, he says, of any attempt on the part of Southerners at home to make peace would be, that—

> "Civil war would be inaugurated, and the red stream of eternal strife, swelling like the molten lava from some volcanic crater, through every avenue of these States, would flow, annihilating, deluging with its burning avalanche every landmark of civilization. The horrors of this public war between two contending nations (for ours is no civil war) would be but twilight hour compared with Cimmerian darkness. The midnight pall of despotism would forever envelop in its murky folds every spark of public liberty. But I forbear. The picture is too dark for contemplation."

In this awful picture an "avalanche" flowing from a "volcanic crater" "deluges the landmarks of civilization." A red-hot avalanche deluging a landmark is one of those phenomena which rarely rise before the mind of anybody at the North, except gentlemen who are under the influence of a "red stream" of bad whisky flowing from the "volcanic crater" of a grogshop; and the comparison of "twilight hour" to "Cimmerian darkness" is also one with which the Northern imagination, rich as it is, is not familiar. It rarely occurs to any one here that there is any possible resemblance between six o'clock and deep gloom, or in fact between any point of time, and the entire or partial absence of light. "Enveloping" a "spark" in "the murky folds" of a "pall," is also an exploit of which we are satisfied even Mr. SHAFFER, in his most poetical moods, never dreamed. We are not surprised that Gov. WATTS himself should, after having mentioned it, have determined to "forbear." The picture certainly *is* pretty dark, and if he finds it "too dark for contemplation," how must we feel?

Congress.

Both Houses of Congress assemble in Washington to-day. The Houses being already organized, the public business will be at once proceeded with. The main business of the day will be to listen to the President's annual Message, if, as expected, it be sent in. The document is awaited with profound interest by the whole country.

Retrenchment—The Duty of Congress.

One of the most important questions which will come before the next Congress and the new Administration, will be the question of National Retrenchment. For the first three years of the war, the nation has conducted the struggle on the principle of immense outlays of money and men, to accomplish great results speedily. By the pouring forth of life and means in a profusion unknown in history, we have acquired a domain from the rebellion whose importance to us could never be estimated in money, and we have gone far toward crushing an outbreak which, under a different system of attacks, might have lasted a generation.

But we have now reached a new turn in the struggle. The Confederacy, as Lieut.-Gen. GRANT says, "is only a shell," and though we have not yet thoroughly cracked it, Gen. SHERMAN is rapidly proceeding with the effort. Immense levies of new troops are no longer so necessary to us. What we need now more, are compact, highly-disciplined armies of reasonable dimensions. SHERMAN'S Georgia army, at this moment, does not probably number over fifty thousand of all arms, and may be less. And yet a hundred thousand new levies could do nothing against it, and, in all probability, it will yet have the honor of giving the *coup de grace* to the rebellion. There will be, in the future, discharged veterans enough in the country to form new armies, which, though small, will be most formidable. It is possible that in many instances our Generals have had more men than they could fairly manage.

But however this may be, it is certain that the time has arrived for a strict national retrenchment. We are spending at a frightful rate. Our taxes are stretched almost to the extremity. The gold-bearing loans will soon come to an end, from the limit fixed by the gold returned in duties. New loans will be placed and readily taken, but they cannot meet probably one-half of our daily expenditure. Production itself—the measure of our wealth—is already feeling the effect of the loss of labor, and has diminished in the most important cereals about seven per cent. during the last year, instead of increasing, as we had hoped it would do. It is true that the most remarkable and fortunate development of our mineral resources during the last three years, in the produce of the mines of Colorado and Nevada, and the sudden discovery of petroleum in immense quantities, give us much hope for the future. Still we are spending on a gigantic scale. There is a limit even to the power of this nation in bearing a public debt. It should always be borne in mind that national bankruptcy is among the things possible. Of the crushing of the rebellion there can be no doubt, but it may be gained through the destruction of the public credit. Bankruptcy in the Free States would be a calamity, of which in all the material evils of this war we have never yet experienced even the resemblance.

We do not dwell on this aspect for the sake of alarming the public mind, but to impress on those who will influence the approaching Congress the vast importance of reducing expenses. We are convinced that the main departments of the Government have been managed with honesty, as all admit they have been with great energy; but in a vast administration such as is ours in this war, with a million men in the field, with immense navies and the whole surplus of the richest country on the globe piled up to the command of the Government, with employes without number, with purchases for millions continually being made, and contracts on a scale not witnessed since NAPOLEON'S wars, we may reasonably suppose that there must be here and there waste and leakage, and dishonest servants, and causeless expenditure, and extravagance, and useless outlay. Not the purest and most virtuous Administration in the world could entirely prevent all this. It is to this that Congressional investigation should be turned, and here the remedies for our financial evils must be applied more than to the legislation on gold and the regulation of the currency.

The problem is simple. We are spending perhaps four times our income. We have but two paths out of the difficulty: to borrow from the future, or to reduce our expenses. The latter, we believe, can now be done with safety. We must have compacter armies; reduce our navy; cut off that large number of private vessels under commission which are forever entailing expenses and doing nothing; draw in useless garrisons; cut off the thousands of now superfluous officers, and those drawing pay but performing no service. The various Government charities to white refugees and black freed people, should all be rigidly stricken off.

We believe a thorough and patient investigation and effort would stop up innumerable leaks over the whole country. The time has come for the most thorough revision of our war expenses. That the Government is cheated a great deal by contracts we doubt, for, according to our observation, the contractors' jobs with the Government have not been, generally, very profitable enterprises to their undertakers. But what we fear is, that the Governmental expenditure is on too large a scale for our means, and must, in some way or other, be reduced, or the whole nation will plunge into the abyss of bankruptcy. We invoke the early consideration of this vital subject by our legislators and public men.

Municipal Reform.

The *Evening Post* opposes with force and plausibility our suggestion that the scope and powers of the City Commissions, which, alike in their organization and practical workings, have earned public confidence, should be enlarged. It concedes that they have worked well, but thinks this is because they have little to do, and fears that, with more patronage and responsibility, they would lose their virtue. Possibly this might prove true; but the presumption is at least quite as strong the other way. The reason why our new police works better than the old one, is because it is more removed from party politics, more independent in its tenure of office, more directly responsible, and appointed in a way to secure better men at its head. The result of all these advantages is that it preserves better order than the old one. Would not the same reasons render it probable, at least, that it would also clean the streets better? Possibly it might fail there, but the chances are against failure; and the need of reform is so great as to warrant the risk. And so of other departments.

But the *Post's* objection to the plan is more fundamental. It distrusts the whole scheme of government by commissions, and insists upon the principle of governing ourselves by popular election, as the essential feature of our institutions which ought not to be abandoned. We agree thoroughly with the *Post* so far as principles of government are really involved in the question. But the matters we have mainly in view have really very little to do with *government* in any important sense of that word. The hiring of men to sweep the streets, for example, is simply a matter of business—involving no great principles, touching in no way personal rights or public liberties:—and it is no more essential to a free Government that this should be done by a popular vote than it is that the running of a railroad or the business of a bank should be done in that way. The same thing is true of very much of the detail of what is called city government. It is not "government" in any strict sense of the word—in any sense which implies any direct or close relation with the principles and fundamental ideas of civil rule and authority; and therefore it need not be regulated by any rigid adherence to those principles and ideas. We do not in any degree depart from the essential features of our popular institutions when we confide the cleaning of the streets, the sanitary control of the city, the care of the parks, or the preservation of public order, to bodies of men appointed by other agencies than a popular election.

The *Post* makes another plea in this matter, which deserves attention:

> "Local self-government is the peculiar invention, badge, and, we may say, glory, of our race, and to abandon it would be to abandon the best part of free democratic institutions, *which is not their efficiency as means to ends*, as the direct machinery of government, but their *educative influence* in accustoming and training the whole body of the people to the intelligent self-control and restraint implied in the exercise of self-government."

To a certain extent this is true when applied to government in the large and exact sense of the word. But the direct object of local machinery for municipal regulation is more practical. The object of a police force is to preserve public order. The object of a department for cleaning streets is to clean them. The direct object of sanitary inspection is the preservation of the public health. And the worth of these departments of City Government is measured exactly by the degree to which each attains, practically and actually, its specific object. The "educative influence" of these agencies is altogether a subordinate matter. Their first and main value, their "best part," is to be found in the extent to which they serve as means to these practical and desirable ends.

The main reason why we are not likely to secure any effective City Reform, is that our people are more anxious to maintain a *theory* of government, than to attain the practical *ends* of government. There is always danger from this tendency, though, on the whole, it is a necessary safeguard for the defence of popular institutions. But it is a mistake, both of theory and practice, to apply it too rigidly to the affairs of municipal corporations. To a very great extent these bodies are for *business*, rather than government. They do not fall under the rules which regulate the distribution of political power. They have nothing to do with making laws which touch personal rights, or personal liberties; and, therefore, the principle which requires all such laws to emanate directly from the popular will, is not essential to them.

The Piratical Plot Against the Pacific Steamers.

On the 18th of November, the TIMES contained an exclusive account, derived from authentic sources, of a desperate scheme, matured by a band of rebel pirates, to capture one or more of the Pacific Mail Company's steamships, on the Panama coast. The full history of the plot, and all the particulars bearing upon its detection and frustration at Panama, were published (again exclusively) in our issue of yesterday, and may be read in our columns of to-day.

The first ground of felicitation suggested by the full report now before us is, that while the intended piracy was discovered in a neutral port, the United States officer, Admiral PEARSON, on whom its prevention primarily depended, maintained throughout a most scrupulous regard for the sovereign rights of the State of Panama. It will probably strike not a few of our readers that the Admiral's keen sense of honor almost carried him to the verge of weakness. And yet, we feel assured that the sober conclusion of men truly loyal to the Government will be that Admiral PEARSON has done credit to himself, credit to the service, credit to the country, not less in the capture of this gang of rebel ruffians, than in reaching his purpose by judicious means, such means as will need no revision by his Government.

The main facts connected with the plot are briefly these: The pirates, said to number in all twenty-three, were organized at Havana early in October. Their leaders were furnished with commissions from the "Confederate Navy," similar to those used by BRAINE and his North Atlantic pirate squad. Their plan was to reach Panama before the sailing of the steamer *Guatemala*, which was to leave on the 25th of October, to get on board after the manner practiced by BRAINE, and then get forcible possession of the vessel out at sea. They missed the *Guatemala*, and the same vessel which brought them from St. Thomas brought also to our Consul at Panama a full description of their persons, and ample details of their mission.

Before the steamer succeeding the *Guatemala*, therefore, took her turn, there was good time for preparation. The *Salvador* was advertised for the 10th of November, and the pirates, in perfect ignorance that their plot was known, went coolly to work and shipped a quantity of powder on board her as freight—avowedly for blasting purposes in the State of Guatemala. The Captain of the *Salvador* and Admiral PEARSON, commanding at the Pacific, meanwhile looked quietly on. The steam corvette *Lancaster* was anchored close to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer *Sacramento*, and at a distance sufficiently convenient to the doomed vessel *Salvador* not to excite suspicion. After the passengers were all booked and on board, a force which had been detached from the *Lancaster* in small boats was put on board; the corvette herself having steamed out of the bay ahead of the *Salvador*, so that when the time for action arrived the capture should be made outside of Colombian waters. The arrangements were found perfect in all their details. They worked in fact like a charm. The ruffians were all secured before they knew that they were even suspected.

With the same regard to international obligations which marked his arrangements for capturing the pirates, Admiral PEARSON, it will be seen, has asked of the President of the State of Panama permission to transfer them to the east coast of the Isthmus overland. It seems this is a power which does not rest in President CALANCHA, but in the Colombian Confederation. Otherwise, there is no doubt it would have been granted.

The aim of this gang of Pacific pirates was primarily to take the *Guatemala*, with her secure the *Salvador*, intercept and capture the California steamers, then proceed to the Chincha Islands, capture the American merchantmen there, and wind up by a promiscuous raid among our Pacific whaling fleet. This is the desperate project Admiral PEARSON has thwarted with such admirable prudence and success.

City Politics.

In the First Aldermanic District SAMUEL HOTALING, the (Draper) Union candidate has withdrawn. THOMAS STEWART is the nominee of the Citizens' Association; he is the present Justice of the District Court.

In the Third District JAMES M. TUTHILL, is the Union and Citizens Candidate for Alderman. He is a wholesale merchant of well-known business character, an old resident of the Fifth Ward, and a citizen of well-known character and integrity. He has been for some time a member of the Board of Education, and will make a valuable and reliable member of the Common Council.

In the Fifth District ALEX. H. KEECH, is the Union candidate. He is a man of sterling character, and deserves a general support. He has been a member of the other board, and has earned a high reputation for integrity and business ability. He is a practical printer, an active and public-spirited citizen, and will, we hope, be elected.

In the Seventh District WILLIAM H. GEDNEY, the Union nominee, is also a most excellent and worthy candidate. He is a man of character and position in the community, and of unspotted integrity. His business is that of a practical builder, and in the Ninth Ward, where he has long resided and is well known, no man is more highly esteemed. We trust he will have the hearty support of all who desire good men in office.

In the Ninth District ISAAC DAYTON, of the Sixteenth Ward, is the Republican candidate against two Democrats. He has been a member of the Board, and has shown himself a resolute and thorough-going opponent of every thing which he deemed corrupt or wrong. He has ability, industry and integrity, and ought to be elected.

In the Fifteenth District, (Twenty-first Ward,) the candidates on all sides are unusually numerous. The Citizens' Association have nominated an active Democrat, and the only Union candidate, we believe, is E. C. JOHNSON, Esq., who is well known as an active and effective Republican.

The Union nominations for Councilmen in the Sixth Senatorial District are of good and reliable men. J. WILSON GREEN is a well-known lawyer, a citizen of the Fifteenth Ward, and a gentleman of character and ability; and Messrs. LENT, VAN NORT, and others on the ticket with him, are also worthy of general and cordial support.

JAMES W. FARR, the candidate for School Commissioner in the Third District, has already been mentioned by us as deserving a hearty support. He has had a good deal of experience in school matters, and is in every way competent for the efficient and satisfactory performance of the duties of the position. We hope, in the interest of the city, that he will be elected.

In the Fifth District (Fifteenth and Eighteenth Wards) S. WEIR ROOSEVELT, who is nominated by the Union and other associations for School Commissioner, is also an excellent candidate. His personal character is deservedly high, and the manner in which he has discharged the duties of the post on previous occasions, has commended him warmly to the favor of the district. No one has devoted more time and attention to the schools in his ward, and his habit of visiting the class-rooms and personally assuring himself of their condition, has given him unusual and extensive information in regard to the working of the system. He has filled a vacancy during the year in the Board of Education, where he moved the well known Fourth Ward resolution.

Amusements.

The "Daughter of the Regiment" will be given at the Academy of Music to-night, for the first time in two years. Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG interprets the *rôle* of the heroine, and will be supported by Sig. LOTTI and Sig. SUSINI. This charming opera could not be cast more acceptably. To-morrow (Tuesday) evening "Don Sebastian" will be repeated. It grows so steadily in public favor that a large attendance is already certain. The box-book-sheet is the best of thermometers.

Elsewhere we notice that Mr. and Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS commence an engagement at Niblo's Garden to-night, appearing in the favorite drama of the "Connie Soogah;" at the Winter Garden Mr. EDWIN BOOTH continues his superb performance of "Hamlet." The tragedy has never been so well produced here, and never so well played; at the Olympic Theatre Mrs. WOOD plays in "St. George and the Dragoon," and her company in "Milky White;" at Wallack's "Rosedale;" at the Broadway Theatre Mr. J. E. OWENS essays a new rôle in BUCKSTONE'S two act comedy of "The Happiest Day of my Life," and repeats his truly grand rendering of *Solon Shingle* in the "People's Lawyer;" at the French Theatre (to-morrow night) "Les Poseurs;" at Barnum's Museum there will in future be three performances every day and evening; at the first, 11 A. M., the "Hole in the Wall;" at the second, 3 P. M., "Martin, the Privateer;" at the third, at 7½, "Deborah." The last-named piece is produced for the first time, and is a translation from MOSENTHAL'S celebrated drama of the same name. Miss BATEMAN made her great success in an adaptation of this drama, called "Leah," and the scenes are sufficiently effective to insure the success of the play, even in the absence of the talented lady in question. At Cooper Institute, to-night, Mr. CHAS. E. DOBSON, assisted by various artists, gives his first banjo concert. Mr. DOBSON is reputed to be one of the best performers on the instrument.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Dec. 4.

THE MESSAGE.

The President's Message is in print, and will be, in point of length, about the same as last year. The President takes a very hopeful view of the situation, both in regard to finances and military operations. He purposes that the expenses of the war be paid by direct taxation, thereby maintaining our National credit. He also advocates an amendment to the Constitution entirely abolishing slavery, and shows that so far as men are concerned, we have now a larger able-bodied population than when the war began; and that the country is far from being exhausted either in men or money.

The message will be delivered on Tuesday. The Treasury report is not yet completed, and will not be delivered to Congress for several days.

THE DRAFT IN KENTUCKY.

A delegation from Kentucky, consisting of Messrs. GEO. H. YEAMAN, W. P. D. BUSH, and Cols. ALFRED ALLEN and C. D. PENNYBAKER, have been here for some days for the purpose of obtaining an order to stop the draft in Kentucky. The result of their last conference on Saturday with the President, the Secretary of War, and the Provost-Marshal-General, was successful, and an order was issued stopping further drafting in that State.

THE NEW ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

Hon. JAMES SPEED, of Kentucky, arrived here this morning. He has not yet formally accepted the tendered Attorney-Generalship, but will, undoubtedly, as he has been urged to do so to-day by prominent Kentuckians of all parties.

THE CHIEF-JUSTICESHIP.

The leading topic of discussion for the last few days is the Chief-Justiceship. Hon. MONTGOMERY BLAIR alleges that he is sure of getting the appointment. In the event of the failure of Gov. CHASE to receive the appointment, Judge DAVIS will probably get it. The President is understood to hold that Maryland is entitled to be represented on the Bench. If he adheres to that idea, Mr. BLAIR stands a pretty good chance of being appointed Associate Justice.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Dec. 4.

CONGRESS.

There is now nearly a quorum of Members of Congress in Washington. Many will come by to-morrow morning's train.

THE MESSAGE.

It cannot yet be ascertained with certainty whether the President's Message will be transmitted to Congress to-morrow or on Tuesday.

THE REPORTS OF THE SECRETARIES.

The only reports printed are those of the Secretary of the Navy and the Postmaster-General. That of the Secretary of the Interior will be placed in the printer's hands to-morrow. The reports of the other departments are not yet completed.

Escaped Union Prisoners.

KNOXVILLE, Saturday, Dec. 3.

The following named escaped prisoners have arrived here within the past three days: Capts. A. Grant, Nineteenth Wisconsin; A. S. Goodrich, New-York Cavalry; Lewis Nolan, Second Delaware Artillery; A. Robbin, Third Ohio. Lieuts. C. A. Brown, First Virginia Cavalry; C. B. Lewis, First New-York Dragoons; A. Powell, Forty-second Illinois; E. Gordon, Eighty-first Indiana; J. H. Cowan, First Virginia Cavalry; J. M. Thornbury, Kentucky Infantry; Sergt. Moses Crow, One Hundredth Pennsylvania; H. A. Scott, Twenty-first Wisconsin; and C. F. Pattoon, Eighteenth Connecticut.

They escaped from different prisons, and at different dates, and have been from one to two months making their way hither, traveling night and day through the swamps, thickets and mountains of the Carolinas and Georgia.

IMPORTANT FROM PORT ROYAL.

EXPEDITION OF GEN. FOSTER.

Attempt to Tap the Charleston and Savannah Railroad.

ITS PROBABLE SUCCESS.

By the arrival of the steamship *Fulton*, on Saturday evening, we have intelligence from Port Royal to the 30th ult. We learn that the publication of newspapers at that place has been, for the present, prohibited, and that all citizens had been enrolled, and are now used for the protection of the place, as a movement of some unknown character had taken place, and the troops ordered away. An expedition had sailed from Port Royal previously, but no information could be gained relative to either of the above movements from the officers of the *Fulton*.

HILTON HEAD, Wednesday, Nov. 30—11 A. M.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

I have come round to Hilton Head this morning, and find that FOSTER'S expedition landed at Boyd's Point, on the Broad River, yesterday morning, and *were to strike the Savannah and Charleston Railroad at Grahamsville, twelve miles from the point of debarkation.* They marched out yesterday, finding nothing to oppose them but cavalry, who didn't oppose, but skedaddled. This morning I have heard heavy firing in the direction of the railroad. The Captain of the steam transport *Houghton*, just from the front, having left Boyd's Point at 9:30 A. M., says that the report was current when he left, that our forces had captured seven miles of the railroad, and were still advancing. He says the firing this morning is very heavy. I do not credit the story of the capture of so much of the railroad. The country is very impracticable for the movement of troops, and FOSTER could scarcely have got on so fast.

At Hilton Head we are all hopeful of FOSTER'S success in taking the railroad and holding it, thus cutting off communication between Charleston and Savannah.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

HILTON HEAD, S. C., Wednesday Nov. 30, 1864.

Yesterday morning at three o'clock, Major-Gen. J. G. FOSTER, commanding the Department of the South, sailed from Port Royal and proceeded up Broad River to Boyd's Point, five miles below Pocotaligo bridge.

Upon his arrival there the General ordered the disembarkation of his forces and succeeded in effecting a landing without opposition.

After landing and forming his columns the General ordered the troops to advance. Gen. J. P. HATCH, with his command, led the van, and Gen. POTTER brought up the rear with his reserve corps.

The column had moved but a short distance when the advance detachment encountered seven rebel pickets, and after some successful manœuvring and a spirited charge captured the entire number.

The latest information received here from the scene of operations is to the effect that Gen. FOSTER made an immediate attack on Pocotaligo bridge, and after a sharp fight succeeded in capturing it, obliging the garrison to evacuate summarily and hastily.

By the capture of the bridge, large quantities of cotton fell into the hands of our forces. For want of sufficient transportation, the cotton is being destroyed.

Two former attempts have been made upon this position, but so persistent was the opposition of the enemy that both were abandoned. In the present instance Gen. FOSTER has succeeded in its capture without the loss of a single man.

FROM PANAMA.

Arrival of the Steamship North Star.

The Atlantic mail steamship *North Star*, Capt. A. G. JONES, sailed from Aspinwall Nov. 18, in company with convoy U. S. gunboat *Augusta*. While crossing the Caribbean Sea encountered strong north-easterly winds and head sea. Nov. 20, passed the steamer *Costa Rica*, hence for Aspinwall. After passing the West India Islands, had strong northerly gales, with heavy head sea. Nov. 26, owing to an accident to her machinery, the convoy made signals of distress, and being completely disabled, took her in tow for Port Royal, arriving there at 4 P. M. Nov. 28. After receiving on board an additional supply of coal and stores, left Hilton Head Dec. 1, and arrived here on Sunday at 10:30 A. M.

SPECIE LIST.

Atlantic and Pacific Steamship Co.....	$15,200	J. Strauss, Bros & Co.....	$60,000
A. R. Rosenbaum & Co.....	16,900	Duncan, Sherman & Co.....	34,558
Scholle & Bros.....	30,600	Wm. T. Coleman & Co.....	30,000
H. Cohn & Co.....	35,000	Wells, Fargo & Co..	67,180
A. Rich & Bro.....	14,000		
J. B. Newton & Co..	45,000		
Dewitt, Kittle & Co..	19,900	Total.....	$367,269

PANAMA, Wednesday, Nov. 16.

The political news from Central America is not important. The yield of cotton in the States of Guatemala and Salvador will be very large, notwithstanding the extensive ravages made in the crops in some localities by the worm. The indigo crop in both States is said to be an average one, but the price is very high, from $1 12½ to $1 25 per pound being asked last month.

The steamer *Inca* arrived from Guayaquil on the 10th inst., but brought no news of interest. The revolution in Ecuador is completely annihilated. Several persons have been shot there lately on the charge of being connected with the late troubles.

F. W. RIVERS, Esqs., United States Consul at Aspinwall, leaves to-day for New-York.

The United States steamer *Lancaster* and sloop *St. Marys* are still here.

Return of Col. Yorke's Expedition—Heavy Capture of Rebel Arms.

CAIRO, Saturday, Dec. 3.

The steamer *Lima*, from Memphis on the evening of the 2d inst., has arrived here, and reports that Col. YORKE'S expedition had returned to Memphis, having succeeded in capturing 900 stand of arms at Osceola, which were on the way from Selma, Alabama, to Gen. PRICE.

The steamer *Continental* sunk at Devil's Island in the Mississippi River this morning. No particulars have been received as yet.

From New-Orleans.

The steamer *Merrimac* from New-Orleans, Nov. 27, brings no news. The steamer *Ariel* from New-York, and *Oriental* from Boston, arrived there on the 26th.

The New-Orleans cotton market was unsettled, and $1 25 was refused for middling.

Thirteen thousand four hundred barrels of flour, for transhipment to the North, arrived at New-Orleans from the West on the 26th ult.

The Wisconsin Election.

MADISON, Wis., Sunday, Dec. 4.

The official canvass of the election in the State of Wisconsin shows the following result:

Home vote, for LINCOLN, 68,906; for MCCLELLAN, 62,494. Union majority 6,412.

The soldiers' vote is not all in yet.

Brig on Fire.

WOOD'S HOLE, Mass., Sunday, Dec. 4.

A hermaphrodite brig in Wood's Hole has taken fire and burns rapidly.

SIX P. M.—She remains burning, and her masts have fallen.

Arrivals in the City.

Hon. Thomas G. Alvord, Lieut. Governor elect of this city; Hon. J. E. English, Member of Congress from New Haven, Connecticut; Hon. A. Goodrich, Ex-Consul to Belgium from the United States; Lieut. Commander O. F. Stanton, United States Navy; Col. T. D. Johns, United States Army; and R. Biddle Roberts, Pennsylvania, are at the Astor House.

Commander Hitchcock, of the United States Navy, left the Astor House yesterday for West Point.

Several Members of Congress, who arrived in the city during the latter part of last week, from New-England and some of the Western States, proceeded to Washington on Saturday evening and yesterday morning.

Hon. J. B. Farnsworth, of Illinois, and J. J. Jackson, of Virginia, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Prisoners at Macon, Georgia.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Permit me, for the information of those interested, to make a short statement of what came under my observation concerning Federal prisoners while I was recently imprisoned at Macon, Ga., and on my way to and from that place.

On the passage of a Government railroad train from Chattanooga to Nashville, Aug. 7, it was captured by guerrillas and destroyed. All persons on the train (19) were taken prisoners, but those who would take the oath of allegiance to the Southern Confederacy were released, and those who would not were held. This latter number included my husband, De Witt Parker, and myself; George De Mill, of Michigan; Albert Stevens, Eugene Baker and Wm. Dean of New-York, and Hiram Barker, of Pennsylvania. My husband, Geo. De Mill and Wm. Dean were wounded when the guerrillas fired into the train. We immediately started for Macon, passing through Decatur, Tuscaloosa, Opelika and Columbus, arriving Aug. 16. We were imprisoned in the jail, my husband until his death, Oct. 23, and myself until released, Oct. 26. About the 14th of October, James Saunders, of the Eighty-third Massachusetts Infantry, died of pneumonia. He was a graduate of Williams College, Mass. About Oct. 16 Frederick Hines, of the Twenty-third New-Hampshire Infantry, and James Sullivan, of the Fourth New-Hampshire Infantry, died of chronic diarrhœa. Oct. 18, Orin Fairchild, of the Eighth Michigan Cavalry, died of consumption, and a few days previous Wm. Gowen, of the Wisconsin Silver Greys, died.

Oct. 26, in company with George De Mill, of Michigan, and Wm. Dean, of Pennsylvania, I started for the North, and arrived in this city on the 24th inst. While at Macon I learned that a short time previous to my arrival there, an order had been issued prohibiting prisoners putting their heads out of the windows of the prison, under penalty of being shot. In violation of that order, Oscar White, of Iowa, and Richard Williams, of Missouri, lost their lives.

Yours truly, &c., Mrs. FRANCES C. PARKER.
CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 30, 1864.

DECLINATION.—Mr. HAMLIN BABCOCK wishes to state that not having accepted the nomination for Councilman he is not a candidate.

ARREST OF SOUTHERNERS.—Yesterday morning the Dectective Police made a wholesale arrest of about forty Southerners, who had omitted to comply with the registry order. They were examined, but with what result the reporter had not learned at a late hour.

Of every million of Americans, 500,000 are more or less dyspeptic. But they are so of their own accord, for in that simple, agreeable, pure and harmless vegetable tonic, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, there is a balm for every variety of the "National Disease." Statistics prove that the cases diminish in number in a ratio with the consumption of the Specific. Sold everywhere. New-York Office, No. 59 Cedar-st.

It is Not a Dye.

Life, Growth and Beauty to the Hair.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's Hair Restorer and Dressing arrests the fall and never fails to restore gray hair to its natural color and produce a luxuriant growth.

For sale at Depot No. 198 Greenwich-st., and by all Druggists.

Perry's
MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION.

Chloasma, or Moth Patches. Lentigo or Freckles, blemishes in the face called moth, are very annoying, particularly to ladies of light complexion, as the discolored spots on the face show more strongly on blondes than brunettes; but they contribute greatly in marring the beauty on either; and anything that will effectually remove them without injuring the skin in texture or color, would be considered a great achievement in medical science. Dr. B. C. PERRY, who has made diseases of the skin a specialty, has discovered an infallible remedy for the removal of moth, freckles and other discolorations from the face without injuring the skin in texture or color. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond-st., New York. For sale by all druggists. Call for Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion.
WEEKS & POTTER, No. 170 Washington-st., Boston,
Wholesale Agents for New England.

Diamond Parlor Matches.—These Matches are the BEST IN THE WORLD, SURE FIRE, WITHOUT SULPHUR, no disagreeable smell, and a luxury and comfort to smokers and people with weak lungs. For wholesale and retail, by
THE LODI MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
No. 66 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

If You Want to Know, &c., Read
MEDICAL COMMON SENSE,
A curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Price, $1 50. To be had at all news depots. Contents tables mailed free. Address
Dr. E. B FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, N. Y

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Low Pressure Steam Heating Apparatus,
BAKER, SMITH & CO., No. 182 Centre-st.

Holiday Hats, Caps and Furs.
Seekers for desirable, durable and stylish HATS will do well to call on WHITE, THE HATTER, before purchasing.
Ladies in want of Furs will find a choice selection at WHITE'S, No. 216 Broadway.
N. B.—Also, Military Goods in great variety.

Richmond.
REDUCED PRICES—NO HUMBUG.
Boots, Shoes, &c., at prices from 3 to 15 per cent. less than previous to Nov. 1. The best French work always on hand, and made to measure promptly. Also ladies' and children's work, ready made and to measure, at No. 250 Fulton-st., N. Y. C. C. RICHMOND.

Economical Housekeepers Use

PYLE'S SALERATUS.	PYLE'S O. K. SOAP.
PYLE'S CREAM TARTAR.	PYLE'S BLUEING POWDER.
PYLE'S BAKING SODA.	PYLE'S STOVE POLISH.

Articles designed for all who want the best goods, full weight. Sold by best Grocers everywhere. Each package bears the name of JAMES PYLE,
Manufacturer, New-York.

Measles are prostrating the Volunteers by hundreds; the hospitals are crowded with them. Soldiers, be warned in time. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are positively infallible in the cure of this disease; occasional doses of them will preserve the health, even under the greatest exposures. If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug-store in his place, let him write to me, No. 80 Maiden-lane, inclosing the amount, and I will mail a box, free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand, because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1 40 per box or pot.

Piano-Fortes. — WM. B. BRADBURY'S New Scale Pianos have attained a popularity as a superior first-class piano, unpreceden ed in the history of the trade. After the most thorough and severe trials by Gottschalk, Mason, Mills, Sanderson, Fradel, Morgan, Heller, Timm, Patterson, and many others of the most competent judges, they are pronounced "superior in power, purity, richness, equality of tone, and thoroughness of workmanship." See their letter in my last circular. Warerooms No. 427 Broome-st., one block east of Broadway. WM. B. BRADBURY.

A Card.—THE METROPOLITAN BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM.—E. A. BROOKS, having, for the greater convenience of himself and customers, removed from his old store in Fulton-st., and concentrated his business at his old and commodious Broadway store, is now prepared to offer for the inspection of his patrons, the most beautiful assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, to be found in this city. His stock of goods comprise every variety of styles for ladies, gents, misses, boys and children. The public are invited to call and examine at No. 575 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.

Howard Association.—Diseases of the Nervous, Seminal and Urinary Organs. New and reliable treatment. Reports sent free of charge, in sealed envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, No. 2 South 9th-st., Philadelphia, Penn.

Marvin's Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Safes for offices and dwellings never mould their contents. MARVIN & Co., No. 265 B'way

Ivory and Pearl Jewelry, Latest Styles.—WM. M. WELLING, No. 571 Broadway, sign of the Golden Elephant.

Lorin Brooks & Son, Winter Boots, Shoes and Balmorals in great variety, at low prices, No. 434 Broadway.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines. No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Corns, Bunions, Enlarged Joints, and all Diseases of the Feet cured by Dr. ZACHARIE, No. 760 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

33 Second-hand Safes, of different Makers, (taken in exchange,) for sale cheap, by MARVIN & CO., No. 265 Broadway.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50c., Black or Brown—Reliable. Depot, No. 1 Barclay-st. Sold by all druggists.

Electricity Applied by Dr. Chamberlain, No. 80 Bond-st., for the cure of acute and chronic diseases.

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.
FOR THE CURE OF
COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, HOARSENESS, DIFFICULT BREATHING, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT, BRONCHIAL TUBES AND LUNGS, LEADING TO CONSUMPTION.

This infallible remedy is composed of the *Honey* of the plant Horehound, in chemical union with *Tar-Balm*, extracted from the LIFE PRINCIPLE of the forest tree *Abies Balsamea*, or Balm of Gilead.

The Honey of Horehound *soothes and scatters* all irritations and inflammations, and the Tar-Balm *cleanses and heals* the throat and air passages leading to the lungs. *Five* additional ingredients keep the organs cool, moist and in healthful action. Let no prejudice hinder you from testing this sovereign remedy of an illustrious physician and chemist, who himself thoroughly tested it for years in his extensive private practice. It is safe, sure and pleasant, the Tar-Balm being entirely free from the offensive qualities of common tar.

PRICE, 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE. For sale by all Druggists. CHARLES DOWNER, General Agent, No. 44 Cedar-st., New-York.

To All Using Steam Power.

Twenty-five per cent. in fuel saved and a perfect regulation of the motion effected by using "STEWART'S PATENT CUT-OFF AND GOVERNOR VALVE" for marine and stationary engines. No change is required in the engine or boiler for the application of this cut-off.

All communications should be addressed to R. STEWART & CO., No. 31 Pearl-st., New-York, or to the Manufactory, Elmira, N. Y.

We refer all interested in steam power to the following parties, who are now using Stewart's cut-off;

Brunjes, Ockershausen & Co., Sugar Refiners, Nos. 466, 468 and 470 Washington-st.

Trenton Locomotive Machine Manufacturing Company, Trenton, N. J.

Erie Railway shop, Port Jervis.

New-York Central Railway shop, Syracuse.

International Grain Elevating Association, No. 31 Pearl-st., New-York.

J. H. Van Riper, Superintendent Novelty Works, New-York.

Dyspepsia and Fits!—A sure cure for these distressing complaints is now made known in a Treatise on foreign and native herbal preparations, published by Dr. O. Phelps Brown. The prescription was furnished him in such a providential manner that he cannot conscientiously refuse to make it known, as it has cured everybody who used it, never having failed in a single case. It is equally sure in cases of Fits as of Dyspepsia; and the ingredients may be found in any drug-store. Sent free to all on the receipt of five cents to prepay postage. Address Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN, No. 19 Grand-st., Jersey City, N. J.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.

Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus,"

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from Which it takes its name.
Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by druggists generally.

Holiday Presents of
AFFECTION AND CHARITY.
WHEELER & WILSON'S Highest Premium
Lock-stitch
SEWING MACHINES,
No. 625 Broadway, New-York.
See Wheeler & Wilson's Button-hole machine.

MARRIED.

ALDEN—MACY.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Dec. 1, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. J. Clement French, Pastor of the Central Congregational Church, APOLLOS G. ALDEN, of Middleborough, Mass, and ANNIE CLARK MACY, of this city.

ESSELSTYN—THOMPSON.—At the Second Reformed Dutch Church Poughkeepsie, on Tuesday, Nov. 29, by Rev. Charles S. Hageman, D. D., HERMAN V. ESSELSTYN, of Hudson, and JEANNIE LIVINGSTON, daughter of Hon. Smith Thompson, deceased.

STEVENSON—BARCLAY.—In this city, on Thursday, Dec. 1, by Rev. J. R. Milligan, Mr. JOHN STEVENSON and Miss SARAH BARCLAY, youngest daughter of Samuel Barclay, Esq., all of this city.

DIED.

BARNES.—On Saturday, Dec. 3, WILLIAM BARNES, in the 56th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are requested to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 126 Bank-st., on Wednesday, Dec. 7, at 1 o'clock.

BEACH.—At Orange, N. J., on Saturday, Dec. 3, MAGGIE E., infant daughter of Henry N. and Martha C. Beach.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday, 6th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. Cars leave Barclay-st. Ferry at 11:30 o'clock A. M.

BEMAN.—On Sunday morning, Dec. 4, HESTER F., wife of Jefferson Beman, in the 61st year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited, without further invitation, to attend her funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, 6th inst., at 1 o'clock, from the residence of her son-in-law, John W. Thorne, No. 30 Bank-st.

HYDE.—On Saturday, Nov. 26, on board the United States steam frigate *Wabash*, at Hampton Roads, Va., of inflammation of the brain, WILLIAM F. HYDE, aged 15 years, 9 months and 24 days, youngest son of James M. Hyde, Jr.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 6 St. Felix-st., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Dec. 6, at 12 o'clock M.

JOHNSON.—On Friday evening, Dec. 2, MARY ELIZA, wife of John Johnson, in the 53d year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Monday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 161 West 11th-st.

LOCKWOOD.—At Brooklyn, N. Y., on sixth day, twelfth month, 2d, AMY J., eldest daughter of Arthur and Josephine C. Lockwood, of Ottawa, Ill., in the 12th year of her age.

The funeral will take place on third day, (Tuesday,) 6th inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M., from the residence of her grandmother, Amy A. Lockwood, No. 21 Concord-st., Brooklyn.

MEAD.—On Sunday afternoon, Dec. 4, suddenly, of inflammation of the lungs, ELLA JOSEPHINE, youngest daughter of Rev. A. H. and Elizabeth A. Mead.

The funeral services will take place at the house of her parents, 11th-st., third door east of 2d-av., on Tuesday afternoon, 6th inst., at 3 o'clock. Interment at Greenwood on Wednesday, at 10 o'clock A. M.

MILLER.—At St. Luke's Hospital, on Tuesday, Nov. 29, of consumption, LAWRENCE MILLER, youngest son of Richard and Jane Miller, in the 34th year of his age.

His remains were interred at Rye.

PORTER.—On Saturday morning, Dec. 3, after a lingering illness, which was borne with Christian resignation and fortitude, Mrs. ANN, wife of Mr. John V. Porter, aged 34 years 1 month and 7 days.

The funeral services will be held on Monday, Dec. 5, 1864, at 2½ o'clock P. M., in the Hanson-place M. E. Church. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

ROBINSON.—On Saturday, Dec. 3, of croup, GEORGE S., only son of George and Margaret Robinson, aged 11 months and 7 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 216 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, on Monday, the 5th inst., at 2 o'clock.

SCOFIELD.—On Saturday morning, Dec. 3, of scarlet fever, PERCY ANDREWS, only son of Samuel L. and Hannah Scofield, aged 9 months and 1 day.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 330 East 30th-st., on Monday, Dec. 5, at 1 o'clock P. M. The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend, without further notice.

SCHOONMAKER.—On Saturday morning, Dec. 3, GERTRUDE SCHOONMAKER, relict of James Schoonmaker, in the 84th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, without further notice, from the house of her son-in-law, Wm. C. Fowler, No. 34 Livingston-st., Brooklyn, on Monday, 5th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

STEELE.—In this city, on Sunday, Nov. 27, WILLIAM P. STEELE, aged 47 years, 6 months and 23 days.

His remains were taken to Lancaster County, Penn., for interment.

THURSTON.—On Sunday morning, Dec. 4, at Huntington, L. I., L. WARREN THURSTON, Jr., son of Louis M. and Elizabeth S. Thurston, aged 26 years.

The funeral will take place from St. John's Church, Huntington-st., at 10½ o'clock Wednesday, Dec. 7.

UPTON.—On Sunday, Dec. 4, GEORGE B., infant son of Isaac H. and Mary A. Upton, aged 11 months and 6 days.

VAIL.—In Plainfield, N. J., on Saturday, Dec. 3, JACOB VAIL, of the firm of Wilson & Vail.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his brother, at Plainfield, on Monday, Dec. 5, at 1½ o'clock P. M. The train leaves pier No. 2, North River, at 12 M.

WARD.—On Saturday evening, Dec. 3, Mrs. ANN R., widow of Elijah F. Ward, in the 65th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, this (Monday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at the residence of her brother-in-law, No. 71 South 5th-st., Williamsburgh. Her remains will be taken to East Chester for interment Tuesday morning, at 9 o'clock.

FOR SALE—A FILE OF THE NEW-YORK TIMES complete, including the Sunday edition, from Dec. 1, 1860, to the present time. Apply to or address SUBSCRIPTION CLERK, *Times* office.

IVORY EAR-RINGS AND PINS, NEW STYLES, black, white and red; three, four and five dollars a set. For sale by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.

This medicine has undoubtedly performed more cures of Consumption than any other remedy known to the American public. It is compounded of vegetable ingredients, and contains nothing which can be injurious to the human constitution. Other remedies advertised as cures for Consumption probably contain opium, which is a somewhat dangerous drug in all cases, and, if taken freely by consumptive patients, it must do great injury; for its tendency is to confine the morbid matter in the system, which, of course, must make a cure impossible. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup is warranted not to contain a particle of opium; it is composed of powerful but harmless herbs, which act on the lungs, liver and stomach and blood, and thus correct all morbid secretion, and expel all diseased matter from the body. These are the only means by which Consumption can be cured, and as Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup is the only medicine which operates in this way, it is obviously the only genuine cure for Pulmonary Consumption. This invaluable medicine, (each bottle accompanied by full directions,) is for sale by all druggists and dealers.

Dr. SCHENCK will be at his rooms, No. 32 Bond-st., for consultation and advice every TUESDAY, from 9 A. M. until 3 o'clock P. M. His medicines can be obtained at his rooms at all times.

Prices for PULMONIC SYRUP and SEAWEED TONIC, each $1 25 per bottle, or six dollars the half dozen. MANDRAKE PILLS, 25 cents per box.

DEMAS BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row, wholesale agents for New-York City.

AN ENTIRELY NEW INVENTION IN DENTISTRY.

The Public and Profession are invited to examine Dr. LEVETT'S "PATENT" in COMBINATION with a gold web and rubber base for artificial teeth. It forms the LIGHTEST, most DURABLE and ELASTIC Denture yet produced, occupying but half the space in the mouth, heretofore deemed indispensable, while its adhesion is perfect. No. 832 Broadway. Hours 9 till 5.

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Restores gray hair to its original color, stops its falling out in three days, keeps the head clean, cool and healthy, will not stain the skin, or soil the whitest fabric. The best hair-dressing ever offered to the public. Can be used freely; contains nothing injurious; strengthens and promotes the growth of the weakest hair. *It is recommended and used by the first medical authority in New-York.* All are freely invited to examine this wonderful triumph of science. Sold at the drug-stores and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, where advice as to the treatment of the hair will be gratuitously given. Price $1 per bottle; $5 per half dozen, in fancy boxes. Can be sent by express. SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

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containing the great
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EUREKA,
which is played by persons of all ages, with eight other games, and fifty puzzles, $1 25.
Also, THE RABBITS THAT LIVED IN THE GARDEN OF FLOWERS, for little children, $1.
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No. 21 Murray-st., New-York.

THE HOLIDAYS ARE APPROACHING.
So are the people, in crowds, toward our well-known Store, to purchase
FINE PLATED GOODS!
of the richest quality and latest patterns, for family use, and for
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Though our present assortment is full, it is daily becoming—thanks to our patrons—"small by degrees," but not "beautifully less," nor less beautiful. We would suggest an early call on
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Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip.

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between Essex and Norfolk sts., No. 125 and 227 Rivington-st.
The Belt Railroad and Cortlandt-st. stages pass within two blocks of the store.

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Dr. TOBIAS' PULMONIC LIFE SYRUP is warranted superior to any other for the cure of Incipient Consumption, Coughs, Colds and Asthma. John D. Herring, of Harrington, Bergen Co., N. J., testifies that he has been cured of a cough of ten years' standing by the Pulmonic Life Syrup, and refers to Mr. Wm. Devoe, of Tappantown, who recommended its use.

LIBERTY, Sullivan Co., N. Y., May 10, 1864.

Dr. Tobias:

DEAR SIR: I was cured of a severe cough, with inflammation of the lungs, by the use of your Pulmonic Life Syrup. I have suffered much from pulmonary complaints, and used many remedies, but have never found anything equal to your Syrup. BETSY HILL.

Mrs. Hill is sister-in-law to Capt. Hill, of the Sixteenth Michigan Volunteers. Several hundred certificates of remarkable cures can be seen at the Depot, No. 56 Cortlandt-st. Price 75 cents. Sold by the druggists.

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Two, three, five, eight, ten to thirty-five dollars each, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

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FOR SALE BY
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
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50,000 Children's Books at your price.
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No. 119 Nassau-st., near Beekman.

BANKRUPT LAW.
All persons interested in the passage of the BANKRUPT LAW are requested to call on, or address ORLANDO L. STEWART, Assistant District-Attorney, at his office, No. 271 Broadway.

LADIES' BELT BUCKLES,
New styles. Large size, just received from Paris. Gilt, Jet, Steel and Pearl. Two, three, four, five, six, eight, ten, fifteen and twenty dollars each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

SCROFULA, CONSUMPTION, CATARRH, &c.—Nature's Sovereign Remedials from Plants, cure all inherited, scrofulous, eruptive, mercurial, liver and kidney diseases, dropsy, diabetes, spermatorrhœa, female maladies and others. A treatise explanatory. Price one dime and stamp mailed.
WM. R. PRINCE, Flushing, N. Y.

THE NEW-YORK FEMALE BENEVOLENT SOCIETY, will open a Fair on Broadway and 6th-av., between 35th and 36th sts., on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 5, which will continue until SATURDAY, from 11 A. M. to 10 P. M. Tickets of admission ten cents. The object of the Fair is to cancel debts incurred for supplies of the institution during the past Summer.

HOYT'S HIAWATHA HAIR RESTORATIVE. The best in the world. Harmless, reliable. The only perfect restorative for gray hair. Sold by all druggists. Office, No. 10 University-place.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT. premium paid for prizes; information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO.,
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NEW PUBLICATIONS.

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This volume is devoted to the elucidation of a new Philosophy of Forces, and unfolds the sublimest and most harmonious views of the order of the Universe to which the human mind has yet attained. The authors are among the ablest men of Science in Europe, and their names are a supreme guarantee of the interests and authoritativeness of the work. The founders of the new doctrines are in this case also its expositors, and the book combines in an unparalleled degree the philosophy of the original discoverer with thorough simplicity and popularity of statement. Dr. Faraday says that the conservation of force is the highest law in physical science which our faculties permit us to perceive. Herbert Spencer says it is the highest law of all science. Prof. Tyndall says that these discussions open a region which promises possessions richer than any hitherto granted to the intellect of man. No one who cares to understand the great tendencies of modern thought and the majestic advance of science into new regions, can afford to be without this work.

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This edition is illustrated by LA FARGE, VEDDER, HENNESSY and DARLEY. It will be issued in one volume, small quarto, size of "Hymns of the Ages," printed on toned paper, at the University Press, and beautifully bound in the new style of muslin, appropriately stamped, and with gilt edges.

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FOR CHOICE OF PURSUITS, PHYSICAL and Intellectual Culture, Labor, Mental and Manual, Human Faces, "The Mad-House," Varieties of Character, Idiocy, Insanity—Causes and Cure. See Dec. No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL—20 cents by first post. Newsmen have it. Address Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, N. Y.

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POLITICAL.

UNION NOMINATION—FIFTH DISTRICT.
FOR ALDERMAN,
ALEXANDER H. KEECH.
ISAAC M. PHYFE, Chairman.
CHARLES J. HOLDER, Secretary.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION.
Nominations without distinction of party.
For Alderman, 15th District,
MARSHALL VOUGHT.
(Also adopted by the Regular Tammany, the McKeon, the German Democratic, the Republican, and the Constitutional Union organizations.)
For Councilmen—7th District, (12th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 22d Wards),

CHAS. N. DECKER,	WM. WALTER PHELPS,
GEORGE H. ROSS,	JOHN W. BOCKHORN,
STEPHEN G. SEARLS,	BROWNLEE BENSEL.

For School Commissioner—6th District, (20th and 21st Wards),
JAMES M. McLEAN.
For School Trustee, 21st Ward,
BENJ. B. ATTERBURY.

SIXTEENTH WARD—NINTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.

At a meeting of the New-York DEMOCRATIC (McKeon) ALDERMANIC CONVENTION, held at corner of 14th-st. and 8th-av., on Saturday evening, 3d inst., Mr. Michael Larkin appeared before the convention and withdrew from the canvass by consent of the delegates of the convention, TO SAVE THE ALDERMANIC DISTRICT AND TO ELECT A DEMOCRATIC ALDERMAN REPRESENTATIVE.

The convention then unanimously indorsed LEWIS R. RYERS, Esq. BERNARD SMITH,
B. CREGAN, Secretary. Chairman.

THIRD ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.

The nomination of FRANCIS R. TILLOU for Alderman in the Third Aldermanic District, is not declined by him, as has been asserted. He is yet a candidate, and will continue so until after the election.

THE CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION OF NEW-YORK,
OFFICE No. 813 BROADWAY, Dec. 3, 1864.

Hon. FRANCIS R. TILLOU, the regular and ONLY candidate nominated by the Nominating Committee of the Third Aldermanic District, will receive the support and influence of the association. N. SANDS.

TWENTIETH WARD REGULAR UNION AND CITIZENS' NOMINATION.
For Alderman,
JONATHAN MEYERS.
For Councilman,
STEPHEN G. SEARLES.
For School Commissioner,
JAMES M. McLEAN.
For School Trustee,
THERON R. BUTLER.

SEVENTH SCHOOL DISTRICT—MOZART Hall nomination for School Commissioner, JAMES MONTEITH.
B. P. FAIRCHILD, 22d Ward, Chairman.

INDEPENDENT DEMOCRATIC AND PEOPLE'S nomination for Alderman, XXIId Ward,
JAMES E. COULTER.

TO THE UNION VOTERS OF THE FIFTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.—WILLIAM P. BENSEL, the candidate of the Citizens' Association for Alderman of the above district, has been assailed in a card emanating from a bogus Citizens' Association as a disloyal man. Those who know him believe and know that he is a thoroughgoing Union man, one who has never been tainted with Copperhead affiliations in any shape. Therefore, we confidently appeal to the respectable and responsible Union voters to cast their ballots for one who, being a taxpayer, is identified with their best interests. Mr. Keech, Ex-Councilman, who is in nomination, is well known for his "ring" proclivities, and should not receive the support of any honest man. Union men, vote for WM. P. BENSEL.
MANY UNION ELECTORS
of the Fifth District.

CONSTITUTIONAL UNION CLUB.—AT A meeting of the above Club, held on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 30, at the Bleecker Building, Mr. WILLIAM P. BENSEL was unanimously nominated for Alderman of the 5th Aldermanic District.
JAMES WEBB, President.
ELLISON HURD, Secretary.

POLITICAL.

TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

REGULAR UNION NOMINATION,

FOR ALDERMAN,

NATHAN C. ELY.

GEORGE P. BRADFORD, President.
HIRAM W. BARNEY, Secretary.

SIXTEENTH WARD—NINTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.
REGULAR DEMOCRATIC UNION NOMINATION,
TAMMANY AND MOZART.
FOR ALDERMAN,
LEWIS R. RYERS.
Hon. D. V. FREEMAN, Chairman of Joint Convention.
BENJAMIN F. BOGERT, Secretary of Joint Convention

SIXTEENTH WARD.
NINTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT
CONSTITUTIONAL UNION NOMINATION
FOR ALDERMAN:
LEWIS R. RYERS.
JOHN T. MILLS,
Chairman of Convention.
E. WASHINGTON TAYLOR, Sec.

UNION NOMINATION.
SEVENTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.
For Alderman,
WILLIAM H. GEDNEY.

SEVENTH WARD UNION NOMINATION.
For School Trustee,
WILLIAM H. THRALL.
WILLIAM G. TWAY, Chairman.
GEORGE TERWILLIGER, Secretary.

FIFTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.

At an adjourned meeting of the Union Convention of the Fifth Aldermanic District, held at No. 185 Spring-st., on Thursday evening, Dec. 1,
MR. ALEXANDER H. KEECH
was unanimously nominated as the Union candidate for Alderman. ROBT. R. CARPENTER, Chairman.
JOHN RILEY, Secretary.

THIRD ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.
REGULAR TAMMANY DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION
FOR ALDERMAN,
GEORGE A. BARNEY.
R. C. McINTIRE, Chairman.
JOHN HASSETT, Secretary.

THIRD SCHOOL DISTRICT, (IXTH AND XVITH WARDS.)
UNION NOMINATION.
For School Commissioner, JAMES W. FARR.
CHAS. S. SPENCER, Chairman.
ALANSON H. SCUDDER, Secretary.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD.
FIFTEENTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.
For Alderman,
ALEXANDER BRANDON.

REGULAR UNION NOMINATION.
For Alderman of the 15th District, (21st Ward,)
EDWARD C. JOHNSON.

REGULAR UNION AND CITIZENS' NOMINATION.
ELEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT—XXTH WARD.
For Alderman—JONATHAN MYERS.

REGULAR UNION NOMINATIONS.
FOURTH COUNCILMANIC DISTRICT—SEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT—XIITH, XIXTH, XXTH, XXIST AND XXIID WARDS.
For Councilmen.
MOSES E. CRASTO,
FRANCIS A. THOMAS,
AUSTIN A. FULLER,
WILLIAM WALTER PHELPS,
JOHN W. BOCKHORN,
STEPHEN ROBERTS.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION.

A mass meeting will be held at Ebbit Hall, 33d-st., near Broadway, on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 5, at 7½ o'clock, to ratify the nomination of MARSHALL VOUGHT for Alderman of the 15th District, 21st Ward.

The following gentlemen have consented to address the meeting:
SMITH CLIFT, Esq.,
Hon. JOHN McKEON,
Hon. DAVID S. CODDINGTON,
CHAS. E. WHITEHEAD, Esq.,
WM. WALTER PHELPS, Esq.

TWELFTH WARD CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION.

At a special meeting of this association, held at Washington Hall, Harlem, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 29, 1864, Mr. WILLIAM B. HARRISON, the candidate of the association for Alderman of the 12th Ward, formally asked leave to withdraw from the canvass, and moved that Mr. BARTON W. VAN VOORHIS be substituted in his stead.

Mr. Van Voorhis was thereupon nominated by acclamation, as the candidate for Alderman of the 12th Ward.
ABRM. R. VAN NEST, President.
WM. S. CARMAN, Secretary.

DR. J. W. SPOOR,
Celebrated Medical Electrician, has opened an office in the Madison-square Hotel, corner of Broadway and 21st-st. Dr. SPOOR applies electricity on the most scientific principles yet discovered, by which he is able, through his superior facilities, in the use of the most celebrated Galvanometry and Electro-Magnetic machines to cure all curable diseases more easily, more effectually and in less time than by any other system of practice. Call and see. Consultation free.

UNION NOMINATIONS
For Councilmen for the Sixth Senatorial District,
9th, 15th, 16th and 18th wards,
WILLIAM H. HOUSNER,
J. WILSON GREEN,
ABRAHAM LENT,
GEORGE McLEAN,
WILLIAM ATKINSON,
GEORGE M. VAN NORT.

CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION.
Fifth Councilmanic District, Xth, XIth, XIIIth and XVIIth Wards.
WILLIAM A. TAYLOR, 10th Ward.
CHARLES J. DODGE, } 11th Ward.
PETER P. LARREMORE, }
CHARLES KOSTER, 13th Ward.
SAMUEL P. PATTERSON, } 17th Ward.
JOHN C. CONNOR. }

REGULAR UNION NOMINATION.
For Alderman, XXD WARD,
JAMES E. COULTER.
ADNA H. UNDERHILL,
President XXIId Ward Union Association.
ROBERT PATTERSON, Secretary.

TO THE "CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION" OF THE SIXTEENTH WARD.—GENTLEMEN: We, the undersigned, citizens and tax-payers of the Sixteenth Ward, representing, individually, Republicans and Democrats, fully realizing the importance of selecting capable and experienced citizens to represent us in our local Legislature, would respectfully but earnestly recommend for your consideration and indorsement, for Alderman of this District,
LEWIS R. RYERS, Esq.,
the present incumbent; believing sincerely that he has been a faithful, honest and valuable representative, every way worthy the confidence and support of the tax-payers and citizens of the Ward, without regard to party.
Hon. W. F. HAVEMEYER, J. D. BIRD.
I. B. COHEN, A. HAVEMEYER,
LEWIS W. PHILLIPS, (firm of Phillips & Oakley,) Coal Dealers, foot 20th-st., North River.
DOWNS & MERRIFIELD, Gas-meter Manufacturers, Nos. 512, 514, 516 West 22d-st.
WORTENDYKE & HOPPER, Ice Dealers, No. 273 West 17th-st.
J. & T. McLENFY, Grocers, No. 155 8th-av.
R. A. WILLIAMS, Merchant, No. 167 8th-av.
A. & W. CHAPIN, Lumber Dealer, foot of 23d-st., N. R.
THOMAS BELL, Lumber Dealer, foot of 23d-st., N. R.
JOHN P. BELL, Lumber Dealer, foot of 23d-st., N. R.
LEWIS MILLER, Grocer, No. 181 9th-av.
L. A. ROSENMILLER, M. D., No. 172 8th-av.
DOHMAN & PIEPHA, Kindling Wood, 11th-av, and 24th-st.
WILLIAM BROWN, Builder, No. 201 West 18th-st.
J. H. McBRIDE, Merchant, No. 513 West 22d-st.
B. B. MERRILL, Merchant, No. 190 West 18th-st.
WM. JOHNSON, Builder, No. 284 West 19th-st.
KNIFFEN & BRO., Crockery, No. 171 8th-av.
Dr. J. GILBERT, No. 198 West 18th-st.

FIFTEENTH WARD UNION ASSOCIATION.—A special meeting will be held at headquarters, No. 348 4th-st., MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 5, at 7½ o'clock. ABM. LENT.
T. B. STEWART, Secretary.

UNION NOMINATION FOR SCHOOL COMMISSIONER Seventh District—XIIth, XIXth and XXIId Wards, JAMES MONTEITH, late Principal of Ward School No. 17, West 47th-st. B. FROST, Chairman.
WM. ALLEN, Secretary.

SEVENTH SCHOOL DISTRICT—NEW-York Democratic (McKeon) Organization for School Commissioner, JAMES MONTEITH.
THOMAS McSPEDON, 19th Ward, Chairman.

REGULAR NOMINEE OF UNION ASSOCIATION of Ninth Assembly District, Sixteenth Ward. For Alderman, JACOB A. CONOVER.
W. V. ALEXANDER, President.
C. A. CLARK, } Secretaries.
F. B. NORTHUP, }

SEVENTH SCHOOL DISTRICT—VAN Voorhies Association of the XIIth Ward, for School Commissioner, JAMES MONTEITH.
CONRAD SWACKHAMER, Chairman.

TWELFTH WARD GERMAN ORGANIZATION.—For School Commissioner, Seventh School District, JAMES MONTEITH. ANDREW SMITH, Chairman.

UNION AND CITIZENS' NOMINATION—First Councilmanic District, ROBERT B. HILL.

ÆSTHTEICO-NEURALGICON.

DR. VONEISENBERG'S NEW INVENTION
FOR THE CURE
OF THE MOST COMPLICATED
DISEASES OF THE ORGANS OF
SIGHT,
HEARING,
AS WELL AS
CHRONIC CATARRH,
DISEASED THROAT,
AND ANY DISEASE WHERE THE MUCOUS MEMBRANE IS DESTROYED OR IMPAIRED.

As the meaning of the name given by Dr. VON EISENBERG to his new Invention may not be easily comprehended, we (the New-York *Evening Express*) give the following explanation of its uses for the better understanding of the general sufferer:

ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGCONI

s derived from the Greek word Aisoptikos, which, in its literal acceptation, signifies pertaining to the senses the theory or philosophy of tastes, the science of sensations, or that which explains the cause of mental pain or pleasure. Neuralgicon is a compound of the two Greek words, *neuron*, a nerve, and logas, a discourse with the suffirecon. The meaning conveyed by the term is, that it is an instrument or machine devised on philosophical principles with a thorough knowledge of the nervous system.

In describing the matter more at length to show its uses, that it might be better understood by the general sufferer, we give a simpler explanation. The nervous system is the source of many diseases.

All physicians admit this, and all profess at least to be able to apply a remedy. The Allopathic, Homœopathic and Hydropathic, by prescribing opiates, anodynes, &c., may, and do, alleviate the pain arising from impaired or diseased nerves, but this does not restore the nerve. It is only temporary relief—a relief, too, to some one nerve at the expense of the entire system. The Æsthetico-Neuralgicon of Dr. VON EISENBERG not merely allays the irritation, but restores the nerve to its normal condition. The Doctor's theory is, that each nerve has a specific office, and has its own peculiar susceptibility. Thus, for example, the nerve of vision is insensible to touch, and, on the other hand, the nerve of touch is insensible to light, and so on through the whole system. The great excellence of this æsthetical instrument is, that it can be applied not on guess-work principles, which are no principles at all, but that it can be applied with accuracy and certainty to any nerorve nerves that are weakened or impaired, to the different nerves of motion, or sensation, to the eye, the ear, or the touch, as in paralysis.

To those, therefore, who are in any way afflicted with loss of sight or hearing, with catarrh, bronchitis, chest or lung diseases, we earnestly suggest a visit to the consulting apartments of Dr. VON EISENBERG. There he will be speedily made to know the possibility of a cure in even complicated cases, and thus be encouraged to proceed until he is discharged thoroughly renovated and cured.

The reader, on perusing what we have here presented him, touching the beauty, complexity, costliness, touching the various uses to which the Aesthetico-Neuralgicon can be applied, may be induced to believe that in the warmth of our commendations we have exceeded the sober truth as to its utility; but we know we have not exceeded the limits of common sense in our description. We care not how prejudiced any one may be against it; he cannot, when it is thoroughly explained to him—and that the inventor is prepared to do at any time to those who call upon him—but be convinced it is all that is claimed for it, namely, the most perfect mechanical contrivance for the exhibition of spiritualized and etherealized medical preparations now in existence. He will even confess, if he be justly minded, that in many respects it is destined to bring about an entire revolution in certain departments of science, and that it is what its inventor, with reason, holds an apparatus that will do more to mitigate human suffering than anything that, in all the past to this time, has been afforded to the world.—*New-York Evening Express, Sept. 28, 1864.*

NEW TESTIMONIALS.
Catarrh Cured.

LINCOLN HOSPITAL, WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 1.

I have been for several years past afflicted with chronic dry catarrh, which a year ago became so bad that my hearing threatened to leave me altogether. My throat became greatly affected. There was a constant roaring in my head, which, with the other symptoms, was always greatly aggravated by the slightest "cold." Dr. Von Eisenberg commenced treating me a year ago, and has continued to treat me at long intervals since. I am happy to state that the treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg has produced a constant improvement, so that my hearing is almost perfectly restored. My nostrils are free from inflammation, and my general health is so much improved that I look for its permanent restoration, and that speedily, as a fixed fact. I do cheerfully recommend all persons suffering from catarrhal affections to apply to Dr. Von Eisenberg for treatment, feeling assured that with proper opportunity he will effect a cure.
JAMES T. FERRIE, Captain U. S. A.

I was completely deaf for several years, and hearing of Dr. Von Eisenberg's great reputation in restoring the hearing, I called on him, and in one operation, to my great astonishment and excessive pleasure, I now hear perfectly well. I came into the Doctor perfectly deaf, and hear as I never expected to do. This skill is unrivaled.
CHARLES CHAPPELL,
Washington Market.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 5, 1864.

AN EXTRAORDINARY RESTORATION OF SIGHT.

I, LAWRENCE GRENNA, of No. 188 East 36th-st., New-York City, have been suffering from blindness of the left eye for a considerable period. The eye was continually in a state of great inflammation, from which the good eye became affected, and, indeed, my general health was greatly injured by it. Hearing of Dr. Von Eisenberg's great reputation, and as everyone said mine was a hopeless case, I called on the Doctor, who, after examining me, undertook my case, and within a fortnight I found myself almost completely cured. It is now a month since I placed myself under Dr. Von Eisenberg's treatment. I am happy to be able to state that the inflammation is entirely gone, so that I see perfectly with both eyes, added to which I am in good health, a blessing I have not enjoyed since I was blind. I do conscientiously and gratefully swear to the above statement, in a Court of Justice at the City Hall of the City of New-York, the 10th day of October, 1864.
LAWRENCE GRENNA.
Sworn before me this 10th day of October, 1864.
C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
{ The Grand Seal of the }
{ New-York Mayoralty. }

Dr. VON EISENBERG may be consulted on the diseases of the eye and ear, and for catarrh, at the office, No. 816 Broadway, New-York.

THE ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON is now on exhibition at Dr. VON EISENBERG'S Consulting Rooms, No. 816 BROADWAY, near 12th-st.

FINANCIAL.

NEW-YORK AND PHILADELPHIA PETROLEUM COMPANY.

ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF NEW-YORK.

TRUSTEES:

FRANCIS A. PALMER, President Broadway Bank, New-York.
NATHAN RANDALL, Ex-President United States Telegraph Company, New-York.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, of Albert H. Nicolay & Co., Brokers and Auctioneers, No. 52 William-st., New-York.
EUGENE J. JACKSON, of Polhamus & Jackson, Bankers and Brokers, No. 43 Exchange-place, New-York.
EDMUND C. STEDMAN, Secretary New-York Petroleum Stock Board, and Broker, No 30 Broad-st., New-York.
ANDREW MEHAFFEY, Philadelphia.
ROBERT CLARKSON, of CLARKSON & CO., Bankers, No. 121 South 3d-st., Philadelphia.
FRANCIS A. GODWIN, Philadelphia.
JAMES M. CLARKE, Oil City, Pennsylvania.

OFFICERS.

PRESIDENT.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, New-York.
VICE-PRESIDENT.
ANDREW MEHAFFEY, Philadelphia.
TREASURER.
A. V. STOUT, President Shoe and Leather Bank, New-York.
SECRETARY.
EDMUND C. STEDMAN.
COUNSEL.
WILLIAM H. ANTHON, New-York.
ADAM C. ELLIS, New-York.
BANKERS.
SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, New-York.
CLARKSON & CO., Philadelphia.

OFFICES OF THE COMPANY,
No. 52 WILLIAM-ST., New-York,
No. 121 SOUTH THIRD-ST., Philadelphia.

CAPITAL STOCK . . . 300,000 SHARES.

AT THE NOMINAL PAR OF $5 EACH—SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $2 PER SHARE.

Stock subject to no further assessment.

50,000 SHARES, OR $100,000, RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

The New-York and Philadelphia Petroleum Company has been organized with the greatest care by experienced capitalists of the two cities, whose names are united in its own. It will be managed

EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE INTERESTS OF ITS STOCKHOLDERS.

No pains have been spared to place it on a genuine and substantial footing. Most valuable and extensive tracts of Oil and Coal Land have been secured IN FEE, and leasehold PRODUCING INTERESTS in the heart of the Venango County, Penn., Oil region. Attention is invited to the following schedule of the company's property, including FEE SIMPLE TERRITORY, LEASEHOLDS, PRODUCING WELLS, and wells in various stages of completion.

No. 1.—30 acres of bottom land, in fee, on the Alleghany river, having a water-frontage of nearly one mile. New 10-horse power engine and fixtures. Two wells sunk to the depth of 300 feet and already filled with oil. Room for 40 more wells.

No. 2.—320 acres of rich oil land, in fee, lying nearly opposite the above, having a mile of water-frontage on Prather and Bennett runs. Well supplied with timber.

No. 3.—Lease interest on the famous "Widow McClintock Farm," Oil Creek. One well down and testing; another just ready to tube; a third just started. Two first-class engines. Tubing, tools, fixtures, team, wagons, &c.

No. 4.—Same interest in lease on the well-known "HAMILTON McCLINTOCK FARM," Oil Creek. One well now being tested; already yielding 12 barrels daily, and rapidly increasing; others going down. Two new engines, with fixtures complete.

No. 5.—1-12 of two leases on the CLAPP FARM, near the great Williams and Stanton 100 barrel wells. On this property is "Sherman Well, No. 2," now down 500 feet. Engine, &c., &c. Room for more wells.

No. 6.—1-16 of the fee in 57 ACRES OF COAL LAND, adjoining the Cranberry Coal Company's beds. This property is of the utmost value to our operations, supplying us with coal at all seasons, and when the works of other companies are found to be idle for want of fuel.

From these estates, the Trustees are assured of their ability to declare LARGE AND REGULAR MONTHLY DIVIDENDS at an early day, and of the speedy appreciation of the shares to A MARKET VALUE FAR ABOVE THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

The INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE sent from New-York and Philadelphia, whose favorable report is printed with the prospectus, speak in unlimited terms of the Company's property and prospects.

Books for ORIGINAL SUBSCRIPTION will be opened on

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7,

at the offices of the Company, and at the New-York, Philadelphia, and Boston banking-houses, named below.

Prospectuses, maps, and detailed information at either subscription office.

The public are assured that, whether for investment or speculation, no better security than these shares can be obtained.

SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS.

FRANCIS A. PALMER, at Broadway Bank, No. 237 Broadway.
POLHAMUS & JACKSON, No. 43 Exchange-place, New-York.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO., No. 52 William-st., New-York.
CLARKSON & CO., No. 121 South 3d-st., Philadelphia.
J. G. MARTIN, Banker and Broker, Boston.

HENRY A. HEISER & SON,
NO. 44 PINE-ST.,
DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
BUY AND SELL
QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS AND VOUCHERS,
5-20 BONDS,
1-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
7-30 LOAN, AND EVERY FORM OF U. S. SECURITIES.

We invite the attention of Banks and parties desiring short investments to our assortment of United States Six per Cent. Debt Certificates. We have them on hand due in every month of the year, at rates that pay better interest than any security in the market.

FISK & HATCH.
BANKERS,
and dealers in Government Securities,
No. 38 Wall-st.,
receive orders for the
NEW 7-30 LOAN
and ave the notes always on hand for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

☞ Banks, Bankers and Dealers supplied (on favorable terms.

☞ All kinds of Government Securities bought and sold at market rates.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK.
NO. 650 BROADWAY,
Near Bleecker-st.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Subscriptions received for the new popular
7.3-10 LOAN.
And the entire commission of $2 50 on each $1,000 allowed.
10-40 Bonds on hand for immediate delivery.
CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

H. J. MESSENGER,
BANKER,
NO. 128 BROADWAY,

Will receive subscriptions to the NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, and 10-40 BONDS, and allow the usual commissions.

We buy and sell at market rates.
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. 6s, OF 1881.
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTER'S CHECKS.
U. S. 7-30 NOTES converted into 6s of '81.
U. S. CERTIFICATES COLLECTED.

Also, Gold, Silver, Canada and Uncurrent Money Bought and Sold at best rates.

ACCOUNTS of Banks, Bankers and individuals received on favorable terms.

OFFICE WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. [illegible], 1864.

TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS OF MONEY TO CALIFORNIA AND OREGON made, and Exchange on
SAN FRANCISCO,
LONDON,
DUBLIN and
PARIS.
For sale by
WELLS, FARGO & CO.

THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, Nov. [illegible], 1864.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THIS Company will be closed at the close of business on WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of December next, preparatory to the annual election for Directors of the Company, appointed to be held on the 14th day of December next, and will be reopened on the morning of THURSDAY, the 15th day of December next.
JOHN V. L. PRUYN, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE GREGORY GOLD MINING CO.,
No. 44 Exchange-place,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 23, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK-holders of the GREGORY GOLD MINING COMPANY will be held at their office, on TUESDAY, the 6th day of December, for the election of Officers of the Company for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting.
M. F. HAZEN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF SHELDEN AND COLUMBIA COPPER CO.,
No. 22 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 29, 1864.

SALES OF FORFEITED STOCK.—THE following stock in the Sheldon and Columbia Copper Company is forfeited for non-payment of installment due Sept. 26, 1864, and that the same will be sold at public auction at the office of the Secretary of the company, No. 22 William-st., on the 31st day of December, at 3 o'clock P. M., unless previously redeemed, viz.: Certificate No. 33, name of W. H. Morton, 50 shares; No. 20, John Simpkins, 25 shares; No. 49, B. F. Woodward, 5 shares; No. 65, Herman Brahe, 25 shares; No. 72, James M. Shute, Jr., 50 shares; No. 77, John Richardson, 25 shares.
HENRY PHELPS, Secretary.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, 25 years of age, who has served in the field for three years, as an officer of one of our city regiments; has good health, fair business habits and energy of character to succeed in what he undertakes, if possible. I want a permanent situation, where I can make myself valuable to myself and employer. Good references furnished, and, if required, security. Address HOWARD, Box No. 158 *Times* Office.

MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 14, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIREC-TORS of this Bank, and of Inspectors of the next election, will be held at the Banking-house on MONDAY, the 5th day of December next, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
F. CHANDLER, Cashier.

FINANCIAL.

JOHN PONDIR,
NO. 33 PINE-STREET,
PETROLEUM OIL STOCK BROKER.

THE PRESIDENT PETROLEUM COM'Y.
PRESIDENT, VENANGO COUNTY, PENN.
OFFICERS:
President, AMORY EDWARDS, Esq., New-York.
Treasurer, L. H. SIMPSON, Esq., New-York.
Secretary, J. EDWIN CONANT, Esq., New-York.
JOHN M. CLAPP, Esq., Gen'l Resident Superintendent.
Counsel, Messrs. PLATT, GERARD & BUCKLEY, N. Y.
DIRECTORS:
AMORY EDWARDS, Esq., New-York.
EBEN B. CROCKER, Esq., of Crocker & Warren, New-York.
FLETCHER WESTRAY, Esq., of Westray, Gibbs & Hardcastle, New-York.
J. M. CLAPP, Esq., President, Venango County, Penn.
L. H. SIMPSON, Esq., of L. H. Simpson & Co., N. York.

ITS LANDS ARE PUT INTO THE COMPANY AT the unprecedented low price of one hundred dollars per acre, the lowest ever known for oil-boring territory; and forms its

CAPITAL STOCK, - - - - $5,000,000
IN SHARES OF $25 EACH, PAR VALUE—SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $5 PER SHARE.

Being in full payment for a $25 share. No further call or assessment to be made.

20,000 SHARES, OR $100,000, RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

THESE LANDS are located on the Alleghany River, and on Hemlock, Porcupine and McCrea Creeks, MAKING AN OIL BORING TERRITORY OF OVER TEN AND A HALF MILES IN EXTENT.

Subscription books, maps, and all other information, can be obtained at the office of the Subscription Agents,
L. H. SIMPSON & CO.,
No. 64 Cedar-st., New-York.

NOBLE AND DELEMATER ROCK OIL COMPANY
OF NEW-YORK.
Office No. 67 Wall-st.
100,000 Shares. Par Value $3. $300,000.
Stock full paid, no future assessments.

This Company has an ample working capital, with an interest in the now largest producing well on Oil Creek.

OFFICERS:
John J. Morris, Pres. Isaac A. Quackenboss, Vice-Pres.
Isaac Bernheimer, Trea. J. H. Ketcham, Secretary.
William Norton, Counsel.
TRUSTEES.
John J. Morris, Isaac O. Barker,
Isaac A. Quackenboss, Henry Cohn,
Isaac Bernheimer, Smith Barker, Jr,
John H. Rhodes.

NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL PETROLEUM COMPANY.
CAPITAL STOCK, $1,000,000.
100,000 SHARES AT $10 EACH.
Subscription price $5 per share.
LANDS YIELDING LARGELY.
OFFICERS:
HON. DANIEL S. DICKINSON, President.
WM. T. PHIPPS, Vice-President.
ROBERT BASSETT, Secretary.

Books are open for subscription at the office of the company, No. 24 Empire Building, No. 71 Broadway, New-York.

The lands of the company are situated in the heart of the Oil Region, and include portions of those well-known localities, "the McElhenny farm, the two McClintock farms," and other proved and valuable working territories, including over two thousand acres of the best oil territories along Oil Creek and in West Virginia, now under process of successful development, and oil is already regularly and largely produced from several wells upon them.

Address the company, Post-office Box No. 5,368, New-York.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York,
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AGENTS
for the sale of the
"7-3-10 NATIONAL LOAN."

All denominations ready for immediate delivery. One-quarter per cent. commission allowed in all cases, and liberal terms made with Banks, Bankers, and Dealers.

ALL DESCRIPTIONS
OF
UNITED STATES SECURITIES
purchased, and on hand, for sale.

VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS OF 1881.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED 10-40 BONDS.
ONE YEAR CERTIFICATE OF INDEBTEDNESS.

NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTE LOAN USUAL COMMISSION ALLOWED.

MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS COLLECTED OR PURCHASED.

PITTSBURGH AND BOSTON PETROLEUM COMPANY.

The subscription books of this company will close on WEDNESDAY NEXT, Dec. 7, 1864, at its offices in New-York, Boston and Philadelphia.
LEONARD & MANLY,
New-York Agents, No. 58 Beaver-st.
SPENCER, VILA & CO.,
Boston, Mass.
H. S. LEECH,
Farquhar Buildings, Philadelphia.

TELEGRAPH AND EXPRESS STOCKS.
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH STOCK.
UNITED STATES TELEGRAPH STOCK.
ILLINOIS AND MISSISSIPPI TELEGRAPH STOCK.
AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY STOCK.
ADAMS' EXPRESS COMPANY STOCK.
All Telegraph and Express Stocks bought and sold on commission. GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 46 Pine-st.

GOLD BONDS.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 10, 1864.

We offer for sale BONDS OF COUNTY OF ELDORADO, City of Placerville, and First Mortgage Bonds PLACERVILLE AND SACRAMENTO VALLEY RAILROAD.

Interest at ten per cent. in gold.
WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 Broadway.

ELECTION.

The annual election for Directors of the HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY of New-York, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 66 Wall-st., on MONDAY, the 5th day of December, 1864. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
HENRY A. OAKLEY, Secretary.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

STATE OF NEW-YORK, BANK DEPARTMENT,
ALBANY, July 22, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, PURSUANT to chapter 236, Laws of 1859, that the circulating notes of the LEATHER MANUFACTURERS' BANK, New York City, an incorporated bank whose charter has expired, will be redeemed AT PAR by the Superintendent of the Banking Department, at the New-York State Bank, Albany, and at the Leather Manufacturers' Bank, New-York City. The outstanding notes of the said Bank must be presented for redemption within six years of the date of this notice; and all notes not presented for payment and redemption within the time above specified will cease to be a charge upon the funds in the hands of the Superintendent for that purpose.
H. H. VAN DYCK, Superintendent.

CENTRAL COAL MIN'G & MAN'F'G. CO.
ROOM 51 TRINITY BUILDING, NO. 111 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK, Nov. 18, 1864.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCK-HOLDERS of the Central Coal Mining and Manufacturing Company, will be held at the Company's office, in the town of Cumberland, Md., at 12 o'clock, M., on the 12th day of December, 1864; for the purpose of electing nine Directors for the ensuing year. The Transfer Books will be closed from Dec. 2 to Dec. 15 inclusive. By order of the Board.
F. P. WHITE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SYRACUSE, BINGHAMTON AND N. Y. R. R. CO.,
SYRACUSE, Nov. 19, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK-holders of the Syracuse, Binghamton and N. Y. R. R. Co., will be held at the Company's Office, in the City of Syracuse, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of December next, for the purpose of electing thirteen Directors and three Inspectors of Election, for the ensuing year. The polls will be open from 11 o'clock A. M. till 1 o'clock P. M.
O. WELCH, Secretary.

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT HAS stopped the conversion of the following Seven-Thirty Notes of the October issue, and all persons are cautioned against purchasing the same, viz.: Numbers 1,284 to 1,292, inclusive, nine notes of $1,000 each, indorsed Solon Bunting; and numbers 12,038 and 12,039, of $500 each, indorsed by R. A. Holden & Co. Information in regard to said notes may be left with Messrs. T. L. TAYLOR & REED, No. 5 Broad-st., New-York.

OFFICE MARIPOSA COMPANY,
No. 34 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 3, 1864.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL DRAWING OF $25,-000 First Mortgage Bonds of this company, to be paid in gold, on the 1st of January next, from the sinking fund, will take place on MONDAY, 5th inst., at this office, at 12 o'clock. Bondholders are invited to be present.
W. TITUS, Secretary.

THE INTEREST DUE ON THE BONDS of the New-York and New-Haven Railway Company, Dec. 1, 1864, will be paid on presentation and surrender of the coupons on and after said date, at the Bank of the Republic, or at the Company's Office, corner of 27th-st. and 4th-av.
W. BEMENT, Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 28, 1864.

CHOICE PETROLEUM LANDS AND leases for sale, selected by a competent and experienced agent. Correspondence is invited. Apply to or address D. C. STURGES & CO., McConnellsville, Morgan County, Ohio.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the NEW-YORK and NOVA SCOTIA GOLD COMPANY will be held at their office, No. 3 Hanover-st., on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 7, at 1 o'clock P. M. on special business.
D. C. HEWSON, Secretary.

$16,000 WANTED—ON BOND AND MORT-GAGE at 7 per cent. on city real estate; fee simple. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORT-GAGE—In sums of from $3,000 to $20,000. Apply to ADAMS & YOUNG, No. 170 Broadway.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. first floor over Park Bank.

DIVIDENDS.

GREAT BASIN OIL COMPANY.
DIVIDEND NOTICE NO. 2.

The Directors of this Company have declared a dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT. on their capital stock for November, payable to New-York stockholders at the office of JAMES B. POST, Room No. 25, No. 20 Exchange-place, on and after the the 15th inst.
G. W. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

OCEANIC PETROLEUM COMPANY
DIVIDEND.

A Dividend of ONE PER CENT on the Capital Stock ($2,000,000) will be paid at the office of the Company, No. 134 Maiden-lane, on the 20th inst., from the earnings of the Company to the 1st December. The transfer books will be closed from the 10th to the 20th inst.
WM. H. PHELPS, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 3, 1864.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD CO.,
OFFICE No. 73 SOUTH 4TH-ST.
PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30, 1864.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The transfer books of this Company will be closed on THURSDAY, Dec. 15, and reopened on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1865.

A Dividend of 15 per cent., on the common and preferred stock, clear of National and State taxes, has been declared payable in common stock, on 31st Dec. next, on all stock standing on the books of the Company at the close of business on the 15th proximo.

Stockholders whose names are registered on the New-York books, will be paid at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 56 Wall-st.
S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

TRANSFER OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO.,
No. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 14, 1864.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF THREE and One-half (3½) Per Cent., has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this company, payable (less the Government tax) at this office, on and after the 1st of December next, to the holders of said stock, as shown by the company's books at the close of business on the 26th inst., at which time the transfer books for the preferred stock will be closed, to be reopened on the 1st of December.
JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO AND WABASH RAILWAY CO.,
No. 19 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 29, 1864.

A DIVIDEND OF THREE AND ONE-HALF Per Cent., free of Government tax, has been declared on the common stock of this company, payable on and after the 20th day of December next, at this office, on all stock registered in New-York, and at Toledo, Ohio, on the stock registered there.

The transfer books will be closed on the 10th and opened on the 24th of December.
A. BOODY, President.

OFFICE OF "THE STOUT COAL CO.,"
Room No. 44 Trinity Building,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS of "THE STOUT COAL CO.," held 22d ult., a dividend of Six Per Cent., (6 per cent.,) was declared, payable Dec. 15, out of the earnings of the three months ending Oct. 31. Transfer books will be closed on 10th inst,
THOS. H. STOUT, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE HEYDRICK OIL COMPANY,
No. 7 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK.

FIRST MONTHLY DIVIDEND.—THE Heydrick Oil Company has this day declared a dividend of Two (2) per cent. on its capital stock, payable on and after the 5th day of December next.
By order,
ROBT. S. BRAINE, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.—THE CHEMUNG RAILROAD COMPANY will pay on demand a quarterly dividend of two per cent., free of Government tax, at No. 237 Broadway.
J. W. BAKER, Treasurer, pro tem.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF ELEGANT
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND VALUABLE WORKS OF ART, COST OVER $12,000,
MAGNIFICENT ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, &c.,
THIS AFTERNOON, AT 2 O'CLOCK.

at the elegant residence No. 152 West 21st-st., between 7th and 8th avs., comprising the entire rich parlor, chamber, dining-room and nursery furniture of the house; over 800 yards velvet and tapestry carpets, superb mirrors, four rosewood and walnut suites in brocatel and reps, silver, china, cut glass, &c. Catalogues at house. Sale rain or shine, without reserve.
HENRY R. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.
CLOSING SALE OF BRONZES,
SUPERB CLOCKS, BRONZE STATUETTES,
SEVRES AND FRENCH CHINA VASES,
BOHEMIAN GLASS-WARE,
SUPERB SILVER-PLATED WARE,
ORMOLU AND PORCELAIN GOODS,
by EDWARD SCHENCK, THIS DAY, Dec. 5, at 10½ o'clock at No. 60 Liberty-st.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 7, AT 12 O'CLOCK, AT Francis E. Pinto's warehouse, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, by order of Robert Murray, Esq., United States Marshal.

CARGO OF THE PRIZE STEAMER ANNIE, consisting of
Cotton—519 bales cotton.
Tobacco—98 drums, 70 kegs, 89 boxes manufactured tobacco.
Spirits Turpentine—13 bbls. spirits turpentine.

Catalogues and samples of the cotton will be ready at No. 115 Pearl-st., three days previous to the sale.

Also, the prize steamer ANNIE, her tackle, apparel, furniture and chronometer, as she now lies at the Atlantic Dock Basin, Brooklyn.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.
UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE OF COTTON.

MONDAY, Dec. 12, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at Francis E. Pinto's warehouse, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, by order of ROBERT MURRAY, Esq., United States Marshal,
TWENTY-NINE BALES OF COTTON.

OIL LANDS FOR SALE AT AUCTION.—JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., No. 36 Pine-st., will offer for sale at auction, to close an estate, on THURSDAY, Dec. 8, 1864, at 12½ o'clock, at Merchants' Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, N. Y., two tracts of land finely timbered, with red and white oak, consisting of 225 acres, situated on Stewart's Run, Alleghany township, Venango County, Penn., known as lots 210 and 220, 7 miles from Titusville, 6 from Plumersville, 4 from Tionesta. One tract of 125 acres has the stream running through it, and every indication of oil which has been found on the stream a short distance from it. The other tract in sight and within one mile of it.

E. T. WELLS, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE—SPLENDID SET OF French crystal glassware.—Included in my sale of TUESDAY, 6th inst., at No. 73 Murray-st., will be sold, at 1 o'clock, for the benefit of the Metropolitan Sanitary Commission, 130 pieces best cut glass, including goblets, wines, champagnes, liquors, decanters, fruit bowls, &c., cost $350, to which attention is invited.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
No. 19 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1864.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of VAN SCHAICK & MASSETT, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

J. VAN SCHAICK, } General Partners.
S. F. MASSETT, }
W. R. TRAVERS, } Special Partners.
GEO. A. OSGOOD, }

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned has associated with him Mr. John F. Batchelder and Mr. James R. Nichols, and will continue the stock commission business at No. 19 William-st., under the name and firm of VAN SCHAICK & Co.
J. VAN SCHAICK.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name and style of RITTENHOUSE, FANT & CO., Washington, D. C., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. H. G. FANT and RICHARD PETTIT withdrawing from the firm, and also from the Bank of Commerce, Georgetown, D. C.

C. E. RITTENHOUSE,
H. G. FANT,
SAMUEL FOWLER,
JOHN L. DUFIEF,
WM. T. HERRON,
RICHARD PETTIT,
SUSAN IRELAND.

The business will be continued in Washington, D. C., by the undersigned under the name and style of RITTENHOUSE, FOWLER & CO., and in Georgetown, D. C., under the name of the Bank of Commerce, as heretofore, who are authorized to settle the business of the late firm and bank.

C. E. RITTENHOUSE,
SAMUEL FOWLER,
JOHN L. DUFIEF,
WM. T. HERRON,
SUSAN IRELAND.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 1, 1864.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm name of ARNTZ, WHITELY & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business of the firm will be settled by Mr. S. MAYER, to whom the same has been transferred, and who is authorized to use the name of the firm in liquidation.

New-York, December 2, 1864.
CHARLES ARNTZ,
JAMES WHITELY,
FREDERICK WENDEL.

S. MAYER will carry on the business of Broker in Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, and Specie, strictly on commission, at No. 25 William-st.
S. MAYER.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership, for the transaction of a general stock, bond and gold brokerage business, under the name and firm of ODDIE & GAMBLE, at 31 Broad-st.
ORVILLE ODDIE,
ARTHUR GAMBLE.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership existing between the undersigned as builders, under the firm of STEWART & HOWELL, has been dissolved by mutual consent.
JAMES STEWART,
JOHN S. HOWELL.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 22, 1864.

No. 53 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, Nov. 15, 1864.

HAVING ASSOCIATED WITH US MR. CHARLES H. DABNEY, the business of our firm will, from this date, be continued under the name of DABNEY, MORGAN & CO.
J. PIERPONT MORGAN & CO

MEETINGS.

A STATED MEETING OF THE NEW-YORK County Medical Society will be held at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, corner of 23d-st. and 4th-av., on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 5, at 8 o'clock.
ISAAC E. TAYLOR, M. D., President.
ELLSWORTH ELIOT, M. D., Secretary.

FOR SALE.

DWELLING HOUSES FOR SALE.
GREAT BARGAINS.

House and furniture, No. 58 West 27th-st., three-story, brick	$11,000
East 38th-st., four-story, brown stone house and furniture	17,500
West 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., four-story brown stone house and furniture	17,500
East 36th-st., near Park-av., four story brown stone house	28,000
West 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., four-story brown stone house	25,000
Madison-av., extra large house	45,000
5th-av., corner house and stable	70,000

Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

WHARF PROPERTY.

Valuable wharf property and water right for sale, together with half the block of land between Horatio and Gansevoort sts., being the block of land next to the proposed city market. Terms easy. Apply to
EDWARD GREEN, Executor,
No. 521 West-st.

OIL WELLS AND OIL LANDS,
For sale by S. COCKCROFT,
No. 165 Broadway.

FOR SALE—TIMBER LOT OF 674 ACRES.—ONE of the most valuable timber lots in this State, within 3½ miles of canal and railroad, near the head of Seneca Lake; easy of access, and surrounded by highly improved farms, worth from $50 to $60 per acre. The land is heavily timbered, and is of better soil and surface than any other similar body in the State. The property has on it a steam saw mill and shingle machine in running order, four dwellings and two barns. Title perfect; price $50 per acre. Very favorable terms will be made with a party who desires to lumber it, or it will be exchanged in part for other first-class property near New-York, or for well located Western lands at cash prices. W. L. BARNES, No. 362 Broadway, third floor, rear.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF ONE HUNDRED acres, in the best part of Berkshire County, Mass. House has sixteen rooms, and commands an extensive view of most beautiful scenery; five minutes' walk from railroad station, post-office and churches; large variety of choicest apples, pears, cherries, &c.; to be appreciated must be seen. Price, $15,000. Apply to the owner, FRANCIS WHITING, Great Barrington, Mass., or SHEPARD & BEACH, No. 31 Front-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THREE HUDSON RIVER FARMS, 180 acres; 23 do., 63 do. Farms at Pelham, Mount Vernon, New-Jersey. Elegant country seats near New-York.

Modern city houses—one, $8,000; one, $8,500; two, $9,000; four, $13,000; one, stone, $17,000, 25x50; one, 27x70, lot 125, $25,000; one, very spacious, 40x100, lot 40x150, large stable. JNO. H. POILLON, No. 132 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A MAGNIFICENT RESIDENCE IN the heart of Newark City, with numerous outbuildings and a large garden in fine order; very valuable if divided into city lots; will be sold on reasonable terms; situated 3 minutes' walk from railroad depot, fronting a public park. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 77 Cedar-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FARMS, VILLAGE PROPERTY, OIL LANDS.—Wisconsin farms $1,400, worth double; one crop will pay the whole. New country seat on New-York Bay; water front.
WALTER W. WETMORE, No. 36 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone front houses, finished in the best style, hard-wood doors, blinds, stairs, &c., and elegant site, corner of 28th-st. and Lexington-av. Inquire of GEORGE J. HAMILTON, Builder, No. 297 Lexington-av., nearly opposite.

FOR SALE—THE TWO FOUR-STORY BRICK buildings and lots in fee, Nos. 271 and 273 Greenwich-st. next adjoining corner Murray-st. Each building rents for $1,100 per annum; terms easy. Inquire of
JOHN JAMISON,
No. 190 Washington-st., near Fulton-st.

$20 AN ACRE IS THE PRICE OF FOUR farms, containing 15, 25, 50 and 75 acres each, 40 miles on the Long Island Railroad; all good level land, loamy soil, free from stone, and productive. E. A. BUNCE, the owner, No. 7 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone house in 38th-st., a few doors from 5th-av., completely furnished, with immediate possession. Price $45,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st.

FACTORY FOR SALE—IN NEWARK, NEW Jersey; suitable for manufacturing purposes; central and well lighted. Apply to A. H. BROWN, No. 317 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

FOR EXCHANGE—THE VALUABLE STORE property, No. 12 Bowery, for a first-class dwelling up town and furniture, if furnished. Address Box No. 3,508 Post-office.

FOR SALE—A STORE ON WEST-ST., NEAR Washington Market; a very excellent business stand; will be sold very low and on easy terms.
THOS. WELWOOD, No. 77 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 35 ACRES OF LAND near White Plains, Westchester County, with dwelling, carriage-house, barns, granaries, &c. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A PARCEL OF SIX LOTS, ON 109th and 110th sts., near Third-avenue Railroad. Price $625 per lot. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES DESIROUS to remove, sell or rent furnished or unfurnished houses, will call on the subscriber, JOHN H. POILLON, No. 132 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE DWELLING, STABLES AND 21 lots of land, corner of Broadway and 101st-st.; one of the most complete residences in the City of New-York. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FURNISHED HOUSE, 20x50, West 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to COR. R. DISOSWAY, No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No 8. No commissions allowed.

TO LET.

TO LEASE—FOR 20 YEARS, FROM MAY NEXT, with privilege of a second term, the premises now occupied by DELMONICO, corner Broadway and Chambers sts. Lot 50 feet 11 inches on Broadway. For full particulars apply to JOHN TOWNSEND, JR., No. 5 Beekman-st., or E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE—IN FITZRAY-PLACE— with or without a stable, to be let for the Winter; a large, double, three-story house, plainly furnished. For terms and permit to see the same, apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS.—A small farm with cottage-house and barn-house, on the East River, ten miles from the city. Rent only $300 and repairs, a year. Apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

ROOMS TO RENT.—TWO VERY PLEASANT rooms, of medium size, may be had, with or without board, in a small family, at No. 28 University-place. Good reference required.

TWO ROOMS TO LET—TO A GENTLEMAN and wife, on the second floor of house No. 203 East 23d-st.; rent $25 a month, including gas.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

WANTED TO RENT—A PART OF A HOUSE, or four or five rooms, in a respectable part of the city—east side preferred. Address G. B. E., Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A FURNISHED HOUSE IN THE country, near and accessible to New-York by rail or boat, at a moderate rent; would lease for one or three years. Address Box No. 5,649 New-York Post-office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

WANTED—BY A WIDOW LADY, A POSITION as companion to a lady where such services as she might render would be an equivalent for board; a pious family preferred; the best of references given and required. Address Mrs. D. H., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

REMOVALS.

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY.
NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

The GENERAL OFFICES of the AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, including the offices of the Treasurer, Manager, Cashier, Superintendent, Transfer Clerk, and the Money Delivery Department, will be removed from No. 61 Hudson-st. to Nos. 122 and 124 Broadway, corner of Cedar-st., on Thursday, Dec. 1.

The Freight Depot, for the reception and delivery of goods and packages of every description, will be continued at No. 61 Hudson-st., corner of Jay.
WELLS, BUTTERFIELD & CO.
ALEX. HOLLAND, Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 30, 1864.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

TO TOBACCONISTS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HOUSE'S PATENT TOBACCO MACHINE,
for manufacturing all kinds and grades of plug, fine cut chewing, smoking, granulated, Killikinick, &c. These machines can be made all sizes, adapted for the largest factories or smallest retailers. One of these machines can now be seen in operation at the office of the undersigned, where the trade generally are invited to call and examine it.
M. RADER & SON, Agents,
No. 92 Wall-st., New-York.

TOBACCO AND CIGAR MANUFACTURERS' AND DEALERS' CONVENTION.—All in favor of a change in the Internal Revenue Law by taking the tax from the manufactured tobacco and placing it on the leaf, are invited to attend the convention to be held at the Cooper Institute on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 7, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M. It is recommended that business, as far as practicable, be suspended by those interested, on the day named.

BERG & CO.'S CELEBRATED
PATENT CIGARETTOS.
Wholesale depot at
GAIL, AX & KUCHLER'S,
Nos. 173 and 175 Water-st., New-York.

PRINTING.

STEAM PRINTING AT LOW PRICES.—G. A. WHITEHORNE, No. 42 Ann-st., and No. 119 Fulton-st. Political printing cheap for cash.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE COMING DRAFT.
IMPORTANT NOTICE
TO ALL WHO ARE ENROLLED AS
LIABLE TO DRAFT.

The New-York County Committee on Volunteering have reason to believe that a further call is likely soon to be made by the President for men.

Hitherto, great complaint has been made that the quotas demanded of the County of New-York have been excessive.

As all quotas are based upon the enrollment, it is evident that no relief can be expected except by a reduction of the enrollment to its proper standard.

Although appeals have hitherto been made to citizens to correct the enrollment, there has been little or no disposition shown by the public to discharge its duty in this particular.

It is evident that this duty must be performed by the public authorities, or it will not be performed at all.

By consent of the War Department and the advice of the Governor, the New-York County Committee on Volunteering has determined to undertake the herculean labor of correcting the Enrollment of the County.

No means will be spared to make this correction thorough and satisfactory both to the people and the Government.

Our only object is to correct the enrollment and place it at a proper standard, and every citizen owes it alike to himself and his neighbor to assist in this work.

In addition to other means which will be brought into requisition for the accomplishment of this object, a complete copy of the existing enrollment of each Ward or Election District will be printed and furnished to every enrolled citizen of the Ward or Election District.

This will prevent the excuse which so many who are exempt have made, that they did not know they were enrolled, and hence did not attend to having their names taken from the roll.

It will also afford the opportunity for every man enrolled to see whether or not his neighbor is enrolled, and enable him to secure that those liable and not enrolled shall be put down.

Every person enrolled is requested to aid in the gigantic labor which we have undertaken, by complying with the following conditions:

I. Whenever a name appears of any person who is not enrolled but liable, notice of the fact should be given to the Provost-Marshal of the District, by any person who may be cognizant of the fact, in order that the same may be recorded.

II. Whenever a name appears of any person who has removed, notice of the fact should be given at the Provost-Marshal's office, that the name may be stricken from the roll of that District and recorded where it properly belongs.

III. Whenever a name appears which is known to be fictitious, or any one is aware that the person indicated is not a resident as described, notice should be given at the Provost-Marshal's office, that the name may be stricken from the roll.

IV. Whenever cause of exemption exists for any reason, notice should be given to the Provost-Marshal of the District by the exempt person himself, that the name may be stricken from the roll.

The following are the recognized causes of exemption:

1. Over 45 years of age.
2. Under 20 years of age.
3. Being an alien, and never having voted.
4. Having furnished a substitute in anticipation of the draft.
5. Having been drafted and furnished a substitute.
6. Having been drafted and paid commutation.
7. Having been drafted and received a certificate of permanent physical disability.
8. Being permanently physically disqualified.
9. Having served two years in the Army or Navy during the present War, and being honorably discharged.

In addition to this, so far as possible, every enrolled man will be waited upon personally by authorized agents, deputed to ascertain the liability of all enrolled men, to have those improperly enrolled taken off, and to add those not on, but who should be enrolled.

As this is an effort to correct and not to increase the enrollment, it is to the interest of every person to give correct and true answers to any and all questions which may be put to them, and any person declining to answer or giving false answers render themselves liable to arrest and imprisonment.

This is probably the last attempt which will be made to secure a correct Enrollment of the County of New-York. To be successful the coöperation of every resident of this city and county is absolutely required.

The Government officials have evinced a disposition to afford us every facility to attain the object in view. If, therefore, through the indisposition and apathy of the public, who are most concerned, this effort to correct the enrollment prove abortive, and further excessive quotas are demanded of us, because of the incorrectness of the enrollment, the people of this city and county will be themselves responsible, and they will have none but themselves to blame.

Dated NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1864.
C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
WM. M. TWEED, Supervisor.
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor.
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor.
WM. R. STEWART, Supervisor.
CORNELIUS CORSON, Chief of Enrolling Bureau.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman of Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman HAVILAND,
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.
GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES RILEY,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties having siness before the Committee are requested to attend.
SAMUEL WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 5 City Hall on every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK RUSSELL, } Committee
MICHAEL BROPHY, } on
WM. JOYCE. } Roads.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M.

All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct Department.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, BUREAU OF THE RECEIVER OF TAXES, No. 32 CHAMBERS-ST.

TO TAX-PAYERS.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that an additional one per cent will be added on the 15th inst. to all taxes unpaid on that day. On the 1st of January following, interest at the rate of twelve per cent. will accrue, to be calculated from the 10th of October, 1864, to the date of payment.
JOHN MURPHY, Receiver.

PROPOSALS

PROPOSALS FOR $500,000 VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS
FAMILY AID FUND BONDS NO. 11.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's office until WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of December, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the purchase of the whole or any part of the sum of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars of the "Volunteer Soldiers Family Aid Fund Bonds No. 11," authorized by an ordinance of the Corporation, passed Nov. 29, 1864, and an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed March 6, 1863.

The said Bonds will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemed Nov. 1, 1875.

The proposals will state the amount of bonds desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof, and the persons whose proposals are accepted, will thereupon be required to deposit with the Chamberlain of the City (at the Broadway Bank) the sums awarded to them respectively.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive bonds for equal amounts of the par value thereof, bearing interest from the dates of payments

Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Volunteer Soldiers Family Aid Fund Bonds No. 11," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids if the interests of the Corporation require it.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
November, 29, 1864.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY TRANSPORTATION.
OFFICE OF THE DEPOT QUARTERMASTER,
FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS,
November 10, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, M., on the 31st day of December, 1864, for the Transportation of Military Supplies during the year 1865, on the following routes:

ROUTE NO. 1.—From Forts Leavenworth, Laramie, and Riley, and other depots that may be established during the above year on the west bank of the Missouri River, north of Fort Leavenworth, and south of latitude 42 degrees north, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the Territories of Nebraska, Dakota, Idaho, and Utah, south of latitude 44 degrees north, and east of longitude 114 degrees west, and in the Territory of Colorado north of 40 degrees north. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport said stores in each of the months from April to September, inclusive, of the year 1865.

ROUTE NO. 2.—From Forts Leavenworth and Riley, in the State of Kansas, and the town of Kansas, in the State of Missouri, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the State of Kansas, or in the Territory of Colorado, south of latitude 40 degrees north, drawing supplies from Fort Leavenworth, and to Fort Union, N. M., or other depot that may be designated in that Territory, to Fort Garland, and to any other point or points on the route. Bidders are to state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport said stores in each of the months from April to September, inclusive, of the year 1865.

ROUTE NO. 3.—From Fort Union, or such depot as may be established in the Territory of New-Mexico, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in that Territory, and to such posts or stations as may be designated in the Territory of Arizona and State of Texas west of longitude 105 degrees west. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport said stores in each of the months from June to November, inclusive, of the year 1865.

The weight to be transported each year will not exceed 10,000,000 pounds on Route No. 1; 15,000,000 pounds on Route No. 2; and 6,000,000 pounds on Route No. 3.

No additional per centage will be paid for the transportation of bacon, hard bread, pine lumber, shingles, or any other stores.

Bidders should give their names in full, as well as their place of residence, and each proposal should be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by two or more responsible persons, guaranteeing that in case a contract is awarded for the route mentioned in the proposal, to the parties proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into, and good and sufficient security furnished by said parties in accordance with the terms of this advertisement.

The amount of bonds required will be as follows:

On Route No. 1	$100,000
On Route No. 2	200,000
On Route No. 3	60,000

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder and person offered as security will be required.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Army Transportation on Route No. 1," "2," or "3," as the case may be; and none will be entertained unless they fully comply with all the requirements of this advertisement.

Parties to whom awards are made must be prepared to execute contracts at once, and to give the required bonds for the faithful performance of the same.

Contracts will be made subject to the approval of the Quartermaster-General, but the right is reserved to reject any or all bids that may be offered.

Contractors must be in readiness for service by the first day of April, 1865, and they will be required to have a place of agencies at or in the vicinity of Forts Leavenworth and Union, and other depots that may be established, at which they may be communicated with promptly and readily.

By order of the Quartermaster-General.
H. C. HODGES, Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

[No. 15.] CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 30, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned until TUESDAY, Dec. 13, 1864, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing this Department (by contract) with—

Camp Colors, for Infantry, army standard.
Hospital Tent Poles, sets, army standard.
Wall Tent Poles, sets, army standard.
Hospital Tent Pins, large, army standard.
Hospital Tent Pins, small, army standard.
Wall Tent Pins, large, army standard.
Wall Tent Pins, small, army standard.
Company Order Books, army standard.
Company Clothing Account Books, army standard.
Company Descriptive Books, army standard.
Company Morning Report Books, army standard.
Post Order Books, army standard.
Post Morning Report Books, army standard.
Post Letter Books, army standard.
Post Guard Report Books, army standard.
Regimental General Order Books, army standard.
Regimental Letter Books, army standard.
Regimental Descriptive Books, army standard.
Regimental Index Books, army standard.
Record Target Practice Books, army standard.

Samples of the standard articles may be seen at the Office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered free of charge, at the United States Inspection Warehouse in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and the time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal: and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to army standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on TUESDAY, Dec. 13, 1864, at 12 o'clock M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 14, 1864, and preference will be given to bidders agreeing to complete their deliveries within three months from date of commencement.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of proposals, contracts and bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope, "Proposal for [here insert the name of the article offered]," and address
Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster, Cincinnati Depot.

[No. 13.] CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
CINCINNATI, O. November 21, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until WEDNESDAY, December 7, 1864, at 12 o'clock, M. for furnishing this Department (by contract), with—

INFANTRY TROWSERS—S. B. Kersey, Army Standard.

SHELTER TENTS, of 28½ inch Duck, weighing 8 oz. to the lineal yard—Army Standard.

To be made in accordance with specifications adopted by the Quartermaster's Department, a copy of which can be seen at this Office.

Also, for the immediate delivery of
PETROLEUM OR WATER-PROOF PAPER,
of which bidders will furnish samples.

Samples of the standard articles may be seen at the Office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered, free of charge, at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to Army Standard; otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under this proposal.

Bids will be opened on Wednesday, December 7, 1864, at 12 o'clock, noon, at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Thursday, December 8, 1864.

Bonds will be required that the contracts will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to Proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of Proposals, Contracts and Bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope: "Proposal for [here insert the name of the article offered]," and address
Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster, Cincinnati Depot.

[No. 14.] **SPECIAL NOTICE—SHELTER TENTS.**
CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
CINCINNATI, Nov. 28, 1864.

The advertisement from this office dated Nov. 21, 1864, for SHELTER TENTS, is hereby modified as regards the width of the material, which must be 33½ inches wide, weighing 8 ounces to the linear yard, instead of 28½ inches.

Bidders are informed that the specifications require the material to be thoroughly wetted and shrunk before being made up.

Preference will be given to Cotton Duck, and no Tents will be received of material weighing less than 8 ounces to the linear yard.
WM. W. McKIMM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

PROPOSALS FOR FRESH BEEF AND MUTTON.—Sealed proposals will be received by the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction, at their office, No. 1 Bond-st., until 2 o'clock P. M. of the 8th day of December next, for supplying the institutions under their charge with fresh beef and mutton of the first quality, for a period of one year or less, as they may determine, commencing on the 1st of January, 1865. Specifications setting forth fully all the requirements of the department, and all information that parties proposing to contract may desire, will be furnished on application at their office.
S. DRAPER, President.
ISAAC BELL, Secretary.
MOSES H. GRINNELL, } Commissioners.
JAMES B NICHOLSON, }

OFFICE OF THE STREET COMMISSIONER,
No. 237 Broadway.

TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS, INclosed in a sealed envelope, indorsed with the title of the work, and with the name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this office until THURSDAY, Dec. 15, 1864, at 11 o'clock A. M.

For furnishing fifteen hundred (1,500) cast-iron lamp-posts for the City of New-York.

For filling sunken lots in One Hundred and Twenty-first and One Hundred and Twenty-third streets, between First-avenue and Avenue A.

Blank forms of proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, can be obtained at this office.—Dated Street Department, New-York, Dec. 3, 1864.
CHARLES G. CORNELL, Street Commissioner.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 86 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1864.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily, for the
FREIGHTING OF FORAGE
for the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland, and other ports on Coast of Maine,
TO
Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C., and New-Orleans, La.
PROPOSITIONS
must state name, standing and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to
S. L. BROWN,
Captain and Asst. Quartermaster.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 7.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 14.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 21.
CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec 28.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 4.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 11.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.......... 80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.......... 65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,612	....
ONTARIO—building	3,212	....
HELVETIA—building	3,209	....
ERIN	3,318	Grace.
LOUISIANA	2,168	Prowse.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,972	Brooking.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:
VIRGINIA—Lewis..........Saturday, Dec. 10.
AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.
The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.
Cabin passage, $125 in currency; Steerage, $45 in currency.
The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.
For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.
The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:
WASHINGTON.......... 3,204 tons.... 900-horse power
LAFAYETTE.......... 3,204 tons.... 900-horse power
EUGENIE..........(Afloat).... 900-horse power
FRANCE..........(Building).... 900-horse power
NAPOLEON III..........(Building)...1,100-horse power
Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the
WASHINGTON, A. DUCHESNE;
LAFAYETTE, A. BOCANDE;
as follows:
FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE.
WASHINGTON......WEDNESDAY..........Dec. 7.
LAFAYETTE........WEDNESDAY..........Jan. 4.
First Cabin, (including table wine)..........$135
Second Cabin, (including table wine)..........$70 or $80
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Medical attendance free of charge.
For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

STEAMSHIP WASHINGTON, FOR HAVRE, will sail from Pier No. 50, North River, foot of Morton-st., on WEDNESDAY, 7th December. Passengers are requested to be on board at 11 o'clock.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
Line of Side-Wheel Steamers to
NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
Will sail as follows:
EVENING STAR......Bell..........Saturday, Dec. 10.
GUIDING STAR......Knapp..........Saturday, Dec. 17.
MORNING STAR......Nelson..........Saturday, Dec. 24.
EVENING STAR......Bell..........Saturday, Jan. 7.
GUIDING STAR......Knapp..........Saturday, Jan. 14.
MORNING STAR......Nelson..........Saturday, Jan. 21.
DAY STAR..........(Building.)
At 3 o'clock, P. M.,
From Pier 46 North River, 3d Pier above Canal-st., N. Y.
PASSAGE—Chief cabin staterooms, $75 to $100, according to location of stateroom. Second cabin, $50.
The *Morning Star* is 2,048 tons, the *Evening Star* 2,015, the *Guiding Star* 2,416, the *Day Star* 2,778, custom-house measurement. Their passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other steamers.
No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing. For Freight or Passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
By special request the steamship GUIDING STAR, sailing from New-York Dec. 17, will call at Havana to land passengers.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL— Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line) carrying the U. S. mails are intended to sail as follows:
CITY OF EDINBURGH..SATURDAY..........Dec. 10
CITY OF GLASGOW....SATURDAY..........Dec. 17
CITY OF MANCHESTER..SATURDAY..........Dec. 24
and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
PAYABLE IN GOLD, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.
Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.
For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer "CORSICA," Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, Dec. 5, MONDAY, Jan. 2.
Passage money to Nassau..........$45
Passage money to Havana.......... 50
(Payable in Gold or its equivalent.)
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green

AMERICAN-EUROPEAN EXPRESS,
No. 72 Broadway.
Forward
PACKAGES,
VALUABLES and MONEY,
to any part of
EUROPE,
By steamer every week.
DRAFTS on Europe in sums to suit.
AUSTIN, BALDWIN & CO., Proprietors.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The new and first-class United States Mail Steamship
GEO. WASHINGTON,
E. V. GAGER, Commander,
Will leave pier No 9, North River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 10, at 3 P. M.
The passenger accommodations of this steamer have been enlarged and elegantly furnished.
Passage, first-class, $75.
No freight received or bills of lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.
The FUNG SHUY will follow.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE
FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.
The following first-class side-wheel steamships will be dispatched at noon, precisely, from Pier No. 3, North River:
Dec. 3..........NORTH STAR..........JONES.
(Connecting at Panama with CONSTITUTION.)
Dec. 13..........COSTA RICA..........TINKLEPAUGH.
(Connecting at Panama with SACRAMENTO.)
Dec. 23..........OCEAN QUEEN..........SEABURY.
(Connecting at Panama with GOLDEN CITY.)
For freight or passage, apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA, via NICARAGUA, at greatly reduced rates this trip. THE CENTRAL AMERICAN TRANSIT COMPANY will dispatch, on MONDAY, Dec. 19, at noon, from Pier No. 29, North River, the elegant steamship GOLDEN RULE, Capt. D. S. BABCOCK.
First Cabin, Saloon, and Deck Rooms, $325; First Cabin, Between Deck Rooms, $300; Second Cabin, open berth, $225; Third Cabin, forward berth, $125. Children 6 to 12 years, one-half rates; Children under 6 years, one-quarter rates. Fifty pounds baggage free; extra baggage 10 cents a pound.
This is the shortest route to San Francisco, by 750 miles. There is no charge for meals on the Transit, and it is the only line offering these greatly reduced rates.
For passage apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent,
No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.
After this date, the regular opposition sailing day will be the 20th of every month.

FOR HAVANA—THE UNITED STATES MAIL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP
COLUMBIA,
D. B. BARTON, Commander,
Will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 7, at 3 o'clock, P. M., precisely, for Havana direct.
For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

PASSENGERS PER STEAMSHIP CORSICA, for Havana and Nassau, are requested to be on board, at the Company's wharf, Jersey City, on MONDAY MORNING, 5th inst., at 11 o'clock.
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, No. 262 Broadway.—U. S. Passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Notary Public.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID STEAMSHIP MORO CASTLE, ADAMS, Commander, will succeed the COLUMBIA, and leave on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 14.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.
CAVALRY BUREAU, OFFICE OF ASST. QUARTERMASTER, No. 18 State-st., NEW-YORK, July 27, 1864.
I will purchase in OPEN MARKET all the cavalry horses that may be presented and pass inspection at the Government stables, corner of 10th-av. and 35th-st., in this City, until further notice.
Payment will be made in checks, payable in certificates of indebtedness, when seven (7) or more horses are received. Price, one hundred and sixty-five ($165) each.
GEO. T. BROWNING,
Capt. and Asst. Quartermaster.

WINTER BOARD FOR HORSES.—GOOD accommodations for four horses, where they will be well cared for, in Orange, N. J. Price, $20 per month. Apply to C. BRAMHALL, No. 263 Canal-st.

RAILROADS.

NEW RAILROAD LINE SOUTH:
BROOKLYN TO PHILADELPHIA—THROUGH IN FIVE HOURS.
Fare, $2. Excursion Ticket, $3, (good for three days.)
On and after TUESDAY, Nov. 1, 1864, by the commodious steamer JESSE HOYT, foot of Montague-st., Brooklyn, every day (Sundays excepted,) at 11 o'clock A. M., thence to Port Monmouth and by the Raritan and Delaware Bay Railroad to foot of Vine-st., Philadelphia. Returning leave Vine-st. wharf, Philadelphia, every morning at 8 A. M. (Sundays excepted.)
☞ Travelers from the City of New-York are notified not to apply for passage by this line, the State of New-Jersey having granted to the Camden and Amboy monopoly the exclusive privilege of carrying passengers and freight between the Cities of New-York and Philadelphia.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.
Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st, running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.
This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.
H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE FOOT OF Chambers-st.:
7:00 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
7:00 A. M.—Express for Cleveland direct, via A. and G. W. Railway.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10:00 A. M.—Mail for Buffalo.
4:00 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
5:00 P. M.—Night Express—Sundays excepted—for Buffalo, &c.
6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Dunkirk Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua, and for Cleveland, via A. and G. W. Railway.
8:00 P. M.—Emigrant.
CHARLES MINOT, General Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M. Mail Train for Greenport, Sag Harbor, &c.; and on Saturdays, at 3 P. M., Express Train for Greenport, stopping at stations east of Hicksville. For Farmingdale, Deer Park, Islip, Lakeland, Waverley and Yaphank at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. For Syosset at 10.30 A. M. and 4 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Winfield, Jamaica, Hempstead, &c., at 9, 10:30 A. M. 3, 4 and 5 P. M.
Sunday train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 9:15 A. M., for Yaphank, stopping at all stations, (except Hempstead and Syosset.) Excursion tickets sold for this train.
A. REASONER, Superindent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—ON AND after MONDAY, Dec. 5, trains leave 30th-st. station for Albany and Troy, and places North and West, at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M., 3:40, 6, and 10:30 P. M. Sleeping cars attached to the 6 and 10:30 P. M. trains from 30th-st. All trains leave Chambers-st 30 minutes earlier than 30th-st. Sunday train, 6 P. M. from 30th-st. Through freight train daily.
J. M. TOUCEY, Ass't Sup't.

N. Y. AND FLUSHING R. R. CO.— Trains leave Flushing 5:40, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M., and 1, 3, 5, 6, 7:15 P. M. Trains leave Hunter's Point 6:10, 7:30, 8:30, 9.30, 11:30 A. M., and 2:20, 4:20, 5:30, 6:30 and 8 P. M. Extra trains leave Flushing at 11 P. M. and Hunter's Point at 12 o'clock TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS. SUNDAY trains leave Hunter's Point at 9 and 11 A. M., and 2, 5, 7 P. M.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.— Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., and 6:05 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M., run to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.
Nov. 1, 1864.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD
Trains for Albany Troy, and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.
STONINGTON STEAMBOAT LINE,
VIA GROTON AND PROVIDENCE.
THE OLDEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND MOST DIRECT,
AVOIDING "POINT JUDITH."
The magnificent steamer
COMMONWEALTH,
ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
The elegant steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK,
ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
AT 4 O'CLOCK, P. M.
These boats start from Pier No. 18 North River, (foot of Cortlandt-st.,) and are acknowledged by all experienced travelers to be among the largest, strongest, most comfortable and best that have ever run in American waters. At all seasons and in all weather, these boats invariably make the passage on time. Sumptuous suppers and luxuriously furnished state-rooms are marked features of these "floating palaces."
Berths and state-rooms may be secured at Harden's Express Office, No. 74 Broadway, and at No. 115 West-st., New-York, and at No. 76 Washington-st., Boston.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent,

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—THE STEAMER BRIDGEPORT leaves Peck-slip, East River, daily at 12 o'clock noon, arriving in Bridgeport in time to connect with the Naugatuck, Housatonic, New-Haven and Hartford Railroad; also the Shore Line to New-London. Freight taken all day on wharf.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, SPRINGFIELD AND WHITE MOUNTAINS.—Steamboat and railroad connection at New-Haven. Steamers leave Peck-slip, at 3:15 and 11 P. M., Sundays excepted.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PURSUANT TO AN ACT PASSED BY the Legislature of the State of New-York, entitled an act to authorize the formation of a Corporation in place of the Northern Railroad Company, dissolved, and to empower said Corporation to execute a mortgage upon its property, passed March 31, 1857, as revised and amended by the act for that purpose, passed April 8, 1864, and to an order of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, made pursuant thereto: Notice is hereby given to William A. Wheeler, John S. Eldredge and William C. Brown, Trustees for the holders of the Second Mortgage bonds of the Northern Railroad Company; George A. Kittell, Francis B. Crowninshield and William C. Brown, Trustees for the holders of the First Mortgage bonds of the Northern Railroad Company, Calvin H. Gibbs, Executor of James G. Hopkins deceased, Mary J. Brown, Administratrix of Anthony C. Brown, deceased: Joseph H. Clark, William Thomas, J. A. Burnham, Israel Whitney, H. Hollis Hunnewell; The Hope Insurance Company, the United States Insurance Company, the New England Mutual Marine Insurance Company; J. J. Abbott, Otis Daniel, Richard Olney, Peter Butler, the Northern Railroad Company of New Hampshire, George R. Sampson, Lewis W. Tappan, John S. Missroon, the Northern Railroad Company, and all other persons, if any there be, who have been made parties heretofore to any decree made by the Supreme Court, in respect to either of the mortgages heretofore executed by the Northern Railroad Company, that application will be made to the Supreme Court aforesaid, at a General Term thereof, to be held at the court-house in the City of Schenectady, in the County of Schenectady on the first Tuesday in January next, at the opening of the court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order that the Trustees in possession of the said Northern Railroad, William A. Wheeler, John S. Eldredge and William C. Brown, transfer the same and its appurtenances to the Ogdensburgh and Lake Champlain Railroad Company, and that the petition for said order in this matter is on file in the office of the Clerk of the County of St. Lawrence, where any party interested can procure a copy thereof.
CHARLES G. MYERS.
Attorney for Ogdensburgh and Lake Champlain Railroad Company
DATED NOV. 21, 1864.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
New-York, April 16, 1864.
ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.—1,000 artillery horses wanted, for which one hundred and eighty dollars will be paid for all that pass inspection. These horses must be sound in every particular, broken to harness, not less than 15½ hands high, and will be presented for inspection at the Government stables, 35th-st., between 10th and 11th-avs.
STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster.

SURGEON GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, November 29, 1864.
NOTICE—MEDICAL OFFICERS OF NOT less than two years' service, who have been honorably discharged, and desire to receive appointments as Surgeons or Assistant Surgeons in the U. S. Army Corps now being organized at Washington, are invited to forward their applications, testimonials, and evidence of service, to the Surgeon General, without delay.
J. K. BARNES, Surgeon General.

$600 WILL FURNISH A THREE-YEARS' SUBSTITUTE.—C. L. MORSE & CO., Tammany Hall and No. 1,301 Broadway, New-York City, are prepared to furnish a three-year substitute for any county in the State for $600, at one day's notice.
C. L. MORSE & CO.,
Tammany Hall and No. 1,301 Broadway,
New-York City.

GENTLEMEN WHO ARE DESIROUS OF availing themselves of the provision in the conscription law which allows them to furnish a substitute in advance of a draft, and thereby are exempted from liability to military duty, are requested to register their names and be immediately supplied with substitutes at the office of the Merchants, Bankers', and General Substitute Recruiting Association, No. 428 Broadway, New-York.

SUBSTITUTES FURNISHED IN THE U. S. NAVY for any part of the State, with the Provost-Marshal's order of each district where the principal resides, at No. 172 Chatham-st., Room No. 3.

FORAGE DEPARTMENT, NO. 66 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK CITY.
WANTED—HAY, STRAW, CORN AND OATS, for which cash will be paid on delivery.
S. L. BROWN, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY.
NO. 212 FIFTH-AV., CORNER 26TH-ST., N. Y.
NO. 137 MONTAGUE-ST., BROOKLYN.
Class now forming for children, to meet once a week on SATURDAY MORNINGS, at 10½.
Classes for gentlemen on TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, in Brooklyn—on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS in New-York, at 8 o'clock.
Call for a circular.

C. H. RIVERS' DANCING ACADEMY,
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Classes for beginners are now forming. Send for a circular. Just published, a pamphlet containing a complete description of the fashionable quadrilles and 80 figures of the German Cotillon. Remit 25 cents for a copy.

AMUSEMENTS.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S
MAMMOTH MENAGERIE,
AND GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION,
Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway.
WILD BEASTS,
AND RARE AND CURIOUS BIRDS,
FROM EVERY QUARTER OF THE GLOBE,
IN INFINITE VARIETY!
THE MOST COMPLETE COLLECTION EVER EXHIBITED.
A NEW ADDITION
from Asia, including
THE ISABEL BEAR,
THE ROYAL BENGAL TIGER,
SENEGAL LEOPARD,
SLOTH BEARS FROM HINDOSTAN,
RHAMAPHOOR BLOODHOUNDS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
ALSO,
THE TWO LARGEST ELEPHANTS
IN THE WORLD,
HANNIBAL
AND
TIPOO SAIB.
ADMISSION ONLY 25 CENTS.
ADMISSION ONLY 25 CENTS.
THREE PERFORMANCES DAILY,
at 11½ A. M., 3 and 8½ P. M.

OLYMPIC THEATRE. BEGINS AT 7½.
EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK.
The latest New-York success, by John Sefton, Esq., called
ST. GEORGE
AND THE DRAGOON.
Previous to which the latest London success, by H. T. Craven, Esq., called
MILKY WHITE.
NEW SCENERY, NEW COSTUMES, NEW MUSIC AND NEW SONGS.
On MONDAY next will be produced the London sensation,
THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK,
And a NEW FAIRY SPECTACLE is in active preparation.

HIPPOTHEATRON. BEGINS AT 7½.
14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
MONDAY AND EVERY EVENING.
TWO GRAND MATINEES,
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
FOURTH WEEK OF
MR. HENRY COOK'S MR. HENRY COOK'S
DOG AND MONKEY ACTORS.
First appearance of the beautiful equestrienne,
MISS EMMA STICKNEY.
Continued triumph of the great tight rope artiste,
MLLE. MARIETTA ZANFRETTA.
First time of the new and beautiful
GRAND CHINESE ENTREE.
Reappearance of the child wonder,
LE PETITE GIORGA.
Unprecedented success of the comic entree of
THE CLOWN'S CAVALRY.
The Great Horseback-Juggler,
N. AUSTIN.
The unparalleled Rider and Vaulter,
YOUNG STICKNEY, YOUNG STICKNEY.
New pantomime by the French company of
RAVEL PANTOMIMISTS.
ALL THE GREAT STAR ARTISTS.

HELLER'S SALLE DIABOLIQUE,
NO. 585 BROADWAY.
THIRTY-FIRST WEEK
of
HELLER'S
REMARKABLE SUCCESS,
CONTINUOUS PROSPERITY,
CONSTANTLY CROWDED HOUSES,
and
HIGHLY-FASHIONABLE AUDIENCES.
HELLER THE CONJUROR.
HELLER THE PIANIST.
HELLER THE FUNNICIST.
HELLER THE CONTRA-SPIRITUALIST.
THE SCARLET SPIRIT EVERY NIGHT!
HELLER'S PIANO-FORTE SOLOS.
SEDGWICK'S CONCERTINA PERFORMANCES!
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AT 3 P. M.
Startling Novelty in preparation for the Holidays.

NEW STADT THEATRE—MONDAY, DEC. 5.—DANIEL E. BANDMANN, TO-NIGHT, as HAMLET; by request of press and public. Commences at 8.

MEDICAL.

A BLESSING TO EVERY WOMAN.
The only specific known to be always safe, healthy and certain for removing obstructions or irregularities of nature, from whatever cause, and bring on the monthly sickness, is the wonderful and infallible
PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.
Price $3 and $5. Sold by Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, sole agent for the United States, office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by return mail in letter envelopes.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 61 Franklin-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

CAUTION TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.—DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, deems it his duty to caution ladies, that his scientific mode of treatment in all cases of irregularity or suppression, is the only one at once healthy and certain in all cases, however complicated. He is consulted with the strictest confidence.
DR. A. M. MAURICEAU is the author of "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health and circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family; a perusal of which will convince any lady of his thorough knowledge of her complaints. Every lady who has it is secure from danger and imposition. Price $1. Sold at No. 1 Vesey-st., No. 18 Ann-st.; also, at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail, by addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE PILLS have been a Standard Remedy for over thirty years, and are the most effectual one ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing with certainty periodical regularity. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent physicians in America.
Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the price $1 per box, or six boxes for $5, containing from fifty to sixty pills.
Pills sent by mail promptly, secure from observation, by remitting to the Proprietors. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.
HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
81 Cedar-st., New York.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. COBBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C. being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this City who makes diseases of the genitourinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—See Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

DR. HUNTER HAS FOR THIRTY YEARS confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has cured no less than fifty thousand cases. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. It is $2 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere than at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. A dozen separate rooms and a private entrance. Book for nothing that treats of the evil effects of early abuse.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., and 162 Chambers-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions; address Box 2,359 N. Y. P. O.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS. 61 Franklin-st. N. Y.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidentially consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

DR. STRINGER & CO. MAY BE CONSULTED in all cases of a private and confidential nature, incidental to gentlemen or ladies. Dr. STRINGER & CO., No. 377 Fulton-st., Rooms No. 3 and 4.

TO ADOPT—A BOY 19 MONTHS OLD, BORN of respectable parents. Can be seen, for three days, at No. 92 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., in the rear, top floor.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S, MONDAY,
142d night of the great play of
ROSEDALE.
TUESDAY—TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY
AND
RURAL FELICITY.
WEDNESDAY—First time this season, the popular play of MASKS AND FACES, with a novel distribution.
THURSDAY—TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY
AND
RURAL FELICITY.
FRIDAY—ROSEDALE.
Mr. Boucicault's new comedy is postponed for a few nights, in consequence of the great demand for seats to witness the present attractive performances.
SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER will shortly be repeated.
Open at 7¼ o'clock; overture at 7¾ o'clock.

ARTEMUS WARD AMONG THE MORMONS.
YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO
A MILE OF PICTURES,
FIVE SQUARE YARDS OF JOKES,
SIXTEEN CUBIC FEET OF FINE MORAL SENTIMENT,
FOUR RODS OF SAD AND BEAUTIFUL PATHOS,
A DOOR-YARD FULL OF BURNING ELOQUENCE,
A SMALL BLACK TRAVELING BAG containing
Phosphorescent Quips,
PETROLEUM OIL PAINTINGS by the HIGH OLD MASTERS, &c., &c., &c.,
ALL MOVING TO BEAUTIFUL MUSIC.
AT
ARTEMUS WARD'S PICTORIAL ENTERTAINMENT OF LIFE AMONG THE MORMONS,
At DODWORTH HALL, NO. 806 BROADWAY.
Every Evening at 8. "We are here." We think so, Ever of those!

COOPER INSTITUTE, MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 5, 1864, First grand Banjo Concert of CHAS. E. DOBSON, the master banjoist of the world, assisted by his brothers H. C. and G. C. DOBSON.
A CARD.
The popular mind connects the banjo alone with negro minstrelsy. The Dobson Brothers claim that it ranks with the violin, piano or guitar, and on this occasion will prove by their wonderful manipulations of difficult compositions that the banjo is an instrument of great merit.
The following vocal and instrumental artists have been engaged for the occasion: Prof. Alex. R. Walsh, the eminent pianist, of Brooklyn; Miss Ella Sanborn, Miss Henrietta La Clare, Mr. Richard Bryson, baritone; Mr. Geo. Guy, tenor; Master La Clare, soprano; Mr. J. T. Logan, baritone; Mr. Geo. Dessoye, tenor; Mr. John T. Boyce, serio-vocalist; Mr. Philip Wheller, pianist; Mr. J. C. Palmer, falsetto, and Mr. Hebberd.
ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
Reserved seats for ladies.
Doors open at 7; entertainment to commence at 8 o'clock.

INSTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
Nos. 327 and 329 4th-av.,
REV. GEORGE W. BACON, A.M., LL.B., Principal.
The rooms have been much enlarged and refitted, and a gymnasium has been added. The modern languages, drawing, &c., are taught without extra charge. There are three departments—Classical, Commercial and Preparatory.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE— NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.—The Winter Term of this institution will commence Nov. 28. A full collegiate course; the best masters in music and modern languages, and Dr. Dio Lewis' system of gymnastics are some of its attractions. For admission or circular, address
L. D. & C. F. MANSFIELD.

MISS BRACE'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH boarding and day school, for young ladies, Nos. 38 and 40, Elm-st., New-Haven, Conn. Apply as above.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHONS'
CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL
AND GYMNASIUM,
No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.
Open Sept. 12.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S
English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st.

SPANISH.
A young foreign lady, having a few evenings at her disposal, wishes to engage them in instruction, in Spanish, to a few gentlemen. Can furnish the highest references, having taught her language for some time. Please address or call any day after 4 o'clock, on Senorita ALZAMORA, St. Felix-st., between Fulton and De Kalb avs., Brooklyn.

NEW-YORK HYGEIO THERAPEUTIC GYMNASIUM, combining: 1. Swedish movement cure—processes for invalids. 2. Light gymnastics for symmetrical development. 3. Vocal gymnastics applied to elocution and vocal music, at Metropolitan Hall, Nos. 93 and 95 6th-av., opposite 8th-st. Classes of ladies and gentlemen, in physical culture, meet every Tuesday and Friday evenings, at 7½ o'clock, commencing Dec. 9. An afternoon class, for ladies and children, at 4 o'clock, every Tuesday and Friday afternoons, commencing Dec 9.
D. U. MARTIN, M. D.
REFERENCES—R. T. Trall, M. D.; Fowler & Wells.

AT DOLBEAR'S COMMERCIAL ACADEMY, No. 609 Broadway, gentlemen or boys can have private lessons, day or evening, without extra charge, and become quick at figures, rapid stylish business writers, and practical book-keepers.

AMENIA SEMINARY, AMENIA, N. Y.— REV. N. G. SPALDING, A. M., PRINCIPAL.—The Winter Term of this first-class institution for both sexes opens Dec. 14. For circulars address the Principal.

A GRADUATE OF COLUMBIA COLLEGE is desirous of giving private lessons to collegians and to young men preparing for College. He can give satisfactory references. Address Box No. 2,125 Post-office.

THE SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GT. BARRINGTON, MASS.—For twenty very select young boys. Those never from home before preferred. Send for circulars. JAMES SEDGWICK, M. A., Principal.

BALLSTON SPA ACADEMY, N. Y.—A COMMERCIAL and Classical Family Boarding School for Boys. $200 per annum. Admission at all times. Send for circulars to Rev. JAMES GILMOUR, A. M.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE— (Classical, Commercial and French,) No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st. and Washington-square.
GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The fifty-fourth semi-annual session will commence on Tuesday, Nov. 1. For circulars, apply to the Principal.
D. S. ROWE, M. A.

MILITARY ACADEMY, TARRYTOWN, N. Y. —Pupils prepared for college, business, West Point and the Naval School. For circulars, apply to the Superintendent, Gen. M. J. LOCKWOOD.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, at No. 11 West 36th-st.

MISS SARAH SEDGWICK'S SCHOOL for boy's, No. 65 West 34th-st., one door west of Broadway. Residence No. 17 West 27th-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

IT WAS MY MOTHER'S VOICE!

Oh, mother dear I had a dream,
So sad and yet so bright,
When wounded on the battle plain,
I lay at dead of night;
A gentle strain fell on my ear,
That made my heart rejoice—
So soft and sweet, it seemed to me,
It was my mother's voice!

Song and chorus, 35 cents. "Just after the Battle," "Young Eph's Lament," "Sunlight within my heart," "Soldiers' Happy Return Mazurka." Each 30 cents.
FREDERICK BLUME, No. 208 Bowery.

BOOKS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
HANDSOMELY-BOUND BIBLES AND PRAYER-BOOKS, CHURCH SERVICES, &c., &c.
Every size and style of binding.
ALSO ENGLISH MANUFACTURED
LEATHER GOODS, AS WRITING DESKS,
POCKET BOOKS, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &c.
EYRE & SPOTTISWOODE,
626 BROADWAY, New-York
☞ Direct Importations from our London House large stock constantly on hand.

DIARIES FOR 1865.
All kinds, from 25 cents to $3 each, for sale by the Publishers
FRANCIS & LOUTREL,
No. 45 Maiden-Lane.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL THE "Nurse and Spy," a new highly exciting and richly embellished work embracing the adventures and experience of a woman in hospitals, camps and battle fields as "Field Nurse" and "Spy." Just the book the people want. Energetic persevering men, teachers, ladies and especially returned soldiers, will find a rare opportunity to make money by engaging in the sale of this thrilling work. For terms, which are very liberal, apply to or address W. S. WILLIAMS & Co., No. 152 Asylum-st., Hartford, Connecticut.

"THE LIBBY PRISON; AND HOW WE ESCAPED THEREFROM," in "HARRY HAZEL'S YANKEE BLADE," the popular STORY Paper. For sale by all newsdealers.

HOTELS.

HOTEL DE CUBA—NO. 7 BLEECKER ST., having been disposed of by Mr. Miliani, the new proprietor offers his services in said establishment to the traveling public, and for their better accommodation he has made extensive repairs, and he begs to assure the public that his efforts will be directed to give them satisfaction and comfort.
The table will be varied daily. To insure entire satisfaction in this department, the proprietor has contracted with a cook of great reputation in his art.
Table d'hote will be served daily at 5 o'clock P. M.
The prices of board will be moderate.
In the Hotel de Cuba are persons that speak French, Spanish, German and Italian. P. F.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1864.

SHOW CASES AT LOW PRICES.—SILVER- plated, white metal, black walnut, &c. All kinds in stock. Old show cases taken in exchange.
HOFFMAN & FERSH, No. 132 Chatham-st.

AMUSEMENTS

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
CHANGE! CHANGE! CHANGE!
NEW PIECES,
NEW FEATURES,
NEW CURIOSITIES.
AMUSEMENT TO BE DESIRED
BY 3 CLASSES:
OLD, MIDDLE-AGED, AND YOUNG.
3
MUSEUMS IN ONE.
3
NEW AND ATTRACTIVE PIECES.
3
MAMMOTH FAT WOMAN,
WEIGHING ONE TON.
3
ENORMOUS GIANTS,
OVER TWENTY-FOUR FEET HIGH.
3
DWARFS,
(lacking one) EIGHTEEN POUNDS EACH.
A MENAGERIE OF LIVING CURIOSITIES,
OF 3 VARIETIES:
ANIMALS, BIRDS, AND REPTILES,
RARE SPECIMENS NOT TO BE SEEN ELSEWHERE.
O-KE-NA-WA-KA'S TRIBE OF INDIANS,
OF 3 GRADES:
CHIEFS, WARRIORS, AND SQUAWS.
JUST ADDED AND TO BE SEEN
IN THE 3 MAIN HALLS,
A SPLENDID COLLECTION OF
FRENCH MOVING FIGURES,
consisting of Musicians, Birds, Ships, Mills, Railroads, Steamboats, Performing Monkeys, and a thousand other Mechanical Representations of Animated Nature.
3
ENTERTAINMENTS DAILY.
MORNING, AT 11,
the comic sketch of
HOLE IN THE WALL.
O-KE-NA-WA-KA'S TRIBE OF INDIANS,
in their Habits, Customs, War-Dances, &c.
MORNING, AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
AFTERNOON AT 3.
The Sensational Nautical Domestic Drama,
in 3 Acts,
MARTIN, THE PRIVATEER.
EVENING AT 7½,
first time of the Romantic Play, from Mosenthal's "Deborah,"
in 3 Acts,
DEBORAH;
OR,
THE JEWISH MAIDEN'S WRONGS.
Mrs. J. J. Pryor, France, Jamison, Misses Kook, Cleaver, Messrs Levick, Hadaway, Jamison, Mestayer, Delmon Grace, Bridgman, Porter, &c., &c., appear.
TONY DENIER..........in..........COMIC DANCE
ALBINO BOY, CIRCASSIAN GIRL, LIVING CAPABARRA, OTTERS, KANGAROO, LEARNED SEAL, MOVING WAX FIGURES, AND A MILLION OTHER CURIOSITIES.
ADMISSION 3 TIMES 10
or 30 CENTS.
Children under ten years of age,
3. TIMES. 5
or 15 CENTS.

BROADWAY THEATRE. BEGINS AT 7½.
MR. JOHN E. OWENS,
whose brilliant personations of
SOLON SHINGLE, JOSHUA BUTTERBY,
HENRY DOVE and DR. OLLAPOD,
have, within the past fourteen weeks of his memorable engagement been so many successive triumphs, will present for the first time here, on
MONDAY, Dec. 5, AND DURING THE WEEK,
Buckstone's delightful two act Comedy, from the French,
THE HAPPIEST DAY OF MY LIFE.
Mr. Gillman..........Mr JOHN E. OWENS
85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th and
☞ 90th night ☜
of glorious old
SOLON SHINGLE......in......PEOPLE'S LAWYER
SPECIAL NOTICE.—For the convenience of city and suburban patrons, the performances, as now arranged, will close by 10¼ o'clock.
Seats should be secured in advance.

ZENOBIA,
QUEEN OF PALMYRA.
THIS MAGNIFICENT STATUE,
BY
HARRIETT HOSMER,
is now on exhibition at the
FINE ART INSTITUTE,
DERBY GALLERIES,
No. 625 Broadway,
From 9 A. M. until 10 P. M.
Single admission 25 cents.
Package tickets, five for One Dollar.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.
NIBLO'S SALOON.
Every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock.
TUESDAY, Dec. 6, 1864.
LES POSEURS.
Comedy in three acts by M. L. Thiboust.
Theatre office at No. 678 Broadway, (ground floor.)

THE CRAYON ART GALLERY.
NO. 756 BROADWAY, CORNER 8TH-ST.,
now contains on exhibition, admission free, a valuable collection of Paintings, by Dusseldorf and other artists. Open from 9 A. M. to 7 P. M.

A WORK OF ART.
THE TRIAL OF CHRIST BEFORE PILATE,
At VANNUCHI'S MUSEUM of Wax Figures, 600 Broadway. Open day and night; also Sundays.

WOODROFF'S BOHEMIAN GLASS-BLOWERS exhibit EVERY EVENING, and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M. at Hope Chapel. See the glass steam-engines.

PETROLEUM AT COOPER INSTITUTE. WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec 7. Benj. K. Brown, Esq., having returned from the oil regions of Pennsylvania, at the request of many friends will lecture on "*What he Saw and Heard there.*"

LECTURES.

PROF. R. OGDEN DOREMUS
WILL GIVE A COURSE OF
FIVE LECTURES
ON
PNEUMATIC CHEMISTRY,
AT THE COOPER INSTITUTE,
On SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, Dec. 10, 12, 17 and 19, and WEDNESDAY, Dec. 21,
COMMENCING SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 10.
Each of the lectures will be illustrated by a series of
BRILLIANT AND INSTRUCTIVE EXPERIMENTS,
made on the largest scale.
Tickets for the course, $2. Single tickets, 50 cents. Tickets for the course, with reserved and numbered seat, $3. For sale at Appleton's, No. 443 Broadway; Miller & Matthews', corner of Broadway and 8th-st.; Jones' No. 843 Broadway; American Tract Society, No. 150 Nassau-st., and at Dr. Colton's office, No. 19 Cooper Institute.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.
N. B. No reserved numbered seats will be sold at the door on the evening of the lectures.

LECTURE ON ROBERT BURNS.
Rev. A. B. JACK, of Newburgh, will lecture on Robert Burns at Westminster Church, West 22d-st., between 6th and 7th-avs., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 7, at 8 o'clock. Tickets 50 cents.

LOST AND FOUND.

STOLEN.
On the morning of October 27, 1864, the safe of the subscribers, in their store at Hoosick, was broken open and robbed, among other property, of the following Rensselaer County Bonds, a portion of which belong to private individuals, and the remainder to Rensselaer County, having been left in the charge of Jonathan P. Armstrong, as Supervisor of the town of Hoosick. Those belonging to Rensselaer County are in blank, and have never been issued. Payment on all of the bonds has been stopped.
BONDS BELONGING TO RENSSELAER COUNTY.
Ten $500 Bonds, fourth issue, dated Aug. 5, 1864, due Feb. 5, 1876—Nos. 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577.
Four $500 Bonds, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1866—Nos. 47, 48, 49, 50.
Two $300 Bonds, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1867—Nos. 197, 198.
One $100 Bond, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1867—No. 199.
Four $500 Bonds, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1869—Nos. 367, 368, 369, 370.
Seven $1,000 Bonds, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1868—Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231.
BONDS BELONGING TO INDIVIDUALS.
One $100 Bond, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1867—No 208; belonging to Sanford Bovie.
Two $1,000 Bonds, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1867—Nos. 113, 114; belonging to W. Wilcox.
Three $500 Bonds, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1866—Nos. 40, 41, 42; belonging to Miss Lynda Sherwood.
Three United States Ten-Forty Coupon Bonds, $1,000 each—Nos. 18,327, 18,328, 26,565; belonging to Sanford Bovie.
ARMSTRONG & BAUCUS.
HOOSICK, Oct. 28, 1864.

$5 REWARD.—LOST, ON FRIDAY EVENING, 2d inst., about 8 o'clock, in going from 324 East 30th-st. through 6th-av. to 19th-st. and Irving-place, a lady's MINK COLLAR. The finder will receive the above reward by leaving it at No. 324 East 30th-st., or at No. 86 Beekman-st., New-York.

STOLEN—TWO SHARES IN THE HERMETICAL BARREL COMPANY'S STOCK—one, No. 76, standing in the name of Mrs. Nancy Streeter; the other, No. 166, in the name of Mrs. Elizabeth Blanchard. The public are cautioned against receiving the same, as transfer has been stopped.

LOST—NOV. 29, THE WHOLE (EIGHT) OF COUPONS January 1, '65; inclusive, belonging to Bond No. 3,641 of United States Six Per Cent. Loan of 1848. Parties are cautioned against negotiating for the same.
L. L. WHITE, No. 15 William-st., New-York.

MATRIMONIAL.

A YOUNG MAN, A PHYSICIAN, A VEGETARIAN and a Christian, desires to correspond with some young woman of similar sentiments, of good education and a liberal portion of this world's goods, with a view to the selection of a companion for life. Address NATHAN DOUTHETT, Union Hill, N. J., stating age and circumstances, with photograph inclosed, and you shall receive like confidence in return.

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AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA.
Director..........MAX MARETZEK.
MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG
in her great role of MARIE.
THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, Dec. 5, at 8.
For the first time in two years, Donizetti's brilliant Opera,
LA FIGLIA DEL REGIMENTO,
(The Child of the Regiment.)
with the following very complete cast:
Miss KELLOGG in her great role of Marie.
G. LOTTI (for the first time) as Tonio.
SUSINI in his celebrated character of Sulpice.
Conductor..........MAX MARETZEK.
TO-MORROW (TUESDAY) EVENING, DEC. 6,
DON SEBASTIAN.
ON WEDNESDAY, Dec. 7—POLIUTO.
THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 8—OPERA IN BROOKLYN. FAUST. FAUST. FAUST.
ON SATURDAY NEXT—GRAND MATINEE.
Seats may be secured for any of the above-named performances at the Academy; at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; at W. A. Pond & Co's, No. 547 Broadway; and at Root & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Pine sts.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.
Director..........MAX MARETZEK.
ON THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 8, at 8 o'clock,
POSITIVELY FOR THE LAST TIME,
FAUST, FAUST, FAUST,
with its new and brilliant costumes and scenery, increased chorus, orchestra and military band, and the very complete cast.
The sale of secured seats commences THIS MORNING in Brooklyn, at the Academy of Music, and in New-York at Root & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Pine sts.

EVENINGS WITH SHAKESPEARE
AT THE
WINTER GARDEN.
EDWIN BOOTH AS HAMLET.
Mr. Stuart begs to announce that on this evening, and every evening until further notice, Mr. Edwin Booth will appear in his great role of Hamlet, a character in which he is universally acknowledged, in the language of the *Daily Times*, "to have no living equal." This play is the first of a series of representations to be produced under Mr. Booth's immediate direction, in which the effort, that has already found such cheering sympathy, will be continued to place each play upon the stage in a style combining splendor of production with strict historical correctness. Hamlet has been in active preparation for upward of three months, under the stage management of Mr. J. G. Hanly, and no expense or labor has been spared in the endeavor, by a more strictly pictorial arrangement of the ordinary stage resources, and by the fidelity, appropriateness and superior execution of the several means of scenic illusion to carry out the spirit of the play in the most minute details, and thus advance the drama as a branch of national literature and art.
The scenery, music, costumes, properties and machinery are entirely new, and to give a perfect completeness to the cast, engagements have been made with MRS. J. W. WALLACK, Jr., one of the most gifted actresses who ever graced the stage; MR. EDWIN VARREY, C. KEMBLE MASON, the eminent comedian, THOMAS PLACIDE, who appear nightly in conjunction with Mrs. F. S. Chanfrau, Chester, Messrs. G. H. Andrews, C. Walcot, J. G. Hanley, E. Eberle, C. W. Chester, O. S. Fawcett, Duell, Burroughs, Burgess, &c. Doors open at 6¾. Commence at 7½, precisely.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
ALTERATION OF TIME.
Doors open at 7; Curtain rises at 7½ o'clock.
Lessee and Manager..........WM. WHEATLEY.
MONDAY, DEC. 5, 1864.
FIRST APPEARANCE THIS SEASON OF
THE GREAT COMEDIANS,
and original impersonators of
IRISH AND YANKEE LIFE.
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
who will appear in Charles Gaylor's very successful Irish drama, entitled
THE CONNIE SOOGAH,
produced with all its
ORIGINAL SPLENDOR AND COMPLETENESS.
MR. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
as "Corney McGrath" and the "Connie Soogah," with the songs of "Ellen Astore" and "Welcome All."
MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS as the Jumpin Jewel.
Miss Freeman, Mary Wells, Andrews, Reeves, Messrs. J. G. Burnett, J. W. Collier, J. Nunan, George Becks, E. B. Holmes, H. Danvers, J. W. Blaisdell, E. Barry, &c., &c.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

ARTISTS' FUND SOCIETY
EXHIBITION,
NOW OPEN,
No. 625 BROADWAY.

MUSICAL.

ESTABLISHED IN 1834.
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MANUFACTURER OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES.
WAREROOMS AND MANUFACTORY,
NOS. 75 TO 85 EAST 13TH-ST.,
NEW-YORK.

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MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES. No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.
Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.
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GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.
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PIANO FORTES are recommended by Gottschalk, Mason, Berge, Fradel, and others, as possessing double the volume of tone and musical quality of pianos of a corresponding scale made upon the ordinary plan. Warerooms corner 14th-st. and 3d-av., N. Y.

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Is admitted the best Piano-forte made, because the maker, beside being a practical mechanic of long experience, is also a thorough musician, thus combining advantages possessed by no other manufacturer in the United States. Such is the testimony of S. B. Mills, Robert Heller, Geo. F. Bristow, Wm. Mason, C. Jerome Hopkins, Charles Fradel, Max Maretzek, Carl Anschutz, John Zundle, Maurice Strakosch, Giovani Sconcia, and every good musician in the United States. All musical ears at once admit their great superiority. Warerooms No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st.

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FIRST-CLASS PIANOS,
at reduced prices. Wholesale and retail.
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PIANOS AT REDUCED PRICES.
AT NO. 726 BROADWAY.
CUMMINGS & JENNY'S.
A piano used but little very cheap.

MASON & HAMLIN RESPECTFULLY announce that they have now completed the occupation of their greatly enlarged factory, and effected other arrangements for the large increase of their manufacturing facilities. They therefore confidently expect to be able henceforward to supply orders for their CABINET ORGANS promptly, without that inconvenient delay to which purchasers have been subjected, from the fact that for more than a year past they have been continually several hundred instruments behind orders. An assortment of styles from $110 to $600 each may be found at their New-York warerooms, No. 7 Mercer-st.

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THE CELEBRATED PIANOS OF J. & C. FISCHER, the most reliable pianos made, with the best modern improvements, wholesale and retail, at moderate prices, Nos. 241, 243, 245, 247 and 249 28th-st., near 9th-av.

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SOLDIER—IF YOU WISH TWENTY-FIVE MAGENTA Envelopes, send 25 cents to E. WILLIAMS, Post-office, South Norwalk, Conn.

THE PACIFIC PIRATES.

Their Plot Completely Foiled—Seven of the Participators Arrested—History of the Plot and its Results—The Narrow Escape of American Commerce in the Pacific.

PANAMA, Tuesday, Nov. 16, 1864.

One of the most important captures of the war—a capture that has saved the whole of our extensive commerce on the Pacific from destruction—has just been made in these waters. On the 25th of last month information was received by Consul MCKEE, at Panama, from THOS. J. SAVAGE, Esq., Acting United States Consul-General, which detailed with great particularity a plot of Confederate pirates to seize one of the ships of the Panama Railroad Company, the *Guatemala*, and with her to make war on our commerce generally on the Pacific. The 25th was the day appointed for the departure of the *Guatemala* for Central American ports, but it was the intention of the agent to hold her a couple of days for freight destined for the Great Fair of San Miguel, Salvador. Hearing that the conspirators were on their way from Aspinwall, and wishing to have a good look at them before they should embark, the agent came to the conclusion to send the *Guatemala* to sea at once, and let the pirates wait for the *Salvador*, of the same line, to sail on the 10th instant.

JEFF's gang reached Panama, and were much disappointed to find the *Guatemala* had left, but there being no help for it, they quietly settled down into the best hotels to wait. Here they were all recognized, from the description of the Consul-General, and a watch kept upon their movements. The leader purchased 300 pounds of cannon powder, saying it was for blasting purposes in Guatemala—had it put up in tins by advice of Mr. NELSON, commercial agent of the Panama Railroad Company, and agent of the steamer, and in due time shipped it and took his bills of lading. In the meantime, Admiral PEARSON, on board the steam corvette *Lancaster*, had been informed of the plot, and all the preparations made for the capture of the gang. It was arranged that sixty men should be ready in their boats and placed under the lee of the Pacific Mail Company's steamship *Sacramento*, which vessel was scarcely a stone's throw from the anchorage of the *Salvador*. That as soon as the passengers, who were embarked on the tug, should touch the deck of the *Salvador*, they should all be invited into the large upper saloon by Capt. DOUGLASS, to show their tickets, and there kept till the *Lancaster's* men could jump on board and surround it. All the doors were closed but one, and all the staterooms locked, so that no one could enter from the saloon to destroy papers, or throw them from the portholes. When the signal was given from the *Salvador* for the boats to come alongside, it was promptly responded to by Capt. DAVENPORT, whose boats were in an instant alongside the vessel, and in another instant the whole force was on deck, and had complete possession of the ship. The *Lancaster* had previously gone down the bay, leaving orders for the *Salvador* to follow her till both vessels should be at least three marine miles from a headland, which would take them a distance of about one hundred miles from Panama. As soon as the *Salvador* was under way, the list of passengers was read over, and it was found the following persons, comprising most of the leaders of the gang, were on board, viz.:

T. E. HOGG, alias ERSON, Acting Master and Commander of the expedition.

E. A. SWAIN, alias YOUNG, Acting Master's Mate and Executive Officer.

JOHN HIDDLE, Acting Chief Engineer.

T. J. GRADY, Acting Assistant Engineer.

J. L. BLACK, Acting Assistant Paymaster; R. B. LYON, Sailing-Master.

JOSEPH HIGGINS, (whose name is believed to be REED,) Paymaster's Clerk.

The baggage having previously been received, every suspicious person on board was thoroughly searched, including three or four gamblers who had been exercising their vocation in Panama, and who, it was believed, were in the league. Nothing was found on any one, however, except a few ugly-looking dirk-knives. But Capt. BRADBURY, of the *Sacramento*, who was on board the *Salvador*, had previously made a most important discovery—that of the papers of the chief, which had been hidden, on the first alarm, under the cushions of a sofa in the saloon. Among the papers were the duplicate orders of HOGG, signed by S. R. MALLORY, Secretary of the Confederate Navy, and a list of initials corresponding with the names of the gang, assigning the prize-shares to the parties, from the chief down to the cook. The plan of the pirates, as developed by these papers, was to take the *Guatemala*, then capture the *Salvador*, then intercept and capture the California steamers, then to proceed to the neighborhood of the Chincha Islands, capture all our vessels there, then to capture and destroy our Pacific whaling fleet, and after to destroy or molest our commerce generally on the Pacific.

At about thirty miles outside of Point Malo, at daylight on the 11th, the *Lancaster* and *Salvador* hove to, and the seven prisoners, with their baggage, which had been denuded during the night of lots of pistols, balls, caps, knives, handcuffs, &c., were transferred to the *Lancaster*, which immediately started back for Panama, while the *Salvador* proceeded on her voyage. Nothing but very strong suspicions having been fastened upon the gamblers and a few others, they were released, but a strict watch will be kept upon them by Capt. DOUGLASS during the voyage.

NEWSPAPER ACCOUNTS.

The Panama *Star & Herald*, in the following, gives a correct account of matters that transpired after the capture, and of the plans of the pirates:

FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE PIRATES.

We are enabled this morning to give some further particulars of the piratical attempt to seize the Panama Railroad Company's steamer *Salvador*, on the 10th instant, and of the future plans of the pirates, had they been successful; but prudence obliges us to withhold the full details of the plot for a few days longer, as, although the principal leaders are under arrest, and the conspiracy has been rendered harmless, still, there are many persons implicated in ther affair who have not yet been reached. The United States steamer *Lancaster* returned on the morning of Saturday, 12th instant, bringing as prisoners seven of the persons who had taken passage in the *Salvador*. On several of the other passengers suspicion was very strong, but, on investigation, the evidence was not found sufficient to warrant thei being taken to the United States. From all we can learn, the plot must have been quite a gigantic affair—of proportions sufficiently large, had it been successful, to have swept the United States commerce from the Pacific, and almost perfect in its concoction. From the orders of Mr. MALLORY, Secretary of the Navy of the Confederate States, to Capt. HOGG, the leader of the party, and from other documents found, it appears that HOGG, acting according to instructions, sailed from Wilmington, N. C., for Havana, and at the latter port enlisted his associates; the paper containing their names and the oath to stand by each other until death, being dated at that place.

From Havana the party came to Aspinwall via St. Thomas, and the same steamer which brought them conveyed the full details of the plot, and the names of the conspirators from the United States Consul General at Havana, to the United States Consul in this city, and the latter immediately gave the news to the commercial agent of the railroad.

Capt. HOGG and his associates intended to take passage on the *Guatemala*, and when out at sea seize the ship. It is believed they have confederates on the coast or on a vessel near by, who were there to join them, and that there are also persons connected with the plot on both the California and Central American steamers.

As the programme of Messrs. HOGG & Co., for the capture of the *Guatemala* and *Sacramento*, fell through, they no doubt made up their minds to carry it out on the *Salvador* and the *Golden City*, due here on the 16th inst. During the two weeks' stay of the pirates in this city, they purchased 300 pounds of No. 7 blasting powder, suitable for cannon, had it put up in tins and shipped on board the *Salvador*, and marked for some port in Central America, expecting to use it when they got possession of the steamers.

The principal papers, consisting of orders from Secretary MALLORY, correspondence, &c., were not found on the persons of the prisoners, but were discovered in a small satchel lying on a sofa in the saloon, covered with a shawl, and were placed there by one of the parties, in hopes that he would have an opportunity of destroying them before they were discovered. The commissions were not found, but they are in existence, and it is known where they are deposited. In the baggage were found small arms of all kinds, amongst them were some fine French revolvers—11-shooters—handcuffs, &c. The cash-book of the purser showed the expenses of the company from the start. The leaders finding that the papers discovered had revealed everything connected with the plot, made a clear confession of the whole affair a short time before coming into port.

The prisoners have not been placed in irons or close confinement on board the *Lancaster*. They are closely guarded on the gun-deck, and receive the rations of prisoners of war.

Capt. HOGG states that he is a Marylander, and hails from Baltimore. We understand he is an old hand at the sort of business in which he has just been detected. About four months ago he attempted to run the blockade at Wilmington, in the *Tristam Shandy*; he was then taken prisoner, but managed, beforehand, to throw his papers overboard.

On the 12th inst. Rear Admiral GEORGE F. PEARSON, Commander of the United States Pacific Squadron, Capt. DAVENPORT and Paymaster RITTENHOUSE, of the United States frigate *Lancaster*, WILLIAM NELSON, Esq., Commercial Agent of the P. R. R. Co., Col. ALEX. MCKEE, United States Consul at Panama, and F. W. RICE, Esq., Consul at Aspinwall, called on the President of this State to ask permission to pass the seven prisoners, now on board the *Lancaster* in this bay, across the Isthmus in order to send them to New-York by the next steamer from Aspinwall. The permission asked for has been refused by the President on the ground that he is not empowered to grant it, but we presume the representatives of the United States Government will take the responsibility of sending their prisoners across the Isthmus notwithstanding.

The following is the correspondence which passed between Rear Admiral PEARSON and President CALANCHA in regard to this matter:

ADMIRAL PEARSON TO PRESIDENT CALANCHA.

UNITED STATES FLAGSHIP LANCASTER,
PANAMA BAY, Nov. 11, 1864.

His Excellency José Leonardo Calancha, President of the State of Panama:

SIR: Having received officially and from sources of undoubted authority, information that a band of pirates were congregating in this city, with the known intention of taking passage in the American steamer *Salvador*, and after leaving the Bay of Panama in that steamer, to capture her and convert her into a piratical cruiser, I determined, if possible, to put a stop to this foul attempt upon the commerce of the world.

The Commander of the *Salvador* requested my assistance in order to protect him and his passengers from harm, while in the act of examining the baggage of his passengers, that being the only sure way of identifying the desperadoes from the peaceful and worthy passengers on board his steamer. To this I most readily assented, and for the greater security of the *Salvador*, I proceeded in this ship beyond the legal jurisdiction of the Government of New-Granada, and then took from her seven persons who, with arms, powder and other munitions of war in their possession, and bearing written proof of their intentions, were on board of her, under real or false names, and with the known intention of becoming pirates of the sea.

I would most respectfully represent to your Excellency that this nefarious transaction has occurred in the venerable city of Panama, and but for the timely information I received, this band of desperate men leagued with others, would now, in all probability, have been in possession of the steamer *Salvador*, with the design of capturing one or more of the fine mail steamers of the Pacific Steamship Company. These pirates have been arrested by me upon the high seas, in the name of the Government of the United States, and I have to request of your Excellency permission to send them across the Isthmus, on their way to New-York, in season for the next steamer for that place.

I have the honor to assure your Excellency of the respect and high consideration of your obedient servant,

G. F. PEARSON,
Acting-Rear-Admiral, Commanding Pacific Squadron.

PRESIDENT CALANCHA TO ADMIRAL PEARSON.

The following is a literal translation of the reply of President CALANCHA to Admiral PEARSON:

U. S. OF COLOMBIA, SOVEREIGN STATE OF PANAMA,
PRESIDENCY OF THE STATE—No. 209.
PANAMA, 13th of November, 1864.

To the Hon. G. F. Pearson, Acting-Admiral and Commander of the Squadron of the U. S. of North America, stationed in the Pacific:

From your hand I received yesterday the note, dated the 11th inst., on board the frigate *Lancaster*, which you were pleased to write to me, with two objects, in my opinion, of different significations.

The first one is to make known to the government of the State that you have prevented the accomplishment of an occurrence, which undoubtedly, would have had immense results for the commerce of the world, as is well indicated in the note, which with pleasure I am about to answer.

The Presidency congratulates the Admiral on the dexterous manner in which he has known how to avoid this occurrence, vast in disastrous consequences, and at the same time renders him the most formal thanks for the respect he has been good enough to pay to our sovereignty, by putting himself far from Columbian waters to execute the capture of the suspected individuals.

The second one confines itself to soliciting the permission of the Executive of the State to pass across the Isthmus the seven prisoners who are now on the *Lancaster*.

With regard to this point, I have to undergo the pain of giving to the Honorable Admiral a negative answer.

The National Constitution, in the 1st paragraph of the 17th article, reserves the Foreign Relations to the General Government; and article 89 prohibits all functionaries or public corporations to exercise any function or authority which has not been duly conferred on them.

In view of the expressed dispositions of the fundamental charter of Colombia, it is not allowed to me to grant the permission which the Honorable Admiral solicits.

I hope that the Hon. Mr. PEARSON, weighing the force of the reason which I expose, will do full justice to a refusal emanating from the want of power for granting the permission.

The Honorable Admiral, by the fact of asking for the leave, recognizes its necessity, based on the sovereignty of Colombia in the Territory, and on the principles of international law; and I feel confident that the honorable Commander, respecting the sovereignty of the South American Republics, continental sisters of the daughters of the great WASHINGTON, will renounce the idea of sending across the Isthmus the seven prisoners taken on the *Salvador*.

With sentiments of high consideration, I subscribe myself the Admiral's faithful and obedient servant,

JOSE LEONARDO CALANCHA.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

Another party, under the command of a man calling himself MURDOCK, (probably F. M. HARRIS, Acting-Master Confederate Navy,) which went from Greytown, Nicaragua, bound to Realejo, had not yet reached the Pacific coast when Capt. Dow left, but would be taken care of by the authorities when they arrived. Capt. Dow managed his part of the business with great prudence and judgment.

WILLIAM NELSON, Esq., and Mr. RICE, Consul at Aspinwall, went down the bay on the *Salvador* and returned on the *Lancaster*. Capt. HOGG, finding that everything was discovered, was quite communicative to them and to Capt. DAVENPORT. He seemed very anxious to be considered as a prisoner of war, taken on a legal or honorable expedition. He had no commission with him, but averred that he had one in Richmond. His orders from MALLORY gave him authority to commission the officers under him, who, it appears, were nearly if not quite all picked up at Havana. He said he left Wilmington, in May last, for Havana, on the blockade-runner *Tristam Shandy*; that this vessel was captured in leaving the port, and he taken to New-York, where he was released on his claim of being an Englishman. He threw his papers overboard on the capture of the *Tristam Shandy*, and waited four months in New-York till he could get duplicate orders, and then left on one of the regular steamers for Havana. He says he was ordered to report to SEMMES, if practicable, but would not say where he expected to find the pirate of the *Alabama*. He, however, says that SEMMES was ordered, while on the African coast, to the Pacific, but that for some reasons unknown to him, he did not come. The money taken on the California steamers was to be shipped on British or French men-of-war to Europe. HOGG says the present was the fourth expedition fitted out for Panama, the three previous having been countermanded, for what reason he did not know. He spoke freely of the certainty of his quick exchange—said he should not try another Pacific expedition, but that he would soon be heard of in other quarters. HOGG is a man of good education and address, of gentle manners, apparently about 30 years of age, and is a Baltimorean.

From all that can be learned, the gang for Panama and the Central American States, under HOGG and HARRIS, consisted of twenty-three persons, beside their agents in these States. No doubt he had added several to his number on this ocean, and he would have found among the firemen and others on the steamers captured many willing assistants, and could have forced a larger number of the balance into his service. He said he intended to have run the *Salvador* into Punta Arenas, Costa Rica, and there landed her passengers. Among them was only one lady, who was on her way to Costa Rica. The *Salvador* had about $85,000 in specie on board and a cargo valued at $300,000.

The capture, under the direction of Capt. DAVENPORT, assisted by Capt. COHEN, of the Marine Corps, was conducted in an efficient manner. Admiral PEARSON has been fortunate in his advent as Commander of the Pacific fleet, in having so important a duty to perform.

I believe none of the parties here, concerned in the capture of this dangerous gang, claim any particular credit for having performed a plain duty—in which they incurred no risks to themselves; but certainly it seems to me Mr. SAVAGE, who was so active in getting the information that led to the seizure of the pirates, and who was so timely and so exact in imparting it, deserves not only the gratitude of all who have maritime interests on the Pacific, but the special notice of the Government.

Nov. 17.

It was generally expected the pirates would be sent forward by the *Augusta* (gunboat) to-day; but for reasons best known to the Admiral, they are detained. No doubt they will be dispatched by the convoy of the *Costa Rica* on the 26th.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Charter Election—Apathy in Regard to the Result—List of Candidates.

The Charter Election takes place to-morrow, but so little interest is manifested in it by the public, that it is hardly mentioned outside of political circles, and nobody seems to care who is nominated, unless it be the nominees themselves.

The prospects are, that a light vote will be polled, one-half of our voting population being too careless of the result to go to the polls, and the reign of municipal corruption, speculation and incompetency will thus be perpetuated by the very class of men who will be the sufferers by it.

The candidates are so numerous that each voter can choose from the list according to his own judgment. There are some very good men in nomination, some indifferent ones and some very bad ones. Of these, the bad stand the best chance of being elected, and the good men, in most cases, no chance at all.

The principal contest will be for the election of Aldermen, and the candidates embody all classes of men. Nearly every faction of the Democracy has a separate candidate, and in some cases the Union party has more than one in the same district.

In the First District there are five candidates. JOHN BATTERSBY has the Union nomination, and would undoubtedly be a competent and honest official should he be elected. The Union nominees in the Third, Fifth, and Seventh Districts are all good men, and if well supported, may slip in between the candidates of the Democratic factions. In the Ninth District the contest is between Ex-Alderman DAYTON and the present incumbent, LEWIS R. RYERS. Mr. DAYTON is well known as a lawyer of ability and irreproachable character. Mr. RYERS is one of the leading members of the present Board of Aldermen, and is also a man of ability and integrity. In the Eleventh District there is a sharp contest between the two Democratic candidates, and the Unionists entertain strong hopes of electing CORNELIUS ACKERMAN, who would make an excellent Alderman. In the Fifteenth and Seventeenth Districts, the Union candidates are both good men, and will probably be elected.

The candidates for Councilmen and School officers are numerous, comprising both worthy and unworthy men. Some of them are well known and respectable citizens; others are entirely unknown except to the convention that nominated them.

We append a list of all the candidates, as far as known, with the exception of School Trustees:

FOR ALDERMEN.

UNION.

Dist.	Dist.
1..John Battersby,	11..Cornelius Ackerman,
3..Henry Fischer,	13..James E. Coulter,
5..Alexander H. Keech,	15..Edward C. Johnson,
7..William H. Gedney,	17..James E. Watson.
9..Isaac Dayton,	

DRAPER FACTION.

Dist.	Dist.
1..Sam. Hotaling,	11..Johnathan Myers,
3..Henry Fischer,	13..Nathan C. Ely,
5..Alexander H. Keech,	15..Charles C. Pinkney,
7..William H. Gedney,	17..Robert C. Brown.
9..Jacob A. Conover,	

TAMMANY DEMOCRACY.

Dist.	Dist.
1..John Moore,	9..Lewis R. Ryers,
3..{ George A. Barnev, Charles Riley,	11..John Brice,
5..{ John McCool, Ignatius Flynn	13..Peter Masterson,
7..John G. Haviland,	15..Alexander Brandon,
	17..{ B. W. Van Voorhis, John McQuade.

WOOD MOZART.

Dist.	Dist.
1..John Moore,	9..Lewis R. Ryers,
3..Michael Norton,	11..John Hardy,
5..{ John McCool, Ignatius Flynn,	13..James Makewen,
	15..James O'Brien,
7..John G. Haviland,	17..B. W. Van Voorhis.

ANTI-WOOD MOZART.

Dis.	Dis.
1..James Fitzgerald,	9..James Gregory,
3..Patrick Kehoe,	11..John Brice,
5..Chas. Riley,	15..Samuel Webb.

M'KEON.

Dis.	Dis.
1..Thomas Stewart,	11..John Hardy,
3..Michael Norton,	13..James B. Brady,
5..Ignatius Flynn,	15..George W. Varian,
7..Wm. Cooper,	17..B. W. Van Voorhis.
9..Michael Larkin,	

CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION.

Dis.	Dis.
1..Thomas Stewart,	11..Jonathan Myers,
3..Francis R. Tillou,	13..Nathan C. Ely,
4..John Hecker,	15..Marshall Vought,
5..William P. Bensel,	17..Bartow W. VanVoorhis.
7..William Cooper,	
9..Isaac Dayton,	

CONSTITUTIONAL UNION.

Dis.	Dis.
1..John Moore,	13..Henry Moore,
3..Michael Norton,	15..Marshall Vought,
5..William P. Bensel,	17..Barton W. Van Voorhis.
7..William Cooper,	
9..Lewis R. Ryers,	

GERMAN DEMOCRAT.

Dis.	Dis.
5..Ignatius Flynn,	13..Peter Masterson,
9..Lewis R. Ryers,	17..Bar. W. Van Voorhis.
11..John Hardy,	

FOR COUNCILMEN.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Union.	Draper Faction.
Robert B. Hill,	John J. Davidson,
Chas. H. Patrick,	Anthony J. Oliver,
Isaac Robinson,	Chandler H. Patrick,
John Stacom,	Patrick H. Keenan,
P. Keenan,	James McGuire,
James Hayes.	Isaac Robinson.
Citizens.	**Tammany Democracy.**
John J. Davidson,	Edwin M. Hagerty,
Anthony J. Oliver,	John Healy,
Chandler H. Patrick,	John Stacom,
John Comerford,	Patrick H. Keenan,
Chas. A. Viemeister,	Isaac Robinson,
James McGuire.	James Hayes.
Mozart (Wood.)	**McKeon Democrats.**
Thomas P. Powers,	Anthony J. Oliver,
Richard Fitzpatrick,	Chas. A. Viemeister,
Michael Madigan,	Edward B. Cunnion,
Michael Brophy,	Patrick H. Keenan,
Samuel L. Houghton,	Thomas Sinnott,
James Hayes.	James McGuire.
German Association.	**People's and Citizens'.**
Edwin M. Hagerty,	Henry C. McLean,
John Healy,	Isaac Robinson,
John Stacom,	Charles H. Patrick,
Patrick H. Keenan,	Richard Fitzpatrick,
Isaac Robinson,	Ebenezer W. Morgan,
James Hayes.	John Prendergast.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Union.	Draper Faction.
William H. Taylor,	Philip Schella,
Henry A. Smith,	Henry A. Smith,
Eli Taylor,	John Mudie,
Simon Hazelton,	Edward M. Perley,
John White,	Samuel A. Patterson,
S. R. Patterson,	Eli Taylor.
Citizens'.	**Tammany.**
William H. Taylor,	James G. Brinkman,
Charles J. Dodge,	Joseph Bellesheimer,
Peter P. Larremore,	Edward Costello,
Charles Koster,	Thomas Brady,
Samuel A. Patterson,	Bernard Kenney,
George Snyder.	Samuel Lauterbach.
Mozart.	**McKeon.**
Edward Welsh,	Edward Welsh,
John McKeikessen,	John McKeikessen,
Jeremiah Heffernan,	Jeremiah Heffernan,
Charles Koster,	Charles Koster,
Charles H. Whalen,	Charles H. Whalen,
Prosper J. Blinn.	Prosper J. Blinn.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Union.	Draper Faction.	Citizens'.
H. Housener,	W. H. Housner,	John Falconer,
Geo. McLean,	A. E. Dater,	J. W. Green,
Wm. Atkinson,	J. H. Hilliard,	Abraham Lent,
Wm. Drummond,	C. J. Holder,	J. McCullough,
J. W. Green,	A. N. Denman,	C. B. Cornell,
G. M. Van Vort,	W. Atkinson.	Wm. Hawks.
Tammany.	**McKeon.**	
John Houghtalain,	John Houghtalin,	
Geo. McGrath,	Isaac G. Seixas,	
Thomas Leary.	Thos. Leary,	
	Ralph Ogle,	
	Daniel Murray,	
	Frederick L. Vulte.	

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Union.	Draper Faction.
Hamlin Babcock,	Moses E. Crasto,
Austin A. Fuller,	Albert E. Bogert,
William Walter Phelps,	Martin Thatcher
John W. Bockhorn,	J. Solis Ritterband,
James W. Welsh.	John W. Bockhorn
	Charles N. Dacker.
Citizens'.	**Tammany.**
Charles N. Decker,	Thomas O. Callahan,
George H. Ross,	William Joyce,
Wm. Walter Phelps,	Valentine Cooke,
Stephen G. Searles,	David Fitzgerald,
John W. Bockhorn,	Patrick Russell,
Brownlee Bensel.	Hugh Reilly.
Mozart.	**Citizens'.**
Thomas O'Callahan,	William McCellar,
William Joyce,	Frank McElroy,
Valentine Cooke,	William Sinclair,
David Fitzgerald,	Thomas O'Callahan,
Patrick Russell,	John U. Gent
Hugh Reilly,	Patrick Horan.

SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

Dist. Union.	Dist. Draper.
1..James B. Dupignac,	1..James D. Dupignac,
2..William Gardner,	2..William Gardner,
3..James Farr,	3..John Deameterl,
4..Robert A. Barry,	4..Robert A. Barry,
6..James M. McLean,	6..James McLean,
7..James Montieth	7..John Wheeler.

Dis. Tammany.	Dis. Mozart.
1..James B. Dupignac,	2..Willet Robbins,
2..John Hayes,	3..Orlando P. Smith,
3..Orlando P. Smith,	4 John F. Turner,
4..John F. Turner,	5..James W. Gerard,
5..James W. Gerard,	6..James M. McLean,
6..James M. McLean,	7..James Monteith.
7..{ Wm. Hitchman, James Monteith.	

Dis. Citizens'.
2..William Gardener,
5..S. Wier Rosevelt,
6..James McLean,
7..John Wheeler.

ANOTHER HORROR.

Midnight Murder in a Cell—Three Colored Women and One Irishwoman in the Sixth Precinct Dungeon—The Irishwoman's Brains Dashed Out.

On Saturday night and Sunday morning, Capt. Jourdan's men arrested and took to the Sixth Precinct Station-house the usual number of drunken and disorderly persons, eleven of whom were taken in between midnight and 2 o'clock in the morning. Among these were Margaret Peters, of No. 19 Baxter-street; Sarah E. Williams, of No. 19 Mulberry-street; Sarah Savocoe, of Baxter-street, corner of Leonard, and Mary Bean, a pauper. The three former are colored, and aged from 18 to 22 years; but the latter was an Irishwoman, aged 92. Neither of the four seemed disposed to be quarrelsome, but all at the time of their examination before Sergeant Kennedy appeared to be grossly intoxicated and harmless; and one by one, as they were taken in by the patrolmen of the precinct, they were sent into a cell for females. Savacoe, however, recovered from her stupor soon after her incarceration, and when, at about 2 o'clock yesterday morning, the aged Irishwoman Bean appeared and became one of her companions, she became enraged, and perceiving that abusive epithets had no effect upon her new cellmate, she resorted to blows, and knocked her to the floor, and beat and kicked her until life had fled. Her companions, meantime, shrieked in vain for aid; but their cries were not heard by the watchman. The officers of the cell were called, and the murderess was removed to another cell and kept until the arrival of Coroner Naumann and a jury. Testimony was then taken as follows:

Margaret Peters, sworn—I was arrested and brought here last evening with Sarah Williams and the prisoner; we were all placed in one cell; afterward deceased was put into the cell with us; the prisoner asked me whether the deceased was white or black; she pulled deceased off the bench on which she was sitting and took the seat herself; deceased said something to the prisoner, when the latter took hold of her head, pulled her back to the floor, and stamped on her head with her feet; she continued to stamp on her five or ten minutes and went away, but attacked her again; I attempted to call the doorman, when she struck me and knocked me against the door; she said if I didn't shut up she would serve me the same way; the doorman came along soon afterward; I called out to him that I believed deceased was dead; he opened the door and came in and examined her; before he came I felt of deceased and found that she was cold.

Sarah E. Williams, another inmate of the cell, was next examined. Her testimony corroborated the statement of the last witness.

Capt. John Jourdan, of the Sixth Precinct, was next called. He said that last night, about half-past eleven o'clock, I ordered Policemen Shehan and Cuddel to bring in the three women present; two of them were quarreling in Park-street, near Mission-place; the prisoner was standing in Baxter-street, near Park, talking to a white man; she afterward came to where I was, and I told her to go about her business; when the officers took away the two women, the prisoner followed them; I afterward saw the prisoner in the cell with the women; she called me, and said that she had done nothing, and asked why she was locked up; at that time there was such a noise in the prison that one could hardly hear one's own voice; I told the doorman to put the quiet prisoners together as far as he could, and the disorderly ones in cells by themselves; this morning, at 6 o'clock, I heard that deceased was dead; I asked the prisoner how she took her life, and she replied that a policeman had hit deceased with a club.

Dr. Wooster Beach, Jr., sworn: I have made a post-mortem examination, and found several deep cuts on the face and scalp; a ruptured blood vessel was found in the cranial cavity; the hemorrhage and consequent compression of the brain were the immediate cause of death.

Other immaterial testimony was taken, when the case was submitted to the jury, and upon their verdict Coroner NAUMANN committed the prisoner, ELIZABETH SAVACOE, to the Tombs, and sent the principal witnesses to the House of Detention.

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—*Part* 1—2803, 2805, 2807, 2809, 2811, 2813, 2815, 2817, 2827, 2829, 2831, 2833, 2835, 2837, 2839, 2841, 2843, 2845, 2849, 2851. *Part* II—Nos. 2514, 684, 1948, 1140, 626, 1994, 2012, 2030, 2046, 1470, 1552, 1560, 998, 2084, 2052, 1242, 828, 916, 520, 1386. *Part* III—2629, 1340, 2680, 2526, 2236, 579, 2691, 1915, 268, 2749, 1867, 3004, 2607, 484, 2715, 2513, 2769, 2611 1901, 1998.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Part* I—4007, 3465, 3809, 3043, 1743, 3199, 2797, 3305, 3453, 56½, 5511, 3449, 3313, 989, 2128, 3301. *Part* II—3312, 3790, 4406, 4014, 4606, 4614, 4616, 848, 636, 4532, 4336, 4348, 2574, 3782, 2274.

COMMON PLEAS—*Part* I—799, 757, 746, 414, 792, 912, 207, 539, 630, 593, 619, 752, 900, 797, 906. *Part* II—537, 259, 623, 490, 381, 688, 638, 194, 642, 581, 310, 687, 439, 209.

THE BORDER PIRATES.

Trial of the Lake Erie Pirates and St. Albans Burglars—The Case of Bennett G. Burleigh—Examination of Witnesses—The Prisoners Fully Identified—The Case Adjourned till Wednesday Next.

From the Toronto Globe.

The case of Bennett G. Burleigh came up before the Recorder in the Court-house yesterday morning, at ten o'clock. The examination was continued all day, the court room being filled all the time with an interested crowd of listeners.

Mr. Patterson appeared for the Crown, Mr. M. C. Cameron, Q. C., for the defence, and Mr. Alfred Russell, District Attorney, for the Eastern District of the State of Michigan, appeared on behalf of the United States Government.

We give the evidence, taken in full, by which it will be seen that the prisoner was clearly identified. The following is the evidence:

Walter O. Ashley, sworn and examined by Mr. Russell, said: I am a resident in the city of Detroit, Michigan; I am a citizen of the United States; in September last I was clerk of the steamer *Philo Parsons*; the vessel was then owned by Walter O. Ashley, Simon Fox, Peter Fox, Henry G. Fox and Geo. L. Caldwell, all citizens of the United States; the same parties own the vessel still; the vessel was in September plying between Detroit and Sandusky; she touched at Amherstburgh regularly, and at other Canadian ports occasionally; the vessel was registered in and hailed from the port of Sandusky.

Mr. Cameron objected to proving anything regarding the vessel in such a manner. Why were not the papers produced?

Mr. Russell—I will account for that by asking the witness a question. Witness, why were not the vessel's papers produced?

Witness—Because they were captured from the boat; they were taken by the persons who captured the steamer; a person calling himself Capt. Bell took them; the tonnage of the vessel was 220 tons burden, Custom-house measurement; our vessel was a passenger-boat; I know the prisoner; I first saw him on the 18th day of September, 1864, about 6 o'clock in the afternoon, on board the steamer *Philo Parsons*, then lying at Trowbridge, Chip & Rowe's dock, in the city of Detroit; I was alone in the cabin of the steamer when the prisoner came in in a careless easy manner, and, with the address of a gentleman, inquired for Mr. Ashley; I said my name was Ashley; he then said: "I intend to go down with you in the morning;" I think he said to Sandusky; he said three friends of his were going with him, and requested that the boat would stop at Sandwich and take them on; I remarked that it was not customary for the boat to stop at Sandwich, and he said it would be more convenient for them to get on there than to come up to Detroit, and asked me as a personal favor to call for them at Sandwich; I told him if he would come with me in the morning by the boat from Detroit, I would agree to call for his friends, if he was sure they would be ready to go with us; he then went away; next morning, Sept. 19, the boat left Detroit at eight o'clock for Sandusky, with freight and passengers; just as she was swinging away from the dock, the prisoner came up and asked me if I remembered him requesting me to call at Sandwich for his friends; I said I did, and then gave Capt. Atwood orders to call for them, which was done, and the persons were taken on; Atwood is Captain of the boat; his full name is Sylvester F. Atwood; there were three persons at Sandwich who got on; they had no luggage; they had tickets for Sandusky; they were well dressed in Canadian citizen's dress, and were all very gentlemanly in appearance; the prisoner said he and his friends were taking a little pleasure trip and would probably stop at Kelly's Island, about which place they made some enquiries; I had considerable conversation with them during the day, and found them social and pleasant; on arriving at Amherstburgh, about twenty men came on board; they were roughly dressed; they paid their fare for Sandusky; we had for about a month previous been in the habit of taking on such parties, composed principally of men who had run away from the draft and were then returning home; the only luggage the parties brought with them was one very old trunk, tied up with cord; it was carried on board by two of the roughest-looking subjects of the party; it was placed in front of the luggage-room, and there remained all day, no one paying any attention to it; it usually takes about nine hours to run from Detroit to Sandusky; that day we would have reached Sandusky at about half-past five if the vessel had not been captured; the prisoner and most of the others took dinner; the prisoner did not speak to any of the party that got on at Amherstburgh; he was very intimate with the persons who got on at Sandwich; we reached Kelly's Island about half-past three; Kelly's Island is in the State of Ohio; it is five miles from the American shore, and is in Lake Erie; in going from the Island to Sandusky we sail nearly south; shortly after leaving Kelly's Island an event took place; there was about eighty passengers on board, some thirty or forty of whom were ladies; I was standing on the main deck in front of my office when three men came up to me, and presenting revolvers at me, said if I offered any resistance, I was a dead man; the passengers at this time were nearly all in the upper cabin; two of these men belonged to the Sandwich party, and the other might have been one of the Amherstburgh party—I am not certain about him; just as the men were at me the prisoner came from forward aft, followed by the whole gang, numbering about thirty; prisoner had a revolver in his hand, and he levelled it at me, and told me to get into that cabin, meaning the ladies' cabin, or he would shoot me; he then commenced to count "One, two three;" by that time I was probably inside the door. (Loud laughter.) From the cabin I observed the whole party gathered around the old trunk; the cords were cut, the lid taken off, and the whole party armed themselves with revolvers from the trunk; most of them had two revolvers each, and a belt around their waist with a revolver in it; some of them carried a hatchet; the revolvers were large; two men were without to guard the doorway where I was standing; the prisoner then with an axe which he found on the boat smashed the luggage-room door open; I do not know for what purpose; I saw nothing taken out of the room; he then went forward and smashed the saloon door in the same manner; he next smashed a trotting sulky, and it was thrown overboard; he had charge of the main deck, and for about an hour took charge of the vessel; after smashing the sulky he took general charge of everything, and ordered the freight to be thrown overboard; the freight consisted of thirty tons of pig iron; I saw them commence to throw the iron overboard; just then I asked the two men who were guarding me, what they intended doing, and they said they were going to capture the U. S. steamer *Michigan*; I asked them what they were going to do with our boat, and they said that, in all probability, after they were through with her, we would get her again; I said I thought it was useless to throw the iron overboard, and they said they thought so too, "but," said one of them, pointing to the prisoner "that man is in charge;" I requested them to allow me to go out on deck, as I wanted to speak to the prisoner; I was allowed to go under guard, and went to the prisoner, who was forward in charge of the men who were throwing the iron overboard under his orders; I asked him why he was throwing the freight overboard, and he said that was none of my business, and ordered the two men who had charge of me to take me aft and watch me; I was then taken aft and kept there; I did not see the prisoner again for some time; about an hour and a half after the capture of the boat a messenger came and said some ladies in the cabin wished to see me; I was allowed to go there and saw the prisoner ordering men to get the small boats ready to "lower away;" I next saw the prisoner after the boat had reached Middle Bass Island, near Kelly's Island; the boat's crew had been changed; Middle Bass Island is in the State of Ohio; I next saw the prisoner a short time after the seizure of the *Island Queen*; the passengers of the *Island Queen* were put in the cabin of the *Philo Parsons* and guarded; the male passengers were then taken and placed in the hold of the *Parsons*; the prisoner placed himself near the doorway leading to the main deck, and said, "March your prisoners down and put them into the hold three at a time;" under his superintendence this was done, and all the male passengers of both boats were thus placed in the hold of the *Philo Parsons*; just after this I was allowed to go into my office; there were two ladies and a young man from Sandusky there; I had been there but a short time when the person called Capt. Bell came to the door; the prisoner is not Captain Bell; Captain Bell said, "Ladies, you will have to leave and go ashore as we are going to use this boat;" he also told the young man to go; to me he said, "you, too, can go after I get through with you;" the ladies and the young man left, and Bell said to me, "I want you in the office;" I went with Bell, and the prisoner came with us; I stood at my desk with one of the men on each side of me; I requested to be allowed to take the boat's books; they said I should not take them; I then said I had some private notes in an envelope, to the amount of about $2,000, and the prisoner said, "let me see them;" he looked at them, said he could not collect them, and then gave them to me; Bell then said, "We want your money;" they had their revolvers drawn at the time; I do not think the revolvers were pointed at my head at this time; I was in bodily fear, but considered that my life was not in danger so long as I did according to their bidding; I opened the money drawer, in which there was but little money; the prisoner then said, "You have more money, and let us have it;" I put my hand into my vest pocket and took out a roll of bills and laid it on the desk; Bell took part of it and the prisoner took the rest; they also took the money out of the drawer; the whole amounted to about ninety or one hundred dollars; there were three or four dollars in silver; they carried the money away; there was a twenty dollar promissory note in the roll of bills, issued by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States; it was one of what is commonly known as "greenbacks," and was then in use as lawful current money of the United States; its legal value was $20; it was the property of the owners of the boat, of whom I am one; the prisoner took the money against my will; directly after the money was taken I was put ashore; I wanted to take the books, but they said I should not take a thing belonging to the boat; the boat at this time was lying at Middle Bass Island; the prisoner and Bell escorted me ashore; the boat then went away toward Sandusky with the *Island Queen* alongside; the boats remained in sight about half an hour; it was about nine o'clock when they left Middle Bass Island; when they were about a mile and a half out, the *Island Queen* was allowed to drift away; I state positively that the prisoner is the man, who, in company of Bell, took the money.

De Witt Clinton Nicols, sworn, said: I live at Middle Bass Island, in Ohio; am mate on steamer *Philo Parsons*; she ran from Detroit to Sandusky; she is an American vessel; I know all her owners; she hails from North Bass Island, and is registered in Sandusky; I remember the 19th of September, 1864; I can't say how many got on at Detroit; four persons came on at Sandwich, and 20 or 25 at Amherstburgh; I remember a trunk being taken on at Amherstburgh; we then went on, touched at North Bass Island, and then went to South Bass Island, and afterward to Kelly's Island; it was nearly 4 o'clock when we got to Kelly's Island; about a mile from that place I was in the pilot house, when a man came up and said: "I am a Confederate officer; I seize this boat and take you prisoner; submit to what I demand, or if not there (showing a revolver) are the tools to make you;" I submitted, and did as I was told; I think this man came on board at Amherstburgh; he appeared to be a leader and represented himself as Capt. Bell; on going back to Middle Bass Island the steamer *Island Queen* was there, and the party on the *Parsons* seized her, took her passengers and put them in the hold; the prisoner was a leading man in that party;

Alfred Russell sworn, said—I reside in Detroit; I am attorney for the United States for the eastern district of the State of Michigan; I am an attorney and counsel in the Supreme Court of the United States, and attorney in the Supreme Court of the State of Michigan; I am aware that a warrant was issued on Monday last against the prisoner by William D. Wilkins, Esq., United States Commissioner, for the crime for which he is therein charged; the certificate now in my hand is in his handwriting; I have seen the original of the depositions now put in; these I know to be true copies; the offence with which the prisoner is charged is created by the municipal laws of the United States and is treasonable there.

After a lengthened conversation on the United States law, between Mr. Cameron and Mr. Russell, the latter resumed his seat.

The depositions were then put in by Mr. Patterson.

Mr. Cameron objected, but stated that he would give his reason on another occasion.

Mr. Russell said there was no further evidence for the prosecution.

Mr. Cameron said he intended calling evidence for the defence if it were deemed necessary, which evidence would put the matter in a different light.

Mr. Patterson said he did not think Mr. Cameron could do so.

Mr. Cameron said he would not discuss the question at present.

His Worship said he intended to adjourn the case now without further argument.

Mr. Cameron asked for an adjournment till Monday.

Mr. Patterson wanted the case to be resumed on Friday (to-day.)

Mr. Cameron said the St. Alban's raiders had received a month's adjournment, and surely in this case the prisoner should be granted a few days.

The case was then adjourned till Wednesday next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

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Passengers Arrived.

In steamship North Star, from Aspinwall—Hon. M. S. Latham, L. Schwalbacher, W. D. Powell, wife, infant and servant, J. H. Reddington, wife, Miss Reddington, Judge S. J. Field, wife and servant, G. C. Gorham, C. R. Meigs, S. C. Powell, Miss C. Swaine, S. F. Tufts, wife and infant, P. Ritchings, wife and daughter, G. Gosta, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Baine, J. M. Patten, A. Levy, Mrs. P. H. Howlett and two children, M. L. Frank, Miss A. M. Jacquelin, J. A. Robinson, Daniel Thompson, S. Munsen, B. Price, H. Davis, James Roach, A. M. Crane, B. Lehman, Hon. Sam. Purdy, J. V. Howard, J. E. Isaacs, J. H. Moses, Dr. C. L. Czapkay and servant, R. M. Blakmon, Hon. W. W. Cope, S. B. Dunham and wife, S. Andrews, Mrs. F. McConnell, F. Valentine, S. A. Peyser, Thos. Brown, Rev. G. W. Dean, W. H. Wallace, Mrs. F. Sheolbred, D. Jarvis, Jr., Capt. Bissell, U. S. N., P. W. Groot, W. S. W. McKenzie, M. O'Sullivan, T. McArthy, D. Kerney, H. Kellog, J. B. P. Piatte, L. M. Mumper, Louis Badaіner, R. J. Votie, J. B. Lecount, J. A. Gonassen, J. Horn, J. D. Dunham, J. B. Jones, B. F. Frowher, Miss C. Conroy, H. Wilson, J. Urquhart, J. B. Webber, Thos. Plummer, J. Davis, M. W. Cole, F. Seitier, R. S. Thurston, wife and infant, L. Bashford, A. Fraise, J. B. Northcut, and 89 in the steerage.

DEC. 4—*In steamship Edinburgh, from Liverpool*—Mr. Bailey, Capt. Chapman, Capt. Whitman, lady and son, M. O'Connor, F. Haywood and lady, Mr. Haywood, Mr. Peigsten, Mr. Roberts, J. Brooks, G. Siggers and 2 children, S. Siggers, Capt. Stanley, F. Banman and lady, Mrs. Pugh and son, L. Delneux, S. S. Thorp, Mr. Thorp, H. K. Porter, Mr. Howard, lady and child, Baron of Mechaw, H. Stephens, G. Stephens, Miss De Gouch, Mary De Gouch, Miss Long, Miss Pascol, Miss Dupuny, Miss C. Dupuny, Mr. Turner, lady and daughter, G. Veitch, W. Shangnessy, Paul Bamays, Lieut. Lindsay, Wm. McCance, Mrs. Forestier, and 482 in steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises.... 7 09 | Sun sets.... 4 33 | Moon sets..11 42
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook..11 48 | Gov.Island..12 37 | Hell Gate.. 1 [illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....SUNDAY, Dec. 4.

Arrived.

Steamship Edinburgh, (Br.,) Roskell, Liverpool 16th and Queenstown 17th ult., with mdse. and 527 passengers to John G. Dale. Had strong westerly gales the entire passage.

Steamship North Star, Jones, Aspinwall Nov. 18, with the California mails, passengers and treasure to D. B. Allen.

Steamer Perit, Delano, New-Haven.

Ship Ashburton, Bradish, Liverpool 44 ds., with coal coal to C. Grinnell.

Bark Edith, (of London,) Sidney, Pedang Aug. [illegible] passed Cape of Good Hope Oct. 5, St. Helena Oct. [illegible] with coffee to order.

Bark Adelaide, (of Portland,) Prince, Pensacola 12 ds. in ballast to Walsh & Carver. Had some very heavy weather in the Gulf.

Bark Ibis, Hatch, Leghorn 68 ds., passed Gibraltar Oct. 14, with mdse. to Tupper & Beattie.

Bark Blanche Marie, (Brem.,) Hasloop, Boston 4 ds., in ballast to Ruger Bros.

Brig Palma, (of Pernambuco,) Rogers, Pernambuco [illegible] ds., with cotton, hides, etc., to H. H. Swift & Co. Dec. 3, lat. 39 15, lon. 73 20, saw a U. S. steamer standing S. The bark John Gilpin sailed Oct. 29 for Cape of Good Hope.

Brig L. W. Eaton, (of Cornwallis, N. S.,) Nason, Montego Bay, Jam., 20 ds., with logwood, etc., to D. R. De Wolff.

Brig Thomas A. Darrell, Thompson, Bangor 10 ds., with lumber to master.

Brig Neva, (of East Machias,) Talbot, St. Martin's 16 ds., with salt to Simpson & Clapp.

Brig James T. Abbott, (of Turks Island,) Hathorn, Grand Turk, T. I., 24 ds., with salt, cotton, etc., to A. Baiz & Co.

Brig Emma Dean, (of Nassau, N. P.,) Mount, Matamoras 16 ds., with cotton to Smith & Dunning.

Brig Emma, (Han.,) Steehman, Rotterdam 38 ds., with mdse. to Ruger Bros.

Brig J. W. Johnson, (of Liverpool, N. S.,) Foster, Barbados 19 ds., with molasses to T. T. Dwight.

Brig Arab, (of Gibraltar,) Bianna, Malaga 48 ds., with fruit to Giro & Francia.

Brig Juliet C. Clark, Brown, St Martin's 16 ds., with salt, molasses, etc., to Simpson & Clapp.

Brig Humboldt, ——, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Atalanta, (of Demarara,) Caster, Demarara 22 ds., with old iron to Jones & Lough. Nov. 26, off Bermuda, in a heavy N. E. gale, was obliged to throw overboard to ease the vessel. Left no vessels.

Schr. Col. Lester, Perry, Port Morris, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Wm. H. Rowe, Harris, Providence, for Philadelphia.

WIND—Sunset, W.

Sailed.

3d—Ship John Bright.

Bark Gazelle.

4th—Steamers El Cid, City of Richmond, Caroline, Liberty.

Ships Ellen S. Terry, Advance.

Barks Oldenburg, Sepherinas, Winthrop, Montezuma.

Brigs Handy, Kennebec, Mary McRae, Reporter, Grand Frederick, Henrietta, Nathaniel Sims, T. H. A. Pitt, Julia, Jeannette, Rouline, Carl Johan, H. C. Brooks, Alfaretta, Springbok.

Schooners E. L. Baylis, Helen Mar, J. M. Baylis, W. P. Phillips, Caroline, Rhode Island, Albert Thomas, Henry Finch, Alice E. Hicks, D. S. Miller, H. Brewster, Ivins, Palma, Rebecca, Sarah Louisa, J. A. Dailey, R. Knight, Wave, W. E. Leggett, Jas. Lawrence, O. Ames, Cornelius, John Walker.

Miscellaneous.

RETURNED.—Bremen steamship Bremen, Meier, hence 3d inst. for Southampton and Bremen, returned in consequence of having broken off one of the flanges of her screw.

Domestic Ports.

BOSTON, Dec. 4.—Arr. steamer Franconia, from Halifax; brig Gilbert, from Goree.

Spoken, &c.

Caroline—brig, strg. S., was passed Dec. 1, lat. 36 40, lon. 73 20.

Jeremiah—brig, from Portland for Sagua, Nov. 25, lat. 38, lon. 70.

Race Horse—Br. schr., hence for Barbados, Dec. 2, lat. 37, lon. 73 20.

Swallow—schr., of Nassau, hence, bound S., 7 ds. out, Nov. 29, lat. 34 20, lon. 70 30.

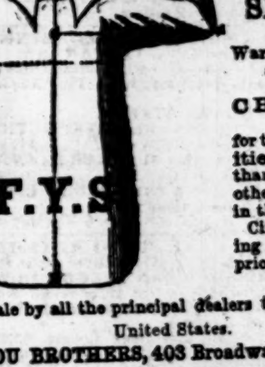
Foreign Ports.

At St. Martin's, Nov. 18, brigs Alice, for Boston in 3 days; Bloomer, for do. in 4 days.

At Montego Bay, Jam., Nov. 14, brig Trio, for New-York in a few days.

At Pernambuco, Nov. 6, bark Wm. M. Dodge, from New-York, arr. Oct. 24.

THOMAS R. AGNEW,
Corner of Greenwich and Murray sts.,
who is famed for selling Teas, Coffee, Flour, Fish, and all kinds of Groceries and Provisions, cheaper than any other dealer in the city, has reduced the prices of all his goods for the holidays, so that everybody can now get bargains. Just received, 1,000 assorted packages Mackerel, Nos. 1 and 2, from ¼ to a barrel.



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WANTED—A MIDDLE-AGED EXPERIENCED nurse for a baby 11 months old, about to be weaned; must have the best of recommendations, be sober and faithful; no others need apply. Inquire at No. 1 Brevoort-place, (10th-st.,) one door west of Broadway.